III SEMESTER

		Semeste	r: III	
		Discrete Mathematical Str	uctures and Probability	
Cou	rse Code:	MVJ21MA31B	CIE Marks:50	
Credits:		L:T:P:S:3:2:0:0	SEE Marks: 50	
Hours:		30L+20T	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs	
Cou	rse Learning	Objectives: The students will be a	ble to	
1	Prepare for a background in abstraction, notation, and critical thinking for the mathematics most directly related to computer science.			
2	² Understand and apply mathematical induction, combinatorics, discrete probability, sequence and recurrence, elementary number theory.			
3	Understand and apply probability distribution, sampling theory and joint probability distributions.			

UNIT-I	
Properties of the Integers: Mathematical Induction.	10 Hrs
Principles of Counting: Fundamental Principles of Counting, The Rules of Sum and	
Product, Permutations, Combinations - The Binomial and Multinomial Theorem,	
Combinations with Repetition.	
Self-Study Topic: The Well Ordering Principle.	
Video Link:	
1. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111</u>	
UNIT-II	1
The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion: The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion,	10 Hrs
Generalizations of the Principle. Derangements - Nothing is in its Right Place, Rook	
Polynomials.	
Recurrence Relations: First Order Linear Recurrence Relation, The Second Order Linear	
Homogeneous Recurrence Relation with Constant Coefficients.	
Self-Study Topic: Non-Homogeneous Recurrence Relation	
Video Link:	
1. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111</u>	
UNIT-III	1
Relations: Cartesian Products, Relations, Properties of Relations, Equivalence Relations 10	0 Hrs
Zero-One Matrices and Directed Graphs, Partial Orders – Hasse Diagrams and extreme	

elements.	
Functions: Plain and One to One, Onto Functions. The Pigeon-hole Principle, Function	
Composition, and Inverse Functions.	
Self-Study Topic: Lattice	
Video Link:	
1. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111</u>	
UNIT-IV	
Probability Distributions: Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability	10 Hrs
mass/density functions. Binomial distribution, Poisson distribution. Exponential and	
normal distributions, problems.	
Joint probability distribution: Joint Probability distribution for two discrete random	
variables, expectation, covariance, correlation coefficient.	
Self-Study Topic: Continuous Joint Probability Distribution.	
Video Link:	
1. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111</u>	
UNIT-V	
Sampling Theory: Sampling, Sampling distributions, standard error, test of hypothesis	10 Hrs
for means and proportions, confidence limits for means, student's t-distributionand Chi-	
square distribution.	
Coding Theory: Coding of binary information and error detection.	
Self-Study Topic: Decoding and error detection.	
Video Link:	
1. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111</u>	

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to				
CO1	Demonstrate the application of discrete structures in different fields of computer				
	Science.				
CO2	Solve problems using recurrence relations and generating functions.				
CO3	Solving logical problem using concepts of relations and functions.				
CO4	Develop probability distribution of discrete, continuous random variables and joint probability				
	distribution occurring in digital signal processing, information theory and				
	Design engineering.				
CO5	Demonstrate testing of hypothesis of sampling distributions.				

Refe	erence Books					
1.	Ralph P. Grimaldi: Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics, 5th Edition, Pearson					
	Education.2004.					
2.	B.S. Grewal, "Higher Engineering Mathematics" Khanna Publishers, 43 rd Edition, 2013.					
3.	Ramana B. V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 2006.					
4.	Kenneth H. Rosen: Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, 6thEdition,					
	McGraw Hill, 2007					

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CO2	2	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CO3	2	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CO4	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CO5	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

	Semester: III					
	OBJECT ORIENTED P	ROGRAMMING				
Cou	rse Code: MVJ21AI32	CIE Marks:100				
Cre	Credits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 SEE Marks: 100					
Hou	Hours: 40L+26T SEE Duration: 3 Hrs					
Cou	Course Learning Objectives: The students will be able to					
1	Identify the need for Java - an object oriented language. Set up Java JDK environment to create,					
	debug and run simple Java programs.					
2	Illustrate the use of classes and distinguish the usage of different types of Inheritance and					
2	constructors in real world.					
3	Demonstrate the use of exceptions and to create multi-threaded programs					
4	Illustrate the use of Collections with elements in Java program.					
5	Develop Java Application using JDBC connectivity.					

UNIT-I			
Prerequisites : Basic Knowledge about C or C++	10 Hrs		
Introduction to Object Oriented Concepts and Java: Java's Magic: the Byte code;			
Java Development Kit (JDK); The Java Buzz words, Object Oriented Programming - Two			
Paradigms, Abstraction, The Three OOP Principles and its advantages, Simple Java			
programs. Data types, variables and arrays, Operators, Control Statements.			
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:			
A professor in college will allow a student to be excused from the final exam if either of			
the following is true:			
• They have a 90% average or higher in the class and have missed 3 or less class lectures.			
• They have a 80% average or higher in the class and have not missed any class lectures.			
The program below will determine whether a student can get out of the exam or not.			
Rewrite the program so only one if statement is used.			
Applications: Arrays in mathematical vectors, matrices.			
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):			
• Differences between JVM vs JRE vs JDK in Java:			
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5Bp6GLU6HKE			
UNIT-II	1		
Classes, Inheritance, Packages and Interfaces: Classes fundamentals; Declaring	10 Hrs		
objects; Assigning object reference variables; Introducing Methods, Constructors, this			

The Collection Interfaces, The Collection Classes, Accessing a collection Via an Iterator,	101113
UNIT-IV The collections and Framework: Collections Overview, Recent Changes to Collections,	10 Hrs
Initial information in the second	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
pplications: Multithreads in Browsers, Servers	
olution for this multi-process synchronization problem.	
onsumer won't try to remove data from an empty buffer. Write a java code to get the	
Take sure that the producer won't try to add data into the buffer if it's full and that the	
onsuming the data (i.e. removing it from the buffer), one piece at a time.	
p generate data, put it into the buffer, and start again.At the same time, the consumer is	
onsumer, which share a common, fixed-size buffer used as a queue. The producer's job is	
he Producer-Consumer problem describes two processes, the producer and the	
aboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
nterThread Communication - Bounded buffer problem.	
reating multiple threads, Using is Alive() and join(), Thread priorities, Synchronization;	
fulti-Threaded Programming: The java thread model, Main thread, Creating Thread,	
rogramming Examples.	
lauses, Nested try statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's built-in exceptions,	
undamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try catch, Multiple catch	
Exception Handling and Multi-Threaded Programming: Exception Handling	10 Hrs
UNIT-III	
ypes of Inheritance: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZP27c7i5zpg</u>	
ideo link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
Applications: Inheritance in Banking Sectors	
• 1-liter bucket costs \$4 and covers 300 square feet.	
• 5-liter bucket costs \$15 each and covers 1500 square feet.	
ollowing size buckets of paint.	
eiling but not the floor. There are no windows or skylights. You can purchase the	
ength and width of the room. The room is rectangular. You must paint the walls and the	
ptimal number of cans to purchase. You need to ask the height of the room and the	
Vrite a program that calculates the number of buckets of paint to use for a room and the	
aboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
evel hierarchy, when constructors are called, method overriding, using abstract classes. ackages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces.	

r	
Storing User Defined Classes in Collections.	
Java Lambda expressions: Java Lambda expressions, Using Java Lambda expressions,	
Lambda expression vs method in java, Lambda expression in the array list.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
Write a Java program to iterate through all elements in a array list.	
Write a Java program to create a new array list, add some colors (string) and print out the	
collection	
Applications: Elements in group	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q_9vV3H-dt4	
UNIT-V	
JDBC: The Concept of JDBC; JDBC Driver Types; JDBC Packages; A Brief Overview	10 Hrs
of the JDBC process; Database Connection; Associating the JDBC/ODBC Bridge with	
the Database; Statement Objects; Result Set; Transaction Processing; Metadata, Data	
types; Exceptions.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
Develop Student Management System application with swings as the front end and	
database as the back end using JDBC connectivity.	
Applications: Scientific Applications, Financial Applications	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to				
CO1	Illustrate the Object Oriented Programming concepts and basic characteristics of Java.				
CO2	Demonstrate the principles of classes, inheritance, packages and interfaces.				
CO3	Experiment with exception handling Mechanisms and Create multi-threaded programs.				
CO4	Interpret the need for advanced Java concepts like collections in developing modular and				
	efficient programs.				
CO5	Develop an application with Database using JDBC connectivity.				

Ref	Reference Books				
1.	Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7 /9th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.				
2.	Jim Keogh: J2EE-The Complete Reference, McGraw Hill, 2007.				
3.	Effective Java, Third Edition, Joshua Bloch, Addison-Wesley Professional,2017				
4.	Richard Warburton, Java 8 Lambdas: Pragmatic Functional Programming Kindle Edition.				

Theory for 50 Marks

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Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

						CO-P	O/PSO	Mapp	ing					
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	-
CO2	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	-
CO3	3	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	2	2	2	-	3	2	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	2	3	2	-	3	2	3

	Seme	ster: III
	OPERATIN	NG SYSTEMS
Cou	rse Code: MVJ21AI33	CIE Marks:100
Cre	dits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0	SEE Marks: 100
Hou	ırs: 40L+26T	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students will	be able to
1	Introduce concepts and terminology used in	OS.
2	Explain threading and multithreaded system	15.
3	Illustrate process synchronization and conce	ept of Deadlock.
1	Introduce Memory and Virtual memory man	nagement, File system and storage techniqu

UNIT-I					
Introduction: What operating systems do; Computer System organization;	8 Hrs				
Computer System architecture; Operating System operations; Distributed system;					
Special-purpose systems; Computing environments. Operating System Services;					
User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System					
programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System					
structure; Virtual machines; System boot.					
Process Management: Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on					
processes; Inter process communication.					
UNIT-II					
Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread	8 Hrs				
Libraries; Threading issues. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling					
Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Multiple-processor scheduling; Thread					
scheduling.					
Process Synchronization: Synchronization: The critical section problem;					
Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems					
of synchronization; Monitors.					
UNIT-III	<u> </u>				
Deadlocks : Deadlocks; System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling	8 Hrs				
deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery					
from deadlock.					

Memory Management: Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping;	
Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation	
UNIT-IV	
Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page	8 Hrs
replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing.	
File System, Implementation of File System: File system: File concept; Access	
methods; Directory structure; File system mounting; File sharing;	
Implementing File system: File system structure; File system implementation; Directory	
mplementation; Allocation methods; Free space management.	
UNIT-V	
Mass Storage Structure-Disk Structure-Disk Attachment-Disk Scheduling-Disk	8 Hrs
Management- Swap-Space Management.	
Protection: Domain of protection, Access matrix, Implementation of access matrix,	
Access control, Revocation of access rights, Capability- Based systems.	
Case Studies: Windows, Unix, Linux, Android.	

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to					
CO1	Illustrate the fundamental concepts of operating systems					
CO2	Compare and illustrate various process scheduling algorithms.					
CO3	Ability to recognize and resolve Deadlock problems, Memory Management techniques.					
CO4	Apply appropriate memory and file management schemes.					
CO5	Appreciate the need of access control and protection in Operating System and illustrate various					
	disk scheduling algorithms.					

Ref	erence Books							
1.	Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Concepts 7th							
	edition,Wiley-India, 2006							
2.	D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw-Hill, 2013.							
3.	Tanenbaum, A., "Modern Operating Systems", Prentice-Hall of India. 2004							
4.	P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition							

Theory for 50 Marks

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Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

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	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
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CO1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO2	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
CO4	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
CO5	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-

	Semeste	er: III			
	DATA STRUCTURES AND	APPLICATIONS & LAB			
Cou	rse Code: MVJ21AI34	CIE Marks:50+50			
Cre	dits: L:T:P: 3:0:1	SEE Marks: 50 +50			
Hou	urs:40 L+ 26 P	SEE Duration: 03+03 Hours			
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students will be	e able to			
1	Identify the importance of data structures & memory allocation.				
2	Perform operations on stacks and queues and its applications.				
3	Apply the operations of linked list, Trees & G	raphs in various applications.			
4	Apply searching and sorting operations in real	time applications.			
5	Identify the importance of data structures & m	emory allocation.			

UNIT-I	

Introduction: Data Structures, Classifications (Primitive &Non Primitive), Data structure	10 Hrs
Operations, Review of Arrays, Structures, Self-Referential Structures. Pointers and	
Dynamic Memory Allocation Functions. Representation of Linear Arrays in Memory,	
Dynamically allocated arrays.	
Abstract Data Type, Array Operations: Traversing, inserting, deleting, searching, and	
sorting,	
Array ADT : Multidimensional Arrays, Polynomials and Sparse Matrices.	
Strings: Basic Terminology, Storing, Operations and Pattern Matching algorithms.	
Programming Examples.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
1. Create an array of structure which has the following members Student name,	
Student USN, Marks1, Marks2, Marks3. Allocate memory to store 5 students	
details initially. When a new student details need to be entered or to be deleted in	
this array, dynamically change the array size. Write a program to implement this	
scenario and display the result.	
2. Find the bug for the following code and then Debug it	
<pre>int minval(int *A, int n) {</pre>	
int currmin;	

```
for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
    if (A[i] <currmin)
currmin = A[i];
    return currmin;
   }
3. Compile the following code and debug it.
  #include <stdio.h>
  #include <string.h>
  struct student
  {
   int id;
   char name[30];
   float percentage;
  };
int main()
{
   int i;
   struct student record1 = \{1, "Raju", 90.5\};
   struct student *ptr;
printf("Records of STUDENT1: \n");
printf(" Id is: %d \n", ptr->id);
printf(" Name is: %s \n", ptr->name);
printf(" Percentage is: %f \n\n", ptr->percentage);
    return 0;
```

Real Time Applications: System memory allocation	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106130/	
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105085/	
3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106127/	
4. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/data-structures/arrays-OsBSF	
UNIT-II	
Stacks: Definition, Stack Operations, Stack ADT, Array Representation of Stacks, Stacks	10 Hrs
using Dynamic Arrays, Stack Applications: Polish notation, Infix to postfix conversion,	
evaluation of postfix expression.	
Recursion - GCD, Tower of Hanoi.	
Queues: Definition, Array Representation, Queue Operations, Queue ADT, Circular	
Queues, Circular queues using Dynamic arrays, Dequeues, Priority Queues. Programming	
Examples.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations	
on DEQUEUE of Integers (Array Implementation of Queue with maximum size MAX)	
a. Insert an Element on to DEQUEUE	
b. Delete an Element from DEQUEUE	
c. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on DEQUEUE	
d. Display the status of DEQUEUE	
e. Exit Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations	
Real Time Applications: Game applications, Ticket booking applications (Eg: Train,	
restaurant etc)	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
.https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106130/	
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106102064/	
3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105085/	
l.https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106127/	
UNIT-III	
Linked Lists: Definition, Representation of linked lists in Memory, Memory allocation;	10 Hrs
Garbage Collection. Linked list operations: Traversing, Searching, Insertion, and	
Deletion. Doubly Linked lists, Circular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks	
nd Queues. Applications of Linked lists – Polynomials. Programming Examples	

Hashing: Hash Table organizations, Hashing Functions, Static and Dynamic Hashing.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
1.Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operations on Singly	
Circular Linked List (SCLL) with header nodes	
a. Represent and Evaluate a Polynomial $P(x,y,z) = 6x^2 y^2 z - 4yz^5 + 3x^3 yz + 2xy^5 z - 2xyz^3$	
b. Find the sum of two polynomials $POLY1(x,y,z)$ and $POLY2(x,y,z)$ and store the result	
in POLYSUM(x,y,z) Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the	
above operations	
2. Debug the following code and explain the process	
//Insert a value into an ordered linked list	
void insert(lnode*&curr, int val) {	
if (curr == NULL)	
curr = new lnode(val, NULL);	
else if (lnode->val>val)	
curr = new lnode(val, curr->next);	
else {	
curr = curr->next;	
insert(curr, val);	
}	
}	
Real Time Applications: Music Player, Image Viewer, Web browser, Process	
Management, Mechanical field	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106130/	
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106102064/	
3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105085/	
UNIT-IV	
Trees: Terminology, Binary Trees, Properties of Binary trees, Array and linked	10 Hrs

Depresentation of Dinamy Trees Dinamy Trees Treesenals Incoder restander and	
Representation of Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, preorder;	
Additional Binary tree operations. Threaded binary trees, Binary Search Trees -	
Definition, Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, Searching, Application of Trees-Evaluation of	
Expression, AVL Trees, Splay Trees, B-Tree, Programming Examples	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations	
on AVL Trees	
i) Construct an AVL tree by inserting the following elements in the given order.	
63, 9, 19, 27, 18, 108, 99, 81.	
ii)searching for a node	
iii)Deleting a node	
Real Time Applications: Indexing in databases, Programming Languages, Computer	
chess games, Computer file system, Undo function in text editor, representing city region	
telephone network etc.	
Video link:	
• https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106102064/	
 http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106106127/L50.html 	
• https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ffgg_zmbaxw	
UNIT-V	
Graphs: Definitions, Terminologies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of	10 Hrs
Graphs, Elementary Graph operations, Traversal methods: Breadth First Search and	
Depth First Search, Topological Sort.	
Sorting and Searching: Quick sort, Insertion Sort, Radix sort, Merge Sort, Address	
Calculation Sort.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
Sort a given set of elements using the sorting Method which divides input array in two	

Sort a given set of elements using the sorting Method which divides input array in two halves, calls itself for the two halves and then merges the two sorted halves" and determine the time required to sort the elements. Repeat the experiment for different values of n, the number of elements in the list to be sorted and plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator.

Real Time Applications: Graph Theory, E-Commerce websites, Google Maps, Facebook

Video link:

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hk5rQs7TQ7E&feature=youtu.be
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/

LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS

1. A courier company has number of items to be delivered to its intended customers through its salesman. The salesman visits the following cities to deliver the respective items. Write a C program,

Sl No	Cities	Number of items
1	Agra	25
2	Chennai	50
3	Kolkata	59
4	Mumbai	72
5	Delhi	12

a) To display name of cities where salesman has delivered maximum and minimum number of items

b) To search the number of items to be delivered of a user supplied city.

2. Implement Knuth-Morris- Pratt pattern matching algorithm using C program.

3. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C with the listed operations for the data structure which follows Last In First Out (LIFO) order. (Use Array Implementation of specified DS with maximum size MAX).

a. Push an Element

b. Pop an Element

c. Demonstrate how it can be used to check Palindrome

d. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations

e. Display the status

f. Exit

Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations.

- 4. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for converting an Infix Expression to Postfix Expression. Program should support for both parenthesized and free parenthesized expressions with the operators: +, -, *, /, % (Remainder), ^ (Power) and alphanumeric operands.
- 5. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Ring Buffer of Integers (Use Array Implementation)

a. Insert an Element on to Ring Buffer

- b. Delete an Element from Ring Buffer
- c. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Ring Buffer
- d. Display the status of Ring Buffer

e. Exit

Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

- Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Singly Linked List (SLL) of Student Data with the fields: USN, Name, Programme, Sem, PhNo
 - a. Create a SLL of N Students Data by using front insertion
 - b. Display the status of SLL and count the number of nodes in it
 - c. Perform Insertion / Deletion at End of SLL
 - d. Perform Insertion / Deletion at Front of SLL
 - e. Exit
- Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Doubly Linked List (DLL) of Employee Data with the fields: SSN, Name, Dept, Designation, Sal, PhNo.
 - a. Create a DLL of N Employees Data by using end insertion.
 - b. Display the status of DLL and count the number of nodes in it.
 - c. Perform Insertion and Deletion at End of DLL .
 - d. Perform Insertion and Deletion at Front of DLL .
 - e. Demonstrate how this DLL can be used as Double Ended Queue.

f. Exit

- 8. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven C Program for the following operations on Binary Search Tree (BST) of Integers.
- a) Create a BST of N Integers: 6, 9, 5, 2, 8, 15, 24, 14, 7, 8, 5, 2.
- b) Traverse the BST recursively in inorder, pre order & post order

Search the BST for a given element (KEY) and report the appropriate message

- 9. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operations on Graph(G) of Cities
 - a. Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix.

b. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a digraph using DFS/BFS method

- 10. Develop a C program to sort a given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method. Run the program for varied values of n and show the results of each iteration.
- 11. Given a File of N employee records with a set K of Keys(4-digit) which uniquely determine the records in file F. Assume that file F is maintained in memory by a Hash Table(HT) of m memory locations with L as the set of memory addresses (2- digit) of locations in HT. Let the keys in K and addresses in L are Integers. Design and develop a Program in C that uses Hash function H: K →L as H(K)=K mod m (remainder method), and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to			
CO1	Identify the necessity of data structure and its storage process.			
CO2	Analyse the various operations performed on stack and queues for different applications.			
CO3	Perform various operations on linked list for different applications.			
CO4	Learn Trees and its applications.			
CO5	Analyse the concepts of Graphs, searching, sorting & hashing in real time.			

Ref	erence Books
1.	Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities
	Press, 2014.
2.	Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.
3.	Gilberg & Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2nd Ed, Cengage
	Learning,2014.
4.	Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications,
	2nd Ed, McGraw Hill, 2013

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the self -study are 20 (2 presentations are be held for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and self -studies are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Laboratory- 50 Marks

The laboratory session is held every week as per the time table and the performance of the student is evaluated in every session. The average of the marks over number of weeks is considered for 30 marks. At the end of the semester a test is conducted for 10 marks. The students are encouraged to implement additional innovative experiments in the lab and are awarded 10 marks. Total marks for the laboratory is 50.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks are executed by means of an examination.

The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the complete syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

Laboratory-	50	Marks
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	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
CO2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	1	-
CO3	2	2	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	2	3
CO4	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2	2	-
CO5	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2	2	2

Experiment Conduction with proper results is evaluated for 40 marks and Viva is for 10 marks. Total SEE for laboratory is 50 marks.

	Semester: II	I		
	ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELEC	TRONICS AND LAB		
Cou	rse Code: MVJ21AI35	CIE Marks:50+50		
Cre	dits: L:T:P: 3:0:1	SEE Marks: 50 +50		
Hours:40 L+26P SEE Duration: 03+03 He				
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students will be able	e to		
1	Analyse the working of oscillators and use of regulators.			
2	Make use of simplifying techniques in the design of combinational circuits.			
3	Illustrate combinational and sequential digital	circuits.		
4	Demonstrate the use of flipflops and design reg	gisters and counters.		
5	Design and test Analog-to-Digital and Digital-	to-Analog conversion techniques.		

UNIT-I	
Prerequisites : Basic analog Circuits	8 Hrs
Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect transistor(MOSFET): Structure and I-V	
characteristics, MOSFET as a switch, MOSFET as an amplifier, CMOS and its	
applications.	
Oscillators: Basic working and applications of RC Phase shift oscillator, Wien Bridge	
oscillator, LC oscillator, Colpitt oscillator, Crystal Oscillator.	
Linear Power Supplies: Constituents of a Linear Power Supply, Designing Mains	
Transformer, Linear IC voltage regulators, Regulated Power Supply Parameters.	
UNIT-II	I
Prerequisites: Digital Electronic Fundamentals	8 Hrs
Karnaugh maps: Minimum forms of switching functions, two and three variable	
Karnaugh maps, four variable karnaugh maps, Quine-McClusky Method: determination	
of prime implicants, The prime implicant chart, petricks method, simplification of	
incompletely specified functions, simplification using map-entered variables	
Activity: Writing and Analyzing C program for K-maps.	
UNIT-III	1
Combinational Circuits: Multiplexer, Decoders, Adders, Subtractors, BCD arithmetic,	8 Hrs
carry look ahead adder, serial adder, ALU-Design and popular MSI chips, digital	

comparator, parity checker/generator, code converters, priority encoders, decoders/drivers	
for display devices,	
Activity: Designing a 32-bit ALU	
UNIT-IV	
Flip-Flops and Registers:	8 Hrs
Flip Flops: S-R,J-K,D and T flip flops,Edge-triggered JK FLIP-FLOPs	
Registers: Types of Registers, Serial In - Serial Out, Serial In - Parallel out,	
Parallel In - Serial Out, Parallel In - Parallel Out, Universal Shift Register,	
Applications of Shift Registers.	
Counters: Asynchronous Counters, Decoding Gates, Synchronous Counters,	
Changing the Counter Modulus, Decade Counters, Applications of Counters.	
Activity: Implementing 2 digit counters using seven segment display	
UNIT-V	
D/A Conversion and A/D Conversion:	8 Hrs
Digital to analog converters: weighted resistor/converter, R-2R Ladder D/A	
converter, specifications for D/A converters, examples of D/A converter lCs,	
sample and hold circuit.	
Analog to digital converters: quantization and encoding, parallel comparator	
A/D converter, successive approximation A/D converter, counting A/D converter,	
dual slope A/D converter, A/D converter using voltage to frequency and voltage to	
time conversion, specifications of A/D converters, example of A/D Converter ICs	
Activity: Demonstration of CODEC which houses both ADC and DAC.	
LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS	
1. Study of transistor phase shift oscillator and observe the effect of variation in R & C of	n oscillator
frequency and compare with theoretical value.	
2. Design and test IC 723 voltage regulator	
3. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using Entered Variable Map and	realize the
simplified logic expression using 8:1 multiplexer IC.	
4. Design and implement a faster way3 to add binary numbers using carry look ahead add	ers.
5. a) Realization and implementation of 2-bit comparator using logic gates.	
b) Implementation of 4-bit magnitude comparator using IC 7485.	

6. To design and construct basic flip-flops R-S ,J-K,J-K Master slave flip-flops using gates and verify their truth table

7.	Implementation of SISO,	SIPO, PISO	and PIPO sh	hift registers	using Flip- flops

- 8. Design and implementation of 3-bit synchronous up/down counter
- **9.** Design and implement a ring counter and Johnson counter using 4-bit shift register and demonstrate its working.
- **10.** Design and implement a mod-n (n<8) synchronous up counter using J-K Flip-Flop ICs and demonstrate its working.

11. Design and implement an asynchronous counter using decade counter IC to count up from 0 to n $(n \le 9)$ and demonstrate on 7-segment display (using IC-7447).

12. Design 4 bit r-2r ladder DAC using opamp.

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to				
CO1	Design and analyze analog circuits using transistors, power supply, MOSFETS, regulator IC and opamp.				
CO2	Simplify digital circuits using Karnaugh Map , POS and Quine-McClusky Methods				
CO3	Explain construction and working of data processing circuits				
CO4	Understanding the various types of latches and flip flops and building the registers and counters using flip flops.				
CO5	Explain the basic principles of A/D and D/A conversion circuits and develop the same.				

Ref	Reference Books				
1.	Anil K Maini, Varsha Agarwal, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Wiley, 2012.				
2.	Charles H Roth and Larry L Kinney, Fundamentals of Logic design, Cengage Learning,2019.				
3.	M. Morris Mani, Digital Design, 4th Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008.				
4.	David A. Bell, Electronic Devices and Circuits, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2008				

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Laboratory- 50 Marks

The laboratory session is held every week as per the time table and the performance of the student is evaluated in every session. The average of the marks over number of weeks is considered for 30 marks. At the end of the semester a test is conducted for10 marks. The students are encouraged to implement additional innovative experiments in the lab and are awarded 10 marks. Total marks for the laboratory is 50.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks are executed by means of an examination.

The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

						CO-P	O/PSO	Mappi	ing					
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
CO2	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
CO3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
CO4	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
CO5	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2

	Semest	er: III
	UNIX SHELL PR	
	(The	
Cou	rse Code: MVJ21AEC37	CIE Marks:100
Crea	lits: L:T:P:S:2:0:0:0	SEE Marks: 100
Hou	rs: 40L	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students will b	e able to
	To help the students	to understand
1	effective use of Unix and terminology	concepts, commands
2	Identify, access, and system.	evaluate UNIX file
3	Understand UNIX c semantics.	ommand syntax and
4	Ability to read specifications, scrip	

UNIT-I	
Introduction of UNIX - Introduction,	6 Hrs
History, Architecture, Experience the	
Unix environment, Basic commands ls,	
cat, cal, date, calendar, who, printf, tty,	
sty, uname, passwd, echo, tput, and bc.	
UNIT-II	
UNIX File System- The file, what's in a	6 Hrs
filename? The parent-child	
relationship, pwd, the Home directory,	
absolute pathnames, using absolute	
pathnames for a command, cd, mkdir,	
rmdir, Relative pathnames, The UNIX	
file system.	
UNIT-III	
Basic File Attributes - Is - 1, the -d	6 Hrs

option, File Permissions, chmod, Security and File Permission, users and groups, security level, changing permission, user masks, changing ownership and group, File Attributes, More file attributes: hard link, symbolic link, umask, find.

UNIT-IV

Introduction to the Shell Scripting -6 HrsIntroduction to Shell Scripting, ShellScripts, read, Command LineScripts, read, Command LineArguments, Exit Status of a Command,The Logical Operators && and ||, exit, if,and case conditions, expr, sleep andwait, while, until, for, \$, @, redirection.The here document, set, trap, SampleValidation and Data Entry Scripts.

UNIT-V

Introduction to UNIX System process: ^{6 Hrs} Mechanism of process creation. Parent and child process. The ps command with its options. Executing a command at a specified point of time: at command. Executing a command periodically: cron command and the crontab file Signals.

Course Ou	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to					
CO1	Know the basics of Unix concepts and commands.					
CO2	Evaluate the UNIX file system.					
СОЗ	Apply Changes in file system.					
CO4	Understand scripts and programs.					

CO5 Analyze Facility with UNIX system process

Re	eference Books
1.	Unix Concepts & Applications 4rth
	Edition, Sumitabha Das, Tata McGraw Hill
2.	Unix Shell Programming, Yashwant Kanetkar
З.	Introduction to UNIX by M G Venkatesh
	Murthy

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE): Theory for 50 Marks

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Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part – A and Part – B. Part – A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part – B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

				C)-P	D M	app	ing				
CO	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
/P	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	0	Ο	01	01	01
0	1	2	З	4	5	6	7	8	9	Ο	1	2
CO 1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

		Semester: III				
		Additional Mathema	itics-I			
		(Common to all bran	ches)			
Cou	rse Code:	MVJ21MATDIP1	CIE Marks:50			
Credits:		L:T:P:S: 4:0:0:0	SEE Marks: 50			
Hou	rs:	40L	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs			
Cou	rse Learning Objectiv	es: The students will be able t	0			
1	To familiarize the important and introductory concepts of Differential calculus					
2	Aims to provide essential concepts integral calculus					
3	To gain knowledge of vector differentiation					
4	To learn basic study of probability					
5	Ordinary differential e	equations of first orderand anal	/ze the engineering problems.			

UNIT-I	
Differential calculus: Recapitulation of successive differentiation -nth derivative -Leibnitz	8 Hrs
theorem (without proof) and Problems, Polar curves - angle between the radius vector and	
tangent, angle between two curves, pedal equation, Taylor's and Maclaurin's series	

Video Link:	
1. http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111	
UNIT-II	
IntegralCalculus: Statement of reduction formulae for the integrals of $\sin^{n}(x)$, $\cos^{n}(x)$,	8 Hrs
$\sin^{n}(x)\cos^{n}(n)$ and evaluation of these integrals with standard limits-problems. Double and	
triple integrals-Simple examples.	
Video Link:	
1. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111</u>	
UNIT-III	
Vector Differentiation:	8Hrs
Scalar and Vector point functions, Gradient, Divergence, Curl, Solenoidal and Irrotational vector fields.	
Vector identities - $div(\phi \vec{A})$, $curl(\phi \vec{A})$, $curl(grad(\phi))$, $div(curl \vec{A})$.	
Video Link:	
1. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111</u>	
UNIT-IV	
Probability: Basic terminology, Sample space and events. Axioms of probability. Conditional	8Hrs
probability – illustrative examples. Bayes theorem-examples.	
Video Link:	
1. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111</u>	
UNIT-V	
Ordinary Differential Equations of First Order: Introduction – Formation of differential	8Hrs
equation, solutions of first order and first degree differential equations: variable separable	
form, homogeneous, exact, linear differential equations.	
Video Link:	

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to				
CO1	Apply the knowledge of calculus to solve problems related to polar curves and its applications				
CO2	Apply the concept of integration and variables to evaluate multiple integrals and their usage in				
	computing the area and volumes.				
CO3	Illustrate the applications of multivariate calculus to understand the solenoidal and irrotational				

	vectors and also exhibit the inter dependence of line, surface and volume integrals.
CO4	Understand the basic Concepts of Probability
CO5	Recognize and solve first-order ordinary differential equations occurring in different branches
	of engineering.

Re	Reference Books					
1	B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 43 rd Edition, 2013, .					
2	G. B. Gururajachar, Calculus and Linear Algebra, Academic Excellent Series Publication, 2018-19					
3	Chandrashekar K. S, Engineering Mathematics-I, Sudha Publications, 2010.					

Theory for 50 Marks

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Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO Mapping											
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
CO2	3	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

CO3	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
CO4	2	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
CO5	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

IV SEMESTER

B.E, IV SEMESTER, ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING

Semester: IV								
Operations Research, Numerical and Statistical Methods								
Course Code:MVJ21MA41BCIE Marks:50								
Credits:	L:T:P:S:2:2:0:0	SEE Marks: 50						
Hours:	20L+20T	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs						
Course Learning Objectives: The	students will be able to	1						
The purpose of this course is to make students well conversant with numerical methods to								
solve ordinary differential equations, sampling theory and Operational research emerging in								
science and engineering.	science and engineering.							

UNIT-I	
Numerical Methods-1	8Hrs
Numerical solution of Ordinary Differential Equations of first order and first	
degree: Modified Euler's method, Taylor's series method, Runge-Kutta method of	
fourth order, Predictor and Corrector method: Milne's Method and Adams-	
Bashforth Method.	
Self-Study Topic: Euler's method.	

Video Links:	
http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111	
UNIT-II	<u> </u>
Numerical Methods-2:	8 Hrs
Numerical solution of Ordinary Differential Equations of second order: Runge-	
Kutta method of fourth order, Predictor and Corrector method: Milne's Method	
and Adams Bash forth Method.	
Calculus of Variations: Variation of function and Functional, variational	
problems.	
Euler's equation, Geodesics.	
Self-Study Topic: Hanging Chain Problems.	
Video Links:	
http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111	
UNIT-III	<u> </u>
Operations Research-1	8 Hrs
Introduction to Linear Programming Problem (LPP): Assumptions of LPP,	
Formulation of LPP and Graphical method various examples. The simplex	
method, Big M method and Two-Phase Method.	
Self-Study Topic : Dual simplex method.	
Video Links:	
http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111	
UNIT-IV	1
Operations Research-2	8 Hrs
The transportation problem: Initial Basic Feasible Solution (IBFS) by	
Northwest Corner Rule method, Matrix Minima Method, Vogel's Approximation	
Method, MODI method.	
Game Theory: The formulation of two persons, zero sum games; saddle point,	
maxmin and minmax principle, Solving simple games- a prototype example,	
Games with mixed strategies (ODD's method, Dominance method and Graphical method).	

Self-Study Topic: Matrix method	
Video Links:	
http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111	
UNIT-V	I
Statistical Methods	8 Hrs
Correlation and Regression: Correlation, Regression coefficients, line of	
regression problems.	
Curve fitting: Fitting of the curves of the form $y = ax + b$, $y = ax^2 + bx + c$, $y = a$	
ae^{bx} by the method of least squares.	
are by the method of least squares.	
Self-Study Topic: Fitting of the curves of the form $y = x^{b}$.	
Video Links:	
http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111	

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to						
CO1	Solve first and second order ordinary differential equation arising in flow problems						
COI	using single step numerical methods.						
CO2	Determine the extremals of functional and solve the simple problems of the						
	Calculus of variations.						
CO3	Solve the mathematical formulation of linear programming problem.						
CO4	Solve the applications of transport problems and theory of games.						
	Fit a suitable curve by the method of least squares and determine the lines of						
CO5	regression for a set of statistical data.						

Ref	ference Books						
1.	B.S. Grewal, "Higher Engineering Mathematics" Khanna Publishers, 43 rd Edition, 2013.						
2.	2. S. D. Sharma, "Operations Research", Kedar Nath and Ram NathPublishers,						
	Seventh Revised Edition 2014.						
3.	Erwin Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Wiley-India publishers,						

10thedition, 2014.	
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- 4. Ramana B. V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 2006.
- Bali N. P. & Manish Goyal, "A text book of Engineering Mathematics", Laxmi Publications, 8th Edition

Theory for 50 Marks

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Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three subdivisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

CO-PO	Mapp	ing										
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CO2	3	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO3	3	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CO4	2	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CO5	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

	Semester: IV								
	MICRO CONTROLLER AND EMBEDDED SYSTEMS								
Cou	Course Code: MVJ21AI 42CIE Marks:50+50								
Crec	lits: L:T:P: 3:0:1	5	SEE Marks: 50 +50						
Hou	rs:40 L+ 26 P	5	SEE Duration: 03+03 Hours						
Cou	Course Learning Objectives: The students will be able to								
Explain the fundamentals of ARM based system, basic hardware components									
1	methods and attributes of an ARM Controller.								
2	Program ARM controller using the various instructions.								
3	Explain the fundamentals of Exception, Interrupt Handling and Memory Management Unit of								
5	ARM Controller.								
4	Identify the Embedded System Design applications.								
5	Explain the real time operating system for the embedded system design.								
_									

UNIT-IArm Embedded Systems8 HrsPrerequisites: ARM DESIGN PHILOSOPHY,ARM DATAFLOW MODEL8 HrsMicroprocessors versus Microcontrollers, ARM Embedded Systems: The RISC6 Hrsdesign philosophy, The ARM Design Philosophy, Embedded System Hardware, Embedded System Software.6 Hrs

ARM Processor Fundamentals: Registers, Current Program Status Register, Pipeline,	
Exceptions, Interrupts, and the Vector Table, Core Extensions	
Activity: 1. Comparision of Microprocessor and Microcontroller hardware Model	
2. Comparing the Microprocessor and Microcontroller Software Model	
UNIT-II	
ARM Instruction Set and Programming	8 Hrs
Prerequisites: ARM INSTRUCTION SET, ARM ASSEMBLY PROGRAMMING	
Introduction to the ARM Instruction Set :Data Processing Instructions, Programme	
Instructions, Software Interrupt Instructions, Program Status Register Instructions,	
Coprocessor Instructions, Loading Constants	
ARM programming using Assembly language: Writing Assembly code, Profiling and	
cycle	
counting, instruction scheduling	
Activity: 1. Writing ARM Assembly program for Embedded System Applications	
UNIT-III	1
Interrupt and Memory Management Unit:	8 Hrs
Prerequisites :Interrupt, Exception, Memory Management unit	
Exception, Interrupt Handling :Exception handling, Interrupts, Interrupt handling	
Schemes	
Memory Management Unit : The Memory Hierarchy and Cache Memory, Cache	
Architecture, Cache Policy, Moving from MPU to an MMU, How Virtual Memory	
Works, Details of ARM MMU	
Activity:	
1) Use of External interrupt0 to turn ON/OFF led connected to Pin P1.25 of ARM	
Processor.	
2) Use of Software Interrupt SWI instruction in programming.	
3) Calculating physical memory address from logical address.	
UNIT-IV	
Prerequisites: Embedded systems, Embedded Applications	8 Hrs
Embedded System Components: Embedded Vs General computing system, History of	
embedded systems, Classification of Embedded systems, Major applications areas of	
embedded systems, purpose of embedded systems	
Core of an Embedded System including all types of processor/controller, Memory,	
Sensors, Actuators, LED, 7 segment LED display, stepper motor, Keyboard, Push button	
switch, Communication Interface (on board and external types), Embedded firmware,	
Other system components.	1

UNIT-V	
Prerequisites: Real time operating system	8 Hrs
Real Time Operating System (RTOS) based Embedded System Design:	
Operating System basics, Types of operating systems, Task, process and threads (Only	
POSIX Threads with an example program), Thread pre-emption, Multiprocessing and	
Multitasking, Task Communication (without any program), Task synchronization issues -	
Racing and Deadlock, Concept of Binary and counting semaphores (Mutex example	
without any program), How to choose an RTOS	
Activity:	
Case Study: Automated Meter Reading System (AMR) and Digital Camera, Real	
time concepts	

Cours	se Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Describe the architectural features and instructions of ARM microcontroller
CO2	Develop Assembly Programs in ARM for Embedded applications.
CO3	Describe the fundamentals of Exception, Interrupt Handling and Memory Management Unit of
	ARM Controller
CO4	Interface external devices and I/O with ARM microcontroller.
CO5	Demonstrate the need of real time operating system for embedded system applications

Ref	erence Books
1.	Andrew N Sloss, Dominic Symes and Chris Wright, ARM system developer's guide, Elsevier,
	Morgan Kaufman publishers, 2008.
2.	Shibu K V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", Tata McGraw Hill Education, Private Limited,
	2nd Edition.
3.	Raghunandan.G.H, Microcontroller (ARM) and Embedded System, Cengage learning
	Publication, 2019
4.	The Insider's Guide to the ARM7 Based Microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd., 1st edition, 2005.

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the self -study are 20 (2 presentations are be held for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and self -studies are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Laboratory- 50 Marks

The laboratory session is held every week as per the time table and the performance of the student is evaluated in every session. The average of the marks over number of weeks is considered for 30 marks. At the end of the semester a test is conducted for 10 marks. The students are encouraged to implement additional innovative experiments in the lab and are awarded 10 marks. Total marks for the laboratory is 50.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks are executed by means of an examination.

The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the complete syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

Laboratory- 50 Marks

Experiment Conduction with proper results is evaluated for 40 marks and Viva is for 10 marks. Total SEE for laboratory is 50 marks.

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO2	3	2	1	3	3	2	-	-	2	-	1	-	1	1
CO3	3	2	1	3	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	2	-	-	2	2	2	-	1	2
CO5	3	2	3	3	3	2	-	-	2	2	2	2	1	1

	Semester:	IV							
	COMPUTER ORGANIZATION	AND ARCHITECTURE							
Cou	Course Code: MVJ21AI43 CIE Marks:100								
Cre	Credits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 SEE Marks: 100								
Hours: 40L+26TSEE Duration: 3 Hrs									
Сог	urse Learning Objectives: The students will be a	ble to							
1	Learn the basic structure and operations of a computer.								
2	Learn the arithmetic and logic unit.								
3	Learn the different ways of communication with I/O devices & memories, memory hierarchies, cache memories and virtual memories.								
4	Understand & implement arithmetic process.								
5	Understand the processor and pipelining concept	Understand the processor and pipelining concepts.							
6	Understand parallelism and multi-core processor	'S.							

UNIT-I	
Basic Structure of Computers: Basic Operational Concepts, Bus Structures,	8 Hrs
Performance –Processor Clock, Basic Performance Equation, Clock Rate, Performance	
Measurement.	
Machine Instructions and Programs: Memory Location and Addresses, Memory	
Operations, Instructions and Instruction Sequencing, Addressing Modes, Assembly	

Language, Basic Input and Output Operations, Stacks and Queues, Subroutines,	
Additional Instructions, Encoding of Machine Instructions.	
Arithmetic: Numbers, Arithmetic Operations and Characters, Addition and Subtraction	
of Signed Numbers, Design of Fast Adders, Multiplication of Positive Numbers, Signed	
Operand Multiplication, Fast Multiplication, Integer Division.	
Text book 1: Chapter 1 – 1.1 to 1.9, Chapter 2 – 2.1 to 2.10	
Text book 1: Chapter6 – 6.1 to 6.7	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Study of peripherals, components of a	
Computer System	
Applications: Basic Computer Devices	
Video link : https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105163/	
UNIT-II	
Input/output Organization: Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts – Interrupt Hardware,	8 Hrs
Direct Memory Access, Buses, Interface Circuits, Standard I/O Interfaces - PCI Bus,	
SCSI Bus, USB	
Text book 1: Chapter4 – 4.1 to 4.7	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Design of ALU	
Applications: input /output operations	
$\label{eq:view} Videolink: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RkAE4zE4uSE\&list=PL13FD5F00C21BBC0B\&inder (Nature 100) and the set of t$	
dex=11	
UNIT-III	
Memory: Basic Concepts, Semiconductor RAM Memories, Read Only Memories, Speed,	8 Hrs
Size, and Cost, Cache Memories – Types of cache ,Cache miss management Mapping	
Size, and Cost, Cache Memories – Types of cache ,Cache miss management Mapping Functions, Replacement Algorithms, Performance Considerations,(ARM Cache and	
Functions, Replacement Algorithms, Performance Considerations, (ARM Cache and	
Functions, Replacement Algorithms, Performance Considerations, (ARM Cache and Pentium cache).	
Functions, Replacement Algorithms, Performance Considerations,(ARM Cache and Pentium cache). Text book 1: Chapter5 – 5.1 to 5.4, 5.5	
Functions, Replacement Algorithms, Performance Considerations,(ARM Cache and Pentium cache). Text book 1: Chapter5 – 5.1 to 5.4, 5.5 Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Design of Memory	
Functions, Replacement Algorithms, Performance Considerations,(ARM Cache and Pentium cache). Text book 1: Chapter5 – 5.1 to 5.4, 5.5 Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Design of Memory Applications: Different Types of Memory Video link : https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105163/	
Functions, Replacement Algorithms, Performance Considerations,(ARM Cache and Pentium cache). Text book 1: Chapter5 – 5.1 to 5.4, 5.5 Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Design of Memory Applications: Different Types of Memory Video link : https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105163/ UNIT-IV	8 Hrs
Functions, Replacement Algorithms, Performance Considerations,(ARM Cache and Pentium cache). Text book 1: Chapter5 – 5.1 to 5.4, 5.5 Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Design of Memory Applications: Different Types of Memory Video link : https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105163/ UNIT-IV Processor : A Basic MIPS implementation – Building a Data path – Control	8 Hrs
Functions, Replacement Algorithms, Performance Considerations,(ARM Cache and Pentium cache). Text book 1: Chapter5 – 5.1 to 5.4, 5.5 Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Design of Memory Applications: Different Types of Memory Video link : https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105163/ UNIT-IV Processor : A Basic MIPS implementation – Building a Data path – Control Implementation Scheme –Pipelining – Pipelined data path and control – Handling Data	8 Hrs
Functions, Replacement Algorithms, Performance Considerations,(ARM Cache and Pentium cache). Text book 1: Chapter5 – 5.1 to 5.4, 5.5 Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Design of Memory Applications: Different Types of Memory Video link : https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105163/ UNIT-IV Processor : A Basic MIPS implementation – Building a Data path – Control Implementation Scheme –Pipelining – Pipelined data path and control – Handling Data Hazards & Control Hazards –Exceptions.	8 Hrs
Functions, Replacement Algorithms, Performance Considerations,(ARM Cache and Pentium cache). Text book 1: Chapter5 – 5.1 to 5.4, 5.5 Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Design of Memory Applications: Different Types of Memory Video link : https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105163/ UNIT-IV Processor : A Basic MIPS implementation – Building a Data path – Control Implementation Scheme –Pipelining – Pipelined data path and control – Handling Data Hazards & Control Hazards –Exceptions. Text book 2: Chapter 4.	8 Hrs
Functions, Replacement Algorithms, Performance Considerations,(ARM Cache and Pentium cache). Text book 1: Chapter5 – 5.1 to 5.4, 5.5 Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Design of Memory Applications: Different Types of Memory Video link : https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105163/ UNIT-IV Processor : A Basic MIPS implementation – Building a Data path – Control Implementation Scheme –Pipelining – Pipelined data path and control – Handling Data Hazards & Control Hazards –Exceptions.	8 Hrs

UNIT-V	
Parallelism: Parallel processing challenges –Flynn's classification – SISD, MIMD,	8 Hrs
SIMD, SPMD, and Vector Architectures - Hardware multithreading - Multi-core	
processors and other Shared Memory Multiprocessors - Introduction to Graphics	
Processing Units, Clusters, Warehouse Scale Computers and other Message-Passing	
Multiprocessors.	
Text book 2: Chapter 6.	
Laboratory Sessions : Process Scheduling	
Applications: Grid and Cloud Computing	
Video link: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106102114/	

Cours	se Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Explain the basic organization of a computer system.
CO2	Demonstrate functioning of different sub systems, such as processor, Input/output, and memory.
CO3	Design and analyses simple arithmetic and logical units.
CO4	Illustrate hardwired control and micro programmed control, pipelining, embedded and other Computing systems.
CO5	Design and analyses of simple Parallelism and Multithread.

Refe	erence Books
1.	Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, SafwatZaky, Computer Organization, 5th Edition, Tata
	McGraw Hill, 2002. (Listed topics only from Chapters 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6).
2.	David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessy, Computer Organization and Design: The
	Hardware/Software Interface, Fifth Edition, Morgan Kaufmann / Elsevier, 2014.(Listed topics
	only from Chapters 4and 6).
3.	John P. Hayes, Computer Architecture and Organization, Third Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
4.	John L. Hennessey and David A. Patterson, Computer Architecture – A Quantitative Approachl,
	Morgan Kaufmann / Elsevier Publishers, Fifth Edition, 2012.

Theory for 50 Marks

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Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
CO2	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
CO3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
CO4	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
CO5	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2

	S	semester: IV					
	PYTHON PRO	OGRAMMING AND LAB					
Cou	Course Code: MVJ21AI44 CIE Marks:100						
Cre	Credits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 SEE Marks: 100						
Hou	Hours: 40L+26TSEE Duration: 3 Hrs						
Course Learning Objectives: The students will be able to							
1	Familiarize the students with the fundamentals and programming basics of Python Language						

UNIT-I					
Prerequisites : Knowledge of C Programming is required	8 Hrs				
Introduction to Python: Features of python, Applications of python, Syntax, Comments,					
Indentations, Number types, Variables and Data Types, Operators, conditional statement,					
Loops in Python.					
Python List: Create Python List, Access Python List, Slicing a Python List, slicing and					

dicing, Reassigning a Python List (Mutable), Reassigning the whole Python list, Deleting	
list and elements, Multidimensional Lists, List Operations, Built-in List Functions.	
UNIT-II	
Python Tuple: Create a Python Tuple, Tuples Packing, Tuples Unpacking, Creating a	8 Hrs
tuple with a single item, Access Python Tuple, Slicing a Tuple, Deleting a Python Tuple,	
Reassigning Tuples, Tuple Functions Tuple Operations.	
Python Dictionary: Create a Dictionary, Dictionaries with mixed keys, Access a Python	
Dictionary, Delete Python Dictionary, In-Built Functions on a Python Dictionary, In-Built	
Methods on a Python Dictionary, Dictionary Operations.	
UNIT-III	1
Python Function: User-Defined Functions in Python, Python Built-in Functions, Python	8 Hrs
Lambda Expressions, Recursion Function, Range function.	
Python Method: Introduction to Method,init(), Self Parameter, Functions vs	
Method, Magic Methods	
UNIT-IV	I
Python Class: Introduction to Python Class, Defining a Python Class, Accessing Python	8 Hrs
Class Members Python Object Attributes Belonging to Python Class, Delete Python	
Class, Attribute, Inheritance, Multiple inheritance.	
UNIT-V	1
File Handling In Python: Read and Write File, Open File, Close File, File Methods,	8 Hrs
Data Base connections.	

LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Write a Python program to encrypt the text using Caesar Cipher technique. Display the encrypted text. Prompt the user for input and the shift pattern.
- 2. Devise a Python program to implement the Rock-Paper-Scissor game.
- 3. Write a Python program to perform Jump Search for a given key and report success or failure. Prompt the user to enter the key and a list of numbers.
- 4. The celebrity problem is the problem of finding the celebrity among n people. A celebrity is someone who does not know anyone (including themselves) but is known by everyone. Write a Python program to solve the celebrity problem.
- 5. Write a Python program to construct a linked list. Prompt the user for input. Remove any duplicate numbers from the linked list.
- 6. Perform the following file operations using Python
- a) Traverse a path and display all the files and subdirectories in each level till the deepest

level for a given path. Also, display the total number of files and subdirectories.

b) Read a file content and copy only the contents at odd lines into a new file.

7.Create a menu drive Python program with a dictionary for words and their meanings. Write functions to add a new entry (word: meaning), search for a particular word and retrieve meaning, given meaning find words with the same meaning, remove an entry, display all words sorted alphabetically.

8. Using Regular Expressions, develop a Python program to

- a) Identify a word with a sequence of one upper case letter followed by lower case letters.
- b) Find all the patterns of "1(0+)1" in a given string.
- c) Match a word containing 'z' followed by one or more o's.

Prompt the user for input.

9. Devise a Python program to implement the Hangman Game.

10. Write a Python program to print all the Disarium numbers between 1 and 100

Any 10 experiments to be conducted

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to							
CO1	Understand data types (like character strings, integers, and real numbers) and the Operations that							
	can be Applied to each data type.							
CO2	Write programs that get input, perform calculations, and provide output (using Conditional							
	logic, loops, Functions).							
CO3	Write well designed and well documented programs that are easily maintainable							
CO4	Analyze String Formatting Options.							
CO5	Enjoy the art and science of computer files using python.							

Ref	Reference Books						
1.	Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, Michael H. Goldwasser Data Structures and Algorithms						
	in Python John Wiley & Sons, Incorporated.						
2.	Frank Kane (2017) Hands-On Data Science and Python Machine Learning 1st Edition, Kindle						
	Edition.						
3.	Mark Smart,(2018), Introduction to Data Science with Python: Basics of Numpy and Pandas.						

Theory for 50 Marks

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Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

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CO3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
CO4	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
CO5	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2

	Semester	r: IV				
	DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF	ALGORITHMS AND LAB				
Cou	urse Code: MVJ21AI45	CIE Marks:50+50				
Cre	edits: L:T:P: 3:0:1	SEE Marks: 50 +50				
Ho	Hours:40 L+ 26 P SEE Duration: 03+03 Hours					
Cou	urse Learning Objectives: The students will be	able to				
1	Identify the importance of different asymptotic	notation.				
2	Determine the complexity of recursive and non-recursive algorithms.					
3	Compare the efficiency of various design techn	iques like greedy method, backtracking etc.				
4	Apply appropriate method to solve a given prob	blem.				

UNIT-I

Basic Concept of Algorithms: Introduction-What is an Algorithm, Algorithm	10 Hrs
Specification, Analysis Framework, Performance Analysis: Space complexity, Time	
complexity. Asymptotic Notations: Big-Oh notation (O), Omega notation (Ω), Theta	
notation (Θ), and Little-oh notation (o), Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive and	
recursive Algorithms with Examples . Important Problem Types. Fundamental Data	
Structures.	
Applications: developing computational tools and bioinformatics software, Mathematics.	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
• http://www.nptelvideos.com/video.php?id=1442	
• https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105085/	
UNIT-II	
Simple Design Techniques – Brute force :Selection sort, Bubble sort, Sequential Search	10 Hrs
and Brute-Force String Matching , Exhaustive search -Traveling Salesman problem,	
Knapsack problem , Assignment Problem.	
Divide and Conquer: General method, Binary search, Recurrence equation for divide	
and conquer, Finding the maximum and minimum, Merge sort, Quick sort, Strassen's	
matrix multiplication, Advantages and Disadvantages of divide and conquer.	
Applications: power distribution (electrical field), Online shopping and delivery (real time)	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
• https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106102064/	
• <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MFfD57DTDQY</u>	
UNIT-III	
Decrease and Conquer approach: Topological Sort, Decrease-by-a-Constant-Factor	10 Hrs
Algorithms: Josephus Problem.	
Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, Job	
sequencing with deadlines. Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's	
Algorithm. Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm. Huffman Trees and Codes.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Solving real time problems using Greedy	
Technique.	
Applications: Optimization Problems.	
Video link :https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106131/	

Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs. Transitive	10 Hrs
Closure: Warshall's Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal	
Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem, Bellman-Ford Algorithm , Travelling Sales	
Person problem , Reliability design.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Solving real time problems using	
Dynamic Programming.	
Applications: Computer Networks.	
Video link: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106131/	
UNIT-V	
Backtracking: General method, N-Queens problem, Sum of subsets problem, Graph	10 Hrs
coloring, Hamiltonian cycles Programme and Bound: Assignment Problem, Travelling	
Sales Person problem, 0/1 Knapsack problem.	
LC Programme and Bound solution : FIFO Programme and Bound solution. NP-	
Complete and NP-Hard problems: Basic concepts, non-deterministic algorithms, P, NP,	
NP-Complete, and NP-Hard classes.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Solving real time problems using	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Solving real time problems using Backtracking Technique.	

LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS

- Create a Java class called Student with the following details as variables within it. (i) USN (ii) Name (iii) Branch (iv) Phone Write a Java program to create n Student objects and print the USN, Name, Branch, and Phone of these objects with suitable headings.
- Write a Java program to read two integers a and b. Compute a/b and print, when b is not zero.
 Raise an exception when b is equal to zero.
- 3. Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer for every 1 second; second thread computes the square of the number and prints; third thread will print the value of cube of the number.
- 4. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus non graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated

using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

- 5. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Merge Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus non graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.
- Implement in Java, the 0/1 Knapsack problem using (a) Dynamic Programming method (b) Greedy method.
- From a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, find shortest paths to other vertices using Dijkstra's algorithm. Write the program in Java.
- 8. Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Kruskal's algorithm. Use Union-Find algorithms in your program.
- 9. Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Prim's algorithm.
- 10. Write Java programs to (a) Implement All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Floyd's algorithm.(b) Implement Travelling Sales Person problem using Dynamic programming.
- 11. Design and implement in Java to find a subset of a given set S = {Sl, S2,....,Sn} of n positive integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer d. For example, if S ={1, 2, 5, 6, 8} and d= 9, there are two solutions {1,2,6} and {1,8}. Display a suitable message, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.
- 12. Design and implement in Java to find all Hamiltonian Cycles in a connected undirected Graph G of n vertices using backtracking principle.

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to						
CO1	Describe the need of algorithm and the notations used in design analysis.						
CO2	Compare the efficiency of brute force, divide and conquer techniques for problem solving.						
CO3	Ability to apply greedy algorithms, hashing and string matching algorithms.						
CO4	Ability to design efficient algorithms using various design techniques.						
CO5	Ability to apply the knowledge of complexity classes P, NP, and NP Complete and prove						
	certain problems are NP-Complete.						

Ref	Reference Books								
1.	Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, AnanyLevitin:, 2rd Edition, 2009.								
	Pearson.								
2.	Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford								

	Stein,	3rd	Edition,	PHI.
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- **3.** Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education).
- 4. http://jeffe.cs.illinois.edu/teaching/algorithms/

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the self -study are 20 (2 presentations are be held for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and self -studies are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Laboratory- 50 Marks

The laboratory session is held every week as per the time table and the performance of the student is evaluated in every session. The average of the marks over number of weeks is considered for 30 marks. At the end of the semester a test is conducted for 10 marks. The students are encouraged to implement additional innovative experiments in the lab and are awarded 10 marks. Total marks for the laboratory is 50.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks are executed by means of an examination.

The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the complete syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

Laboratory- 50 Marks

Experiment Conduction with proper results is evaluated for 40 marks and Viva is for 10 marks. Total SEE for laboratory is 50 marks.

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3				1							2	2	-
CO2	2	3			2								2	-
CO3	3	3	2	2								2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3						1			2	3	2
CO5	2	2	2	1	3							3	3	3

Semester: IV

C# AND .NE	TFRAMEWORK
	(Theory)
Course Code:	CIE
MVJ21AIA47	Marks:100
Credits: L:T:P:S:	SEE Marks:
2:0:0:0	100
Hours: 40L	SEE
	Duration: 3
	Hrs
Course Learning Ob	ojectives: The students
will be able to	
1 Understand the b	asics of C# and .NET

2	Learn the variables and constants of C#									
З	Know the object-oriented aspects and applications.									
4	Learn the basic structure of .NET framework.									
5	Learn to create a simple project of .NET Core									

	6 Hrs
Understanding C#, .NET, overview of C#, Variables, Data Types, Operators, Expressions, Branching, Looping, Methods, implicit and explicit casting.	Hrs
Expressions, Branching, Looping, Methods, implicit and explicit casting.	
Methods, implicit and explicit casting.	
	6
Class, Array List, String, String	Hrs
Builder, Structure, Enumerations,	
boxing and unboxing.	
UNIII-III	
	6
Objects, Constructors and its types,	Hrs
inheritance, properties, indexers, index	
overloading, polymorphism	
UNIT-IV	
J 1	6
abstract and interface, operator overloading, delegates, events, errors and	Hrs
exception, Threading.	
UNIT-Y	
Introduction to .NET FRAMEWORK:	
Assemblies, Versoning, Attributes,	Hrs
reflection, viewing meta data, remoting,	
security in .NET, Environment Setup	
of .NET Core and create a small project.	

	se Outcomes: After completing the course, tudents will be able to
CO1	Able to explain how C# fits into the .NET platform
CO 2	D escribe the utilization of variables and constants of C #
CO3	Use the implementation of object- oriented aspects in applications.
CO4	Analyze and Set up Environment of .NET Core.
CO 5	Evaluate and create a simple project application

Re	eference Books
1.	Herbert Schildt, "The Complete Reference:
	C# 4.0", Tata McGraw Hill, 2012
2.	Christian Nagel et al. "Professional C#
	2012 with .NET 4.5", Wiley India, 2012.
З.	Andrew Troelsen , "Pro C# 2010 and
	the .NET 4 Platform, Fifth edition, A
	Press , 2010.
4.	Ian Griffiths, Matthew Adams, Jesse
	Liberty, "Programming C# 4.0", Sixth
	Edition, O'Reilly, 2010.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE): Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional guizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated marks for **50**. The for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part – A and Part – B. Part – A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part – B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

				C)-P	O M	apr	oing	5			
CO	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
/P	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	01	01	01
0	1	2	З	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2
CO 1	3	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	3	2	1	3	3	2	-	-	2	-	1	-
CO 3	3	2	1	3	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO 4	3	3	2	3	3	2	-	-	2	2	2	-
CO 5	3	2	3	3	3	2	-	-	2	2	2	2

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Semester: IV

		Additional Mathematics	-II									
	(Common to all branches)											
Cou	rse Code:	MVJ21MATDIP2	CIE Marks:50									
Cree	dits:	L:T:P:S: 4:0:0:0	SEE Marks: 50									
Hou	Hours: 40L SEE Duration: 3 Hrs											
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: Th	e students will be able to										
1	To familiarize the important concepts of linear algebra.											
2	Aims to provide essential co	ncepts differential calculus,	beta and gamma functions.									
3	Introductory concepts of thr	ee-dimensional geometry al	long with methods to solve them.									
4	Linear differential equations											
5	Formation of partial differen	tial equations.										

UNIT-I							
Linear Algebra: Introduction - Rank of matrix by elementary row operations - Echelon	8 Hrs						
form. Consistency of system of linear equations - Gauss elimination method. Eigen values							
and Eigen vectors of a square matrix. Diagonalization of a square matrix of order two.							
Self study: Application of Cayley-Hamilton theorem (without proof) to compute the							
inverse of a matrix-Examples.							
Video Link:							
1. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111</u>							
UNIT-II	<u> </u>						
Differential calculus: Indeterminate forms: L-Hospital rule (without proof), Total	8Hrs						
derivatives, and Composite functions. Maxima and minima for a function of two							
variables.							
Beta and Gamma functions: Beta and Gamma functions, Relation between Beta and							
Gamma function-simple problems.							
Self study: Curve tracing.							
Video Link:							
1. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111</u>							
UNIT-III	<u> </u>						
Analytical solid geometry: Introduction –Directional cosine and Directional ratio of a	8Hrs						
line, Equation of line in space- different forms, Angle between two line, shortest distance							
between two line, plane and equation of plane in different forms and problems.							

Self study: Volume tetrahedron.	
Video Link:	
1. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111</u>	
UNIT-IV	
Differential Equations of higher order: Linear differential equations of second and	8 Hrs
higher order equations with constant coefficients. Inverse Differential operator,	
Operators methods for finding particular integrals , and Euler –Cauchy equation.	
Self study: Method of variation of parameters	
Video Link:	
1. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111</u>	
UNIT-V	
Partial differential equation: Introduction- Classification of partial differential	8 Hrs
equations, formation of partial differential equations. Method of elimination of arbitrary	
constants and functions. Solutions of non-homogeneous partial differential equations by	
direct integration. Solution of Lagrange's linear PDE.	
Self study: One dimensional heat and wave equations and solutions by the method of	
separable of variable	
Video Link:	

Cours	e Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Make use of matrix theory for solving system of linear equations and compute eigen values
	and eigenvectors required for matrix diagonalization process.
CO2	Learn the notion of partial differentiation to calculate rates of change of multivariate functions
	and solve problems related to composite functions and Jacobians.
CO3	Understand the Three-Dimensional geometry basic, Equation of line in space- different
	forms, Angle between two line and studying the shortest distance .
CO4	Demonstrate various physical models through higher order differential equations and solve
	such linear ordinary differential equations.
CO5	Construct a variety of partial differential equations and solution by exact methods.
Refer	ence Books

- **1.** B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 43rd Edition, 2013, .
- 2. G. B. Gururajachar, Calculus and Linear Algebra, Academic Excellent Series Publication, 2018-19
- **3.** Chandrashekar K. S, Engineering Mathematics-I, Sudha Publications, 2010.

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE): Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
CO2	3	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
CO3	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
CO4	2	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
CO5	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	

V SEMESTER

	Semester	: V				
	SOFTWARE ENGINEERING &I	PROJECT MANAGEMENT				
Cou	rse Code: MVJ21SPM51	CIE Marks:100				
Credits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 SEE Marks: 100						
Hours: 40L+26T SEE Duration: 3 Hrs						
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students will be a	ble to				
1	Describe the importance of management and fur	nctions of a manager.				
2	Explain the process of planning and organizing.					
3	Understand principles, concept, methods and to to producing quality software (particularly for la	echniques of the software engineering approach arge, complex systems).				
4	Impart skills in the design and implementation of	f efficient software across disciplines.				
5	Gather knowledge on various maintenance meth	ods.				

UNIT-I							
Management: importance of management, definition, management functions, roles of a							
manager, levels of management, managerial skills, management and administration,							
management -a science or art, management - a profession, professional management v/s							
family management. Development of management thought; Early classical approaches,							
Neo classical approaches, modern approaches.							
Application: Enterprises							
Video Link: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mub7Z8Fl3ZU							
UNIT-II	I						
Planning: Nature, Importance of planning, forms, types of plans, steps in planning,	8 Hrs						
limitations of planning, making planning effective, planning skills, strategic planning in							
Indian industry.							
Organizing: Organization Meaning, process of organizing, span of management							

principles of organizing, Departmentation, organization structure, committees, teams.	
Application: Industry	
Video Link: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pCUs3UKwYpc	
UNIT-III	
FUNDAMENTALS OF SOFTWARE ENGINEERING AND REQUIREMENTS	8 Hrs
ENGINEERING: Software Engineering Fundamentals; Software processes: Software	
life-cycle models; Software requirements and specifications: Requirements elicitation;	
Requirements analysis modeling techniques; Functional and non-functional requirements;	
User requirements, System requirements, requirement validation and software	
requirement specification document. Prototyping - Basic concepts of formal specification	
techniques.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
To write the SRS for the given real time application using report writing tools.	
Applications: In Software development process.	
Video link / Additional online information: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105182/	
UNIT-IV	
SOFTWARE DESIGN: Fundamental design concepts and principles; Design	8 Hrs
characteristics; System Models - Context, Behavioral, Data and, Object models,	
Architectural design- System structuring, Control models; Structured design; Object-	
oriented analysis and design; User interface design; Design for reuse; Design patterns;	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
Draw a class diagram, object diagram, Use case diagram, Sequence diagram and activity	
diagram for the given real time application using rational rose tool.	
Applications: In Software development process.	
Video link / Additional online information:	
https://www.coursera.org/lecture/client-needs-and-software-requirements/3-2-4-use-	
<u>cases-bZNCr</u>	
UNIT-V	1
SOFTWARE VALIDATION AND MAINTENANCE :	8 Hrs
Software validation: Validation planning; Testing fundamentals, including test plan	
creation and test case generation; Black-box and white-box testing techniques; Unit,	
integration, validation, and system testing; Object-oriented testing; Inspections.	
Software evolution: Software maintenance; Characteristics of maintainable software;	
Reengineering; Legacy systems; Software reuse.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
Using Selenium IDE write a test suite containing minimum 4 test cases.	

Applications: In Software development process.

Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T3q6QcCQZQg

Cours	se Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Describe the importance of management and functions of a manager.
CO2	Explain the process of planning and principles of organizing
CO3	Comprehend software development life cycle and Prepare SRS document for a project
CO4	Apply software design and development techniques
CO5	Identify verification and validation methods in a software engineering project.

Refe	erence Books
1.	Management and Entrepreneurship, NVR Naidu, TKrishna Rao 4th reprint.
2.	Law relating to Intellectual Property rights, B. L. Wadhera, 5th edition, Universal Law Publishing, 2011
3.	Ian Sommerville, "Software Engineering", 9th Edition, Addison- Wesley, 2011
4.	Principles of Management, P C Tripathi, P N Reddy, 5th edition, TataMcGraw Hill, 2012
5.	Rajib Mall, "Fundamentals of Software Engineering", PHI Publication, 3rd edition, 2009

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO2	2	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO3	2	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	2
CO4	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-
CO5	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	2	-	1	-

	S	emester: V					
	DATA COMMUNICATI	ON & COMPUTER N	ETWORKS				
Cou	rse Code:MVJ21AI52		CIE Marks:100				
Cree	redits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 SEE Marks: 100						
Hou	rs: 40L+T	5	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs				
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students	vill be able to					
1	Introduce the fundamental concepts and	types of computer netw	vorks.				
2	Demonstrate the TCP/IP and OSI models with merits and demerits.						
3	Understand the difference between all c	ommunication protocols	5.				

UNIT-I							
Data Communications: Components – Direction of Data flow – Networks –	10 Hrs						
Components and Categories - Types of Connections - Topologies -Protocols and							
Standards - ISO / OSI model, Example Networks such as ATM, Frame Relay, ISDN							
Physical layer: Transmission modes, Multiplexing, Transmission Media, Switching,							
Circuit Switched Networks, Datagram Networks, Virtual Circuit Networks.							
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):							
http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/computer-networks.html							
UNIT-II							
Data link layer: Introduction, Framing, and Error – Detection and Correction – Parity –	10 Hrs						
LRC - CRC Hamming code, Flow and Error Control, Noiseless Channels, Noisy							
Channels, HDLC, Point to Point Protocols. 111 Medium Access sub layer: ALOHA,							
CSMA/CD, LAN - Ethernet IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.5 - IEEE 802.11, Random access,							
Controlled access, Channelization.							
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):							
http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/computer-networks.html							

UNIT-III							
Network layer: Logical Addressing, Internetworking, Tunneling, Address mapping,	10 Hrs						
ICMP, IGMP, Forwarding, Uni-Cast Routing Protocols, Multicast Routing Protocols.							
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):							
http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/computer-networks.html							
UNIT-IV							
Transport Layer: Process to Process Delivery, UDP and TCP protocols, Data Traffic,	10 Hrs						
Congestion, Congestion Control, QoS, Integrated Services, Differentiated Services, QoS							
in Switched Networks.							
Video link: http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/computer-networks.html							
UNIT-V							
Application Layer: Domain name space, DNS in internet, electronic mail, SMTP, FTP,	10 Hrs						
WWW, HTTP, SNMP.							
Video link: http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/computer-networks.html							

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to							
CO1	Interpret the basics of Computer Networks and Various Protocols.							
CO2	Generalize functionalities and services of each layer of OSI model.							
CO3	Explains the concept of data framing and error control mechanisms							
CO4	Compares Different routing protocols							
CO5	Identify the concepts of network security, Mobile and adhoc networks							

Ref	erence Books
1.	Data Communications and Networking, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Fourth Edition TMH,2006.
2.	Computer Networks, Andrew S Tanenbaum, 4th Edition. Pearson Education, PHI.
3.	An Engineering Approach to Computer Networks, S. Keshav, 2 nd Edition, Pearson Education.
4.	Understanding communications and Networks, 3 rd Edition, W.A. Shay, Cengage Learning.

Theory for 50 Marks

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assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	1	-
CO3	2	2	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	1
CO4	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2	-	-
CO5	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2	2	-

	Semester	: V					
	DATABASE MANAGEMEN	T SYSTEMS AND LAB					
Сог	rse Code: MVJ21AI53	CIE Marks:50+50					
Cre	dits: L:T:P: 3:0:1	SEE Marks: 50 +50					
Hou	urs:40 L+ 26 P	SEE Duration: 03+03 Hours					
Cou	urse Learning Objectives: The students will be a	ble to					
1	Provide a strong foundation in database concepts, technology, and practice.						
2	Practice SQL programming through a variety of database problems.						
3	Demonstrate the use of concurrency and transactions in database.						
4	Design and build database applications for real world problems.						
5	Provide a strong foundation in database concept	s, technology, and practice.					

UNIT-I							
Introduction to Databases: Introduction; An example; characteristics of the database							
approach; actors on the scene; workers behind the scene; advantages of using the DBMS							
approach; A brief history of database Applications; when Not to use a DBMS.							
Overview of Database Languages and Architectures: Data Models, Schemas, and							
Instances. Three schema architecture and data independence, database languages, and							
interfaces, The Database System environment.							
Modelling using Entities and Relationships: Entity types, Entity sets, attributes, roles,							
and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams, examples.							
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Draw ER diagram for database							
applications(logical database design).							
Applications: Library Management system, Banking, Universities and colleges, credit							
card transactions, social media sites, Telecommunications, Finance, Military, online							
shopping, Human Resource Management, Manufacturing, Airline Reservation systems.							

Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
• https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106093/	
• <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105175/</u>	
• <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WSNqcYqByFk</u>	
UNIT-II	
Relational Model: Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and	10 Hrs
relational database schemas, Update operations, dealing with constraint violations.	
Relational Algebra: Unary and Binary relational operations, additional relational	
operations (aggregate, grouping, etc.) Examples of Queries in relational algebra.	
Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using	
ER-to-Relational mapping.	
SQL: SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries	
in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: programs to perform set operations,	
arithmetic operations, joins, selection, projection, create tables for real world db	
applications and insert values to it.	
Applications: RDBMS, enterprise level software solution(except light weight web	
applications)	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
 <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106093/</u> 	
• <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105175/</u>	
 <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gGGHjYbQMvw</u> 	
• <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nc1yivH1Yac</u>	
• <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=64szTfLNu3o</u>	
UNIT-III	
SQL: Advances Queries: More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as	10 Hrs
assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change	
statements in SQL.	
Database Application Development: Accessing databases from applications, An	
introduction to JDBC, JDBC classes and interfaces, SQLJ, Stored procedures, Embedded SQL.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Mini-projects to develop connections	
between front end and backend(database) using JDBC. Write SQL queries for the given	

Applications: Java Programming, In Server to reduce network traffic and to provide	
security(Stored procedure)	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
• https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=64szTfLNu3o	
• https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105175/L11.html	
• https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sjzlr0EsZL4	
• https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106093/	
• <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105175/</u>	
UNIT-IV	
Normalization: Database Design Theory – Introduction to Normalization using	10 Hrs
Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation	
schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and	
Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth	
Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Dependency theory -	
functional dependencies, Armstrong's axioms for FD's, closure of a set of FD's, minimal	
covers.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Draw schema diagram which satisfy all	
forms of normalization for all db real world application	
Applications: to optimize database design	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
• https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106093/	
• https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105175/	
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YD8dhOmuVnY 	
UNIT-V	
Transaction Processing: Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and	10 Hrs
System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on	
recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in	
SQL.	
Concurrency Control in Databases: Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency	
control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering.	
Introduction to Database Recovery Protocols: Recovery Concepts, NO-UNDO/REDO	
Introduction to Database Recovery Protocols: Recovery Concepts, NO-UNDO/REDO recovery based on Deferred update, Recovery techniques based on immediate update,	

File Organizations and Indexes: Introduction, Hashing techniques, Indexing, Structures for Files. Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Develop banking and other financial applications. Applications: Systems that manage sales order entry, airline reservations, payroll, employee records, manufacturing, and shipping. Operating system(deadlock) Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any): https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106093/ • https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105175/ • <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5ammL5KU4mo</u> LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS 1. Creation of a database and writing SQL queries to retrieve information from the database. 2. Performing Insertion, Deletion, Modifying, Altering, Updating and Viewing records based on conditions. 3. Creation of Views, Synonyms, Sequence, Indexes, Save point. 4. Creating an Employee database to set various constraints. 5. Creating relationship between the databases. 6. Study of PL/SQL block. 7. Write a PL/SQL block to satisfy some conditions by accepting input from the user. 8. Write a PL/SQL block that handles all types of exceptions. 9. Creation of Procedures. **10.** Creation of database triggers and functions 11. Mini project (Application Development using Oracle/Mysql) a) Inventory Control System. b) Material Requirement Processing. c) Hospital Management System.

d)	Railway	Reservation	System.
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e) Personal Information System.

f) Web Based User Identification System.

g) Timetable Management System.

h) Hotel Management System

Cou	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to								
Refe	ReferencenBookanalyse and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using								
1.	FRIDBMEStals of Database Systems, RamezElmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017,								
	Pearson								
CO^{2}	Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation								
2.	Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill								
cto3	SibesighatzKouthanthSucharabase Batebase System Concepts, 6th Edition, McGrawHill,								
	2013.								
- <u>C</u> O4 4.	Apply the concepts of Normalization and design database which possess no anomalies. Database Principles Fundamentals of Design, Implementation and Management,								
CO5	Develop application to interact with databases.								

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the self -study are 20 (2 presentations are be held for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and self -studies are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Laboratory- 50 Marks

The laboratory session is held every week as per the time table and the performance of the student is evaluated in every session. The average of the marks over number of weeks is considered for 30 marks. At the end of the semester a test is conducted for 10 marks. The students are encouraged to implement additional innovative experiments in the lab and are awarded 10 marks. Total marks for the laboratory is 50.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks are executed by means of an examination.

The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the complete syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

Laboratory- 50 Marks

Experiment Conduction with proper results is evaluated for 40 marks and Viva is for 10 marks. Total SEE for laboratory is 50 marks.

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	1	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	2	-
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	1	-
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	2	2

CO4	2	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	1	_	-	2	2	3
001	-	5		-	2				1			-		5
COS	2	2	2	2	2				2			2		1
005		5	5	5	5	-	-	-		-	-	2	-	1
L	1 2 14	1. (1							I	1	1	

	S	emester: V			
	ARTIFICIAL IN	TELLIGENCE AND LAB			
Cou	Course Code: MVJ21AI54 CIE Marks:50+50				
Cre	dits: L:T:P: 3:0:1	SEE Marks: 50 +50			
Hou	urs:40 L+ 26 P	SEE Duration: 03+03 Hours			
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students	will be able to			
1	Understand fundamental concepts in An	tificial Intelligence.			
2	Understand the problem solving technic	ues and knowledge representation.			
3	Design intelligent components or progr	ams to meet desired needs.			
4	Implement, and evaluate a computer-ba	sed intelligent systems.			
5	Understand fundamental concepts in An	tificial Intelligence.			

UNIT-I	
ntroduction: AI problems, foundation of AI and history of AI, Intelligent agents:	8 Hrs
Agents and Environments, The concept of rationality, The nature of environments,	
Structure of agents, Problem solving agents, Problem formulation.	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
http://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106126/	
UNIT-II	
Knowledge Representation & Reasons: Knowledge – Based Agents, The Wumpus	8 Hrs
vorld. Propositional Logic: Reasoning patterns in propositional logic - Resolution,	
Forward & Backward Chaining.	
nference in First order logic: Propositional vs. first order inference, Unification &	
ifting, Forward chaining, Backward chaining, Resolution.	
video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
http://nptel.ac.in/video.php?subjectId=106105079	
UNIT-III	
Searching: Searching for solutions, uniformed search strategies – Breadth first search,	8 Hrs
lepth first search, Depth limited search, Iterative deepening depth first search bi-direction	
earch, Comparing uninformed search strategies. Search with partial information	
Heuristic search), Greedy best first search, A* search, Memory bounded heuristic search,	
Ieuristic functions.	
Local search Algorithms: Hill climbing, Simulated annealing search, Local beam	
earch, Genetic algorithms.	
video link / Additional online information (related to module if	
ny):https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6hmIKIWBVSI	
UNIT-IV	
Constrain satisfaction problems: Backtracking search for CSPs local search for	8 Hrs
constraint satisfaction problems.	
Game Playing: Games, Minimax algorithm, Optimal decisions in multiplayer games,	
Alpha-Beta pruning, Evaluation functions, Cutting of search.	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if	
my):https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106158/	
UNIT-V	
Planning: Classical planning problem, Language of planning problems, Expressiveness	8 Hrs
	0 111 8
and extension, planning with state – space search, Forward state spare search, Backward	

Planning graphs

Learning: what is learning, Forms of learning, Inductive learning, Learning Decision Trees.

Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3C6ZLS-gfXU

LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Programming in C or Matlab to implement fuzzy logic application for autonomous robot system.
- 2. Programming in C/Matlab to implement simulated annealing/genetic algorithm for solving inverse kinematic problems
- Programming in C/Matlab to solve traveling salesman problem using ant colony optimization algorithm
- 4. Write program using Visual Prolog to create an expert system.
- 5. Write program for obstacle avoidance in mobile robots using any one algorithm
- 6. Implement A* algorithm to Solve 8-puzzle problem (Assume any initial configuration and define goal configuration clearly)
- 7. Define the operators for controlling domestic robot; use these operators to plan an activity to be executed by the robot. For example, transferring two/three objects one over the other from one place to another. Use Means-Ends analysis with all the steps revealed
- 8. Solving real time planning and scheduling problems using software like Witness/Pro-model

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to									
CO1	Recognize the various types and working units of an expert systems.									
CO2	Interpret the logic behind the building of knowledge base and knowledge representation.									
CO3	Deploy Searching Techniques to design intelligent agents									
CO4	Choose various Constraint Satisfaction Problem, Game Playing techniques to use in various									
	intelligent system designs.									
CO5	Apply suitable learning methodology while designing systems based on their applications.									

Ref	erence Books
1.	Stuart Russel, Peter Norvig, (2009), Artificial Intelligence – A Modern Approach, 3rd Edition,
	Pearson Education.
2.	E.Rich and K.Knight, (2008), Artificial Intelligence, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.

- **3.** Patterson, (2009), Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems, 2nd Edition, PHI.
- **4.** Ivan Bratka, (2000), PROLOG Programming for Artificial Intelligence. 3rdEdition Pearson Education.

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the self -study are 20 (2 presentations are be held for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and self -studies are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Laboratory- 50 Marks

The laboratory session is held every week as per the time table and the performance of the student is evaluated in every session. The average of the marks over number of weeks is considered for 30 marks. At the end of the semester a test is conducted for 10 marks. The students are encouraged to implement additional innovative experiments in the lab and are awarded 10 marks. Total marks for the laboratory is 50.

Semester End Examination (SEE): Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks are executed by means of an examination.

The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the complete syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

Laboratory- 50 Marks

Experiment Conduction with proper results is evaluated for 40 marks and Viva is for 10 marks. Total SEE for laboratory is 50 marks.

CO-PO/PSO Mapping

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1	1	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	1	-	-	1	1	-	2	3	3	3	3	-	2	-
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	3	3	3	3	2	1

	Semesto Professional					
	Artificial Neur	al Network				
Cou	rse Code:MVJ21AI551	CIE Marks:100				
Cree	Credits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 SEE Marks: 100					
Hou	Hours: 40L SEE Duration: 3 Hrs					
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students will be	able to				
1	Understand the role of neural networks in engi modelling.	neering, artificial intelligence, and cognitive				
2	Understand the concepts and techniques of neu neural network models.	aral networks through the study of important				
3	Evaluate whether neural networks are appropr	iate to a particular application.				

4	Apply neural networks to particular application.
5	Analyze the steps needed to improve performance of the selected neural network.

UNIT-I	
Introduction:	8 Hrs
Biological Neuron- Artificial Neural Model- Types of activation functions-	
Architecture:	
Feedforward and Feedback, Convex Sets, Convex Hull and Linear Separability, Non-	
Linear Separable Problem. XOR Problem, Multilayer Networks.	
Learning:	
Learning Algorithms, Error correction and Gradient Descent Rules, Learning objective of	
TLNs, Perceptron Learning Algorithm, Perceptron Convergence Theorem.	
UNIT-II	
Supervised Learning:	8 Hrs
Perceptron learning and Non Separable sets, aLeast Mean Square Learning, MSE Error	
surface, Steepest Descent Search, JL-LMS approximate to gradient descent, Application	
of LMS to Noise Cancelling, Multi-layered Network Architecture, Back propagation	
Learning Algorithm, Practical consideration of BP algorithm.	
UNIT-III	
Support Vector Machines and Radial Basis Function:	8 Hrs
Learning from Examples, Statistical Learning Theory, Support Vector Machines, SVM	
application to Image Classification, Radial Basis Function Regularization theory,	
Generalized RBF Networks, Learning in RBFNs, RBF application to face recognition.	
UNIT-IV	
Attractor Neural Networks:	8 Hrs
Associative Learning Attractor Associative Memory, Linear Associative memory,	
Hopfield Network, application of Hopfield Network, Brain State in a Box neural	
Network, Simulated Annealing, Boltzmann Machine, Bidirectional Associative Memory.	
retwork, Sinduced Anneuning, Bolizindin Maenine, Blanceronal Associative Memory.	
UNIT-V	
	8 Hrs
UNIT-V	8 Hrs

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to									
CO1	Understand the role of neural networks in engineering, artificial intelligence, and cognitive									
	modelling.									
CO2	Understand the concepts and techniques of neural networks through the study of important									
	neural network models.									
CO3	Evaluate whether neural networks are appropriate to a particular application.									
CO4	Apply neural networks to particular application.									
CO5	Analyze the steps needed to improve performance of the selected neural network.									

Ref	erence Books
1.	Neural Networks A Classroom Approach- Satish Kumar, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt.
	Ltd, Second Edition.
2.	Introduction to Artificial Neural Systems
3.	Artificial Neural Networks

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
CO2	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3
CO3	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
CO4	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
CO5	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1

	Semester:	V					
	Professional El	ective I					
	COMPILER D	ESIGN					
Cou	urse Code:MVJ21AI552	CIE Marks:100					
Credits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 SEE Marks: 100							
Но	Hours: 40L+26T SEE Duration: 3 Hrs						
Cou	urse Learning Objectives: The students will be al	ole to					
1	Learn the various parsing techniques and differen	t levels of translation.					
2	Learn how to obtain specific object code from source language.						
3	Learn how to optimize the code and schedule for	Learn how to optimize the code and schedule for optimal performance.					

UNIT-I

FRONT END OF COMPILERS: The Structure of Compiler – Lexical Analysis: Role	8 Hrs				
of Lexical Analyzer, Specification and Recognition of Tokens, Syntax Analysis: Top					
Down Parsing, Bottom up Parsing, LR Parsers: SLR, CLR, and LALR.					
Video Links :https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yxnbvS2t_QA					
UNIT-II	I				
INTERMEDIATE CODE GENERATION: Syntax Directed Definitions, Evaluation	8 Hrs				
Orders for Syntax Directed Definitions, Syntax Directed Translation Schemes,					
Intermediate Languages: Syntax Tree, Three Address Code, Postfix Code, Declarations,					
Translation of Expressions, Type Checking, Back Patching.					
Video Links: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EpAzj7zXrbk					
UNIT-III	1				
RUNTIME AND OBJECT CODE GENERATION: Storage Organization, Stack	8 Hrs				
Allocation Space, Access to Non-local Data on the Stack, Heap Management - Issues in					
Code Generation - Design of Code Generator - Register Allocation and Assignment -					
Instruction Selection by Tree Rewriting - Optimal Code Generation for Expressions -					
Dynamic Programming Code Generation.					
Video Links: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lRvaRhPsqOo					
UNIT-IV	1				
CODE OPTIMIZATION: Basic Blocks and Flow Graphs - Optimization of Basic	8 Hrs				
Blocks - Principal Sources of Optimizations - Data Flow Analysis - Constant					
Propagation – Partial Redundancy Elimination – Peephole Optimizations.					
Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/108/106108113/					
UNIT-V	1				
SCHEDULING AND OPTIMIZING FOR PARALLELISM: Code Scheduling	8 Hrs				
Constraints - Basic Block Scheduling - Global Code Scheduling - Basic Concepts in					
Parallelization - Parallelizing Matrix Multiplication - Iteration Spaces - Affine Array					
Indexes.					
Video Links: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-yMWgtTeQgY					

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to					
CO1	Design compiler phases from language specification.					
CO2	Design code generators for the specified machine.					
CO3	Analyze Object Code Generation techniques.					
CO4	Apply the various optimization techniques.					
CO5	Understand the Optimizing for Parallelism					

Ref	erence Books
1.	Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, -Compilers: Principles,
	Techniques and Toolsl, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
2.	Randy Allen, Ken Kennedy, —Optimizing Compilers for Modern Architectures: A Dependence
	based Approachl, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2002.
3.	Keith D Cooper and Linda Torczon, —Engineering a Compiler ^I , Morgan Kaufmann Publishers
	Elsevier Science, 2004

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-
CO2	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-
CO5	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	1

	Semester:	V					
	Professional E	lective I					
	CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NE	ETWORK SECURITY					
Cour	rse Code:MVJ21AI553	CIE Marks:100					
Credits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 SEE Marks: 100							
Hours: 40L SEE Duration: 3 Hrs							
Cour	se Learning Objectives: The students will be a	ble to					
1	Acquire fundamental knowledge on the conc	epts of finite fields and number theory.					
2	To gain various block cipher and stream ciph	ner models.					
3	Describe the principles of public key cryptosystems, hash functions and digital signature.						
4	Learn the various malicious attacks and firewall applications.						
5	To develop various security protocols for web and email applications						

UNIT-I						
INTRODUCTION & NUMBER THEORY: Services, Mechanisms and attacks-	8 Hrs					
Classical Encryption techniques (Symmetric cipher model, substitution techniques,						
transposition techniques. finite fields and number theory: Groups, Rings, Fields-Modular						
arithmetic- Euclid's algorithm-Finite fields- Polynomial Arithmetic -Prime numbers-						
arithmetic- Euclid's algorithm-Finite fields- Polynomial Arithmetic –Prime numbers- Fermat's and Euler's theorem- Testing for primality -The Chinese remainder theorem.						
Applications: Developing cryptographic algorithms						
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):						
https://www.cc.gatech.edu/~echow/ipcc/hpc-course/						
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111/103/111103020/						
UNIT-II	1					
BLOCK CIPHERS & PUBLIC KEY CRYPTOGRAPHY: Data Encryption Standard-	8 Hrs					
Block cipher principles-block cipher modes of operation-Advanced Encryption Standard						
(AES)-Blowfish-RC5 algorithm. Public key cryptography: Principles of public key						
cryptosystems-The RSA algorithm-Key management - Diffie Hellman Key exchange-						
Elliptic curve arithmetic-Elliptic curve cryptography.						
Applications: Online transactions						
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):						
http://www.infocobuild.com/education/audio-video-courses/computer-						
science/IntroductionToCryptography-Ruhr/lecture-08.html						
https://www.comparitech.com/blog/information-security/diffie-hellman-key-exchange/						
UNIT-III	1					
HASH FUNCTIONS AND DIGITAL SIGNATURES: Authentication requirement -	8 Hrs					
Authentication function - MAC - Hash function - Security of hash function and MAC -						
MD5 - SHA - HMAC – CMAC - Digital signature and authentication protocols – DSS –						
EIGamal.						
Applications: Cyber forensic						
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):						
https://www.educba.com/md5-alogrithm/						
https://www.tutorialspoint.com/cryptography/cryptography_digital_signatures.htm						
UNIT-IV	1					
SECURITY PRACTICE & SYSTEM SECURITY: Authentication applications -	8 Hrs					
Kerberos - X.509 Authentication services - Internet Firewalls for Trusted System: Roles						
of Firewalls - Firewall related terminology- Types of Firewalls - Firewall designs - SET						
for E-Commerce Transactions. Intruder - Intrusion detection system - Virus and related						
threats – Countermeasures.						

Applications: Antivirus / Malware detecting software					
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):					
https://www.simplilearn.com/what-is-kerberos-article					
https://searchsecurity.techtarget.com/feature/The-five-different-types-of-firewalls					
UNIT-V					
E-MAIL & IP SECURITY: E-mail Security: Security Services for E-mail-attacks	8 Hrs				
possible through E-mail - establishing keys privacy-authentication of the source-Message					
Integrity-Non-repudiation-Pretty Good Privacy-S/MIME. IPSecurity: Overview of IPSec					
- IP and IPv6-Authentication Header-Internet Key Exchange (Phases of IKE,					
ISAKMP/IKE Encoding).					
Applications: Email and Banking applications					
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):					
https://www.barracuda.com/glossary/email-security					
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ubHZQrECeew					

Cours	se Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to								
CO1	1 Implement number theory for various identified attacks.								
CO2	Design and develop the public key cryptographic algorithms.								
CO3	Develop the digital signature and hashing algorithms								
CO4	Design a firewall for detecting malicious attacks.								
CO5	Design the protocols for improving security on email, web and IP.								

Ref	erence Books
1.	William Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, 6th Edition, Pearson Education, March 2013.
2.	Charlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman and Mike Speciner, "Network Security", Prentice Hall of India, 2002.
3.	Behrouz A. Ferouzan, "Cryptography & Network Security", Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2007.

Theory for 50 Marks

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Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

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CO1	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	-	2	3
CO2	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	2	2
CO3	2	3	1	3	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	2	2	1
CO4	3	2	2	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2
CO5	2	2	3	3	-	1	2	1	2	-	1	2	2	2

	Semester: V Professional Elective I								
	VIRTUAL R	EALITY							
Course Code:MVJ21AI554 CIE Marks:100									
Credits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 SEE Marks: 100									
Hou	rs: 40L	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs							
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students will be abl	le to							
1	1 Explain understanding of this technology, underlying principles, its potential and limits and to learn about the criteria for defining useful applications.								
2 Illustrate process of creating virtual environments.									

UNIT-I

Introduction : The three I's of virtual reality, commercial VR technology and the five classic	8 Hrs
components of a VR system. Input Devices : (Trackers, Navigation, and Gesture Interfaces):	
Three dimensional position trackers, navigation and manipulation, interfaces and gesture	
interfaces	
Video Links : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DCQYBHz7RDs	
UNIT-II	
Output Devices: Graphics displays, sound displays & haptic feedback.	8 Hrs
Video Links: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wwcd0h5d0Vs	
UNIT-III	
Modeling : Geometric modeling, kinematics modeling, physical modeling, behaviour modeling,	8 Hrs
model management.	
Video Links:https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0IgOapAtauM	
UNIT-IV	
Human Factors: Methodology and terminology, user performance studies, VR health and safety	8 Hrs
issues.	
Video Links: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_RU-XjaKWbg	
UNIT-V	
Applications: Medical applications, military applications, robotics applications.	8 Hrs
Video Links:	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rYWJdZ5qg6M&list=PLbRMhDVUMngcdUbBySzyzcPiF	
TYWr4rV	

Cours	se Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Illustrate technology, underlying principles, its potential and limits and to learn about the criteria for defining useful applications.
CO2	Explain process of creating virtual environments
CO3	Analyse & Design a system or process to meet given specifications with realistic engineering constraints.
CO4	Identify problem statements and function as a member of an engineering design team.
CO5	Utilize technical resources

Reference Books

1.	Virtual Reality Technology, Second Edition, Gregory C. Burdea & Philippe Coiffet, John Wiley
	& Sons.
2.	Jason Jerald. 2015. The VR Book: Human-Centred Design for Virtual Reality. Association for
	Computing Machinery and Morgan & Claypool, New York, NY, USA.
3.	Learning Virtual Reality: Developing Immersive Experiences and Applications for Desktop,
	Web, and Mobile, Tony Parisi, O'Reilly Media; 1 edition, 2015.

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-
CO2	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-

			_											
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-
001	2				_							_	5	
CO5	r	3	2	3	2	-	_	_	_	-	-	2	3	1
005	5	5	-	5	2							2	5	1
	1 2 14	1	, , ,	1			1		1				1	

	Semest Professiona DIGITAL IMAGI	l Elective I						
Cou	rse Code:MVJ21AI555	CIE Marks:100						
Credits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 SEE Marks: 100								
Hours: 40L+26TSEE Duration: 3 Hrs								
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students will be	e able to						
1	Describe the fundamentals of digital image pr	ocessing.						
2	Understand image formation and the role human visual system plays in perception of gray a							

3	Apply image processing techniques in both the spatial and frequency (Fourier) domains.
4	Design and evaluate image analysis techniques
5	Conduct independent study and analysis of image Enhancement and restoration techniques

UNIT-I	
Digital Image Fundamentals:	8 Hrs
What is Digital Image Processing?, Origins of Digital Image Processing, Examples of fields that	
use DIP, Fundamental Steps in Digital Image Processing, Components of an Image Processing	
System, Elements of Visual Perception, Image Sensing and Acquisition.	
(Text: Chapter 1and Chapter 2: Sections 2.1to 2.2, 2.6.2)	
UNIT-II	1
Image Enhancement in the Spatial Domain:	8 Hrs
Image Sampling and Quantization, Some Basic Relationships Between Pixels, Linear and	
Nonlinear Operations. Some Basic Intensity Transformation Functions, Histogram Processing,	
Fundamentals of Spatial Filtering, Smoothing Spatial Filters, Sharpening Spatial Filters	
(Text:Chapter2: Sections 2.3 to 2.62, Chapter3: Sections3.2 to3.6),	
UNIT-III	I
Frequency Domain:	8 Hrs
Preliminary Concepts, The Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) of Two Variables, Properties of	
the 2-DDFT, Filtering in the Frequency Domain, Image Smoothing and Image Sharpening	
Using Frequency Domain Filters, Selective Filtering. (Text: Cbapter4: Sections 4.2, 4.5 to 4.10),	

UNIT-IV

Restoration:	8 Hrs
Noise models, Restoration in the Presence of Noise Only using Spatial Filtering and Frequency	
Domain Filtering, Linear, Position-Invariant degradations Estimating the Degradation Function,	
Inverse Filtering, Minimum Mean Square Error(Wiener) Filtering, Constrained Least Squares	
Filtering. (Text: Chapter 5: Sections 5.2, to 5.9)	
UNIT-V	
Morphological Image Processing:	8 Hrs
Preliminaries, Erosion and Dilation, Opening and Closing.	
Image Processing:	

Color Fundamentals, Color Models, Pseudo color Image Processing. (Text: Chapter 6: Sections

6.1 to 6.3 Chapter 9: Sedions9.1 to 9.3)

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to									
CO1	Describe the fundamentals of digital image processing.									
CO2	Understand image formation and the role human visual system plays in perception of gray and color image data.									
CO3	Apply image processing techniques in both the spatial and frequency (Fourier) domains.									
CO4	Design and evaluate image analysis techniques									
CO5	Conduct independent study and analysis of image Enhancement and restoration techniques									

Ref	erence Books
1.	Digital Image Processing- Rafel C Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods, PHI 3rd Edition 2010.
2.	Digital Image Processing- S.Jayaraman
3.	Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing- A K. Jain
4.	Image Processing analysis and Machine vision with Mind Tap by Milan Sonka and Roger Boile

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-
CO2	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-
CO5	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	1

	Semester:	V		
	ENVIRONMENTA	LSTUDIES		
Cou	rse Code: MVJ21CV56	CIE Marks: 50		
Cre	dits: L:T:P: 1:0:0	SEE Marks: 50		
Hou	ırs: 15 L	SEE Duration: 2 Hrs.		
Course Learning Objectives: The students will be able to				
1	Relate interdisciplinary approach to complex en- natural and social sciences including geo-syste science and international processes			

2	Study drinking water quality standards and to illustrate qualitative analysis of water.
3	Critically evaluate the science and policy ramifications of diverse energy portfolios on air and water quality, climate, weapons proliferation and societal stability.

UNIT-I	
Introduction to environmental studies, Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies; Scope	3
and importance; Concept of sustainability and sustainable development.	Hrs
Ecosystems (Structure and Function): Forest, Desert, Rivers, Ocean Biodiversity: Types, Hot	
spots; Threats and Conservation of biodiversity, Deforestation.	
Video link:https://nptel.ac.in/courses/127/106/127106004/	
UNIT-II	
Advances in Energy Systems (Merits, Demerits, Global Status and Applications): Hydrogen, Solar, Tidal and Status and Applications (Merits, Demerits, Global Status and Applications): Hydrogen, Solar, Tidal and Status and Applications (Merits, Demerits, Global Status and Applications): Hydrogen, Solar, Tidal and Status and Applications (Merits, Demerits, Global Status and Applications): Hydrogen, Solar, Tidal and Status and Applications (Merits, Status and Applications): Hydrogen, Solar, Tidal and Status and Sta	3
and Wind.	Hrs
Natural Resource Management (Concept and case-study): Disaster Management, Sustainable	
Mining and Carbon Trading.	
Video link: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/121/106/121106014/	
UNIT-III	
Environmental Pollution: Surface and Ground Water Pollution, Noise pollution, Soil Pollution	3
and Air Pollution.	Hrs
Waste Management & Public Health Aspects: Bio-medical Waste, Solid waste, Hazardous	
waste and E-waste.	
Video link:	
• https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122/106/122106030/	
• https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/103/105103205/	
• https://nptel.ac.in/courses/120/108/120108005/	
• https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/105/105105160/	
UNIT-IV	<u> </u>
Global Environmental Concerns (Concept, policies, and case-studies): Global Warming, Climate	3
Change, Acid Rain, Ozone Depletion and Fluoride problem in drinking water.	Hrs
Video link:	
• https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122/106/122106030/	
 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/120108004/ 	
 https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19 ge23/preview 	

Latest Developments in Environmental Pollution Mitigation Tools(Concept and 3Applications): G.I.S. & Remote Sensing, Environment Impact Assessment, EnvironmentalManagement Systems.

Video link:

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/102/105102015/
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/120/108/120108004/

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to				
CO1	Describe the principles of ecology and environmental issues that apply to air, land, and water issues on a global scale.				
CO2	Develop critical thinking and/or observation skills, and apply them to the analysis of a problem				
CO3	or question related to the environment. Demonstrate ecology knowledge of a complex relationship between biotic and Abiotic				
005	components.				
CO4	Apply their ecological knowledge to illustrate and graph a problem				
CO5	Describe the realities that managers face when dealing with complex issues.				

Refe	erence Books
1.	Principals of Environmental Science and Engineering, Raman Siva kumar, Cengage learning,
	Singapur, 2 nd Edition, 2005.
2.	Environmental Science - working with the Earth G.Tyler Miller Jr. Thomson Brooks /Cole,
	11 th Edition, 2006
3.	Textbook of Environmental and Ecology, Pratiba Singh, Anoop Singh & PiyushMalaviya ,
	ACME Learning Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 1st Edition.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE for 50 marks executed by way of tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 40 marks and assignment is evaluated for 10 marks. The three tests are conducted for 40 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 40. The marks for the assignments are 10 (2 assignments for 5 marks each). The marks obtained in test and assignment are added and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

SEE for 50 marks are executed by means of an examination. The Question paper contains objective type questions for 100 marks covering the entire syllabus having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

Total marks: 50+50=100

	CO-PO Mapping											
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	-	2	2	1	1	-	2	1
CO2	3	3	2	1	-	1	2	-	1	1	2	1
CO3	3	3	2	1	-	2	2	-	1	1	2	1
CO4	3	3	2	2	-	2	2	-	1	1	2	1

	Sem	ester: V	
	RESEARCH MET	THODOLOGY & IPR	
Cou	irse Code:MVJ21AEC57	CIE Marks:100	
Cre	Credits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 SEE Marks: 100		
Hours: 40L+26T		SEE Duration: 3 Hrs	
Cou	urse Learning Objectives: The students will	be able to	
1	Give an overview of the research methodology and explain the technique of defining a research problem.		
2	Explain various research designs and their characteristics.		
3	Explain the details of sampling designs, measurement and scaling techniques and also different		

	methods of data collections.
4	Explain several parametric tests of hypotheses.
5	Discuss leading International Instruments concerning Intellectual Property Rights.

UNIT-I	
Research Methodology: Introduction, Meaning of Research, Objectives of Research,	8 Hrs
Types of Research, Research Approaches, Significance of Research, Research Methods	
versus Methodology, Research and Scientific Method, Research Process, Criteria of Good	
Research, Problems Encountered by Researchers in India.	
Video link / Additional online information:	
https://youtu.be/9IJscfF_irU	
https://youtu.be/IZLn9_PA_4s	
UNIT-II	
Research Design: Meaning of Research Design, Need for Research Design, Features of a	8 Hrs
Good Design, Important Concepts Relating to Research Design, Different Research	
Designs, Basic Principles of Experimental Designs, Important Experimental Designs.	
Reviewing the literature: Place of the literature review in research, Bringing clarity and	
focus to research problem, Improving research methodology, Broadening knowledge base	
in research area, Enabling contextual findings, Review of the literature, searching the	
existing literature, reviewing the selected literature, Developing a theoretical framework,	
Developing a conceptual framework, Writing about the literature reviewed	
Video link / Additional online information:	
https://youtu.be/Yzfl3rtF0SM	
https://youtu.be/gpgzj1U7BYA	
UNIT-III	
Design of Sample Surveys: Design of Sampling: Introduction, Sample Design, Sampling	8 Hrs
and Non-sampling Errors, Sample Survey versus Census Survey, Types of Sampling	
Designs.	
Measurement and Scaling: Qualitative and Quantitative Data, Classifications of	
Measurement Scales, Goodness of Measurement Scales, Sources of Error in	
Measurement, Techniques of Developing Measurement Tools, Scaling, Scale	
Classification Bases, Scaling Technics, Multidimensional Scaling, Deciding the Scale.	
Data Collection: Introduction, Experimental and Surveys, Collection of Primary Data,	
Collection of Secondary Data.	
Video link / Additional online information:	

https://youtu.be/GVmQpGn-Zuo	
https://youtu.be/NVr0OqeAdjw	
https://youtu.be/HYj4Ght1_qs	
UNIT-IV	
Testing of Hypotheses: Hypothesis, Basic Concepts Concerning Testing of Hypotheses,	8 Hrs
Testing of Hypothesis, Test Statistics and Critical Region, Critical Value and Decision	
Rule, Procedure for Hypothesis Testing, Hypothesis Testing for Mean, Proportion,	
Variance, for Difference of Two Mean, for Difference of Two Proportions, for Difference	
of Two Variances, P-Value approach, Power of Test, Limitations of the Tests of	
Hypothesis	
Video link / Additional online information :	
• <u>https://youtu.be/IEP3swFeauE</u>	
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8oNGkvuRP60&ab_channel=NPTEL- 	
NOCIITM	
UNIT-V	1
Intellectual Property: The Concept, Intellectual Property System in India, Development	8 Hrs
of TRIPS Complied Regime in India, Patents Act, 1970, Trade Mark Act, 1999, The	
Designs Act, 2000, The Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection)	
Act1999, Copyright Act,1957, The Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers' Rights Act,	
2001, The Semi-Conductor Integrated Circuits Layout Design Act, 2000, Trade Secrets,	
Utility Models, IPR and Biodiversity, The Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD)	
1992, Competing Rationales for Protection of IPRs, Leading International Instruments	
Concerning IPR, World Intellectual Property Organisation (WIPO), WIPO and WTO,	
Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, National Treatment, Right of	
Priority, Common Rules, Patents, Marks, Industrial Designs, Trade Names, Indications of	
Source, Unfair Competition, Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT), Advantages of PCT Filing,	
Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works, Basic Principles,	
Duration of Protection, Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights(TRIPS)	
Agreement, Covered under TRIPS Agreement, Features of the Agreement, Protection of	
Intellectual Property under TRIPS, Copyright and Related Rights, Trademarks,	
Geographical indications, Industrial Designs, Patents, Patentable Subject Matter, Rights	
Conferred, Exceptions, Term of protection, Conditions on Patent Applicants, Process	
Patents, Other Use without Authorization of the Right Holder, Layout-Designs of	
Integrated Circuits, Protection of Undisclosed Information, Enforcement of Intellectual	
Property Rights, UNSECO.	

Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to		
CO1	To give an overview of the research methodology and explain the technique of defining a research problem	
CO2	To explain various research designs and their characteristics	
CO3	To explain the details of sampling designs, measurement and scaling techniques and also different methods of data collections	
CO4	To explain several parametric tests of hypotheses	
CO5	To discuss leading International Instruments concerning Intellectual Property Rights.	

Refe	erence Books
1.	Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, C.R. Kothari, Gaurav Garg, New Age
	International, 4th Edition, 2018
2.	Study Material (For the topic Intellectual Property under module 5)Professional Programme
	Intellectual Property Rights, Law and Practice, The Institute of Company Secretaries of India,
	Statutory Body Under an Act of Parliament, September 2013
3.	Research Methods: the concise knowledge base, Trochim, Atomic Dog Publishing, 2005

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the

entire syllabus. Part – B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

						CO-P	O/PSO	Mapp	ing					
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
CO2	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3
CO3	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
CO4	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
CO5	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1

		Semester: V	
	UNIVEI	RSAL HUMAN VAL	UES
Cou	rse Code:MVJ21UHVI58		CIE Marks: 50
Crea	lits: L:T:P: 2:0:0		SEE Marks: 50
Hou	rs: 30L		SEE Duration: 3 Hrs.
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students	will be able to	
1	Appreciate the essential complementation happiness and prosperity which are the		JES' and 'SKILLS' to ensure sustained human beings.

	Facilitate the development of a Holistic perspective among students towards life and profession as well
2	as towards happiness and prosperity based on a correct understanding of the Human reality and the rest
	of existence. Such a holistic perspective forms the basis of Universal Human Values and movement
	towards value-based living in a natural way.
2	Highlight plausible implications of such a Holistic understanding in terms of ethical human conduct,
3	trustful and mutually fulfilling human behavior and mutually enriching interaction with Nature.

UNIT-I

UNII-I	
Introduction to Value Education: Right Understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility	
(Holistic Development and the Role of Education), Understanding Value Education, Self-	
exploration as the Process for Value Education, Continuous Happiness and Prosperity - the	
Basic Human Aspirations, Happiness and Prosperity - Current Scenario, Method to Fulfill the	
Basic Human Aspirations.	
Practical Sessions: (1) Sharing about Oneself (2) Exploring Human Consciousness (3)	
Exploring Natural Acceptance	6Hrs
Video link:	
• https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=85XCw8SU084	
• https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=E1STJoXCXUU&list=PLWDeKF97v9SP_Kt6jqzA3p	
Z3yA7g_OAQz	
• https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCQxWr5QB_eZUnwxSwxXEkQw	
UNIT-II	
Harmony in the Human Being: Understanding Human being as the Co-existence of the Self and	
the Body, Distinguishing between the Needs of the Self and the Body, The Body as an Instrument	
of the Self, Understanding Harmony in the Self, Harmony of the Self with the Body, Programme	
to ensure self-regulation and Health.	
Practical Sessions: (4) Exploring the difference of Needs of Self and Body (5) Exploring Sources	6Hrs
of Imagination in the Self (6) Exploring Harmony of Self with the Body	UIIIS
Video link:	
• https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GpuZo495F24	
• https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCQxWr5QB_eZUnwxSwxXEkQw	
UNIT-III	
Harmony in the Family and Society: Harmony in the Family – the Basic Unit of Human	6 Hrs

Interaction, 'Trust' – the Foundational Value in Relationship, 'Respect' – as the Right Evaluation,	
Other Feelings, Justice in Human-to-Human Relationship, Understanding Harmony in the Society,	
Vision for the Universal Human Order.	
Practical Sessions : (7) Exploring the Feeling of Trust (8) Exploring the Feeling of Respect (9)	
Exploring Systems to fulfill Human Goal	
Video link:	
• https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=F2KVW4WNnS	
 https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCQxWr5QB_eZUnwxSwxXEkQw 	
UNIT-IV	
Harmony in the Nature/Existence: Understanding Harmony in the Nature, Interconnectedness,	
self-regulation and Mutual Fulfillment among the Four Orders of Nature, Realizing Existence as	
Co-existence at All Levels, The Holistic Perception of Harmony in Existence.	
Practical Sessions: (10) Exploring the Four Orders of Nature (11) Exploring Co-existence in	
Existence	6 Hrs
	0 1113
Video link:	
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1HR-QB2mCF0 	
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lfN8q0xUSpw 	
 https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCQxWr5QB_eZUnwxSwxXEkQw 	
UNIT-V	
Implications of the Holistic Understanding – a Look at Professional Ethics: Natural	
Acceptance of Human Values, Definitiveness of (Ethical) Human Conduct, A Basis for Humanistic	
Education, Humanistic Constitution and Universal Human Order, Competence in Professional	
Ethics, Holistic Technologies, Production Systems and Management Models-Typical Case Studies,	
Strategies for Transition towards Value-based Life and Profession	
Practical Sessions: (12) Exploring Ethical Human Conduct (13) Exploring Humanistic Models in	6 Hrs
Education (14) Exploring Steps of Transition towards Universal Human Order	
Video link:	
Video link: • https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BikdYub6RY0	

Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to CO1 Explore themselves, get comfortable with each other and with the teacher

CO2	Enlist their desires and the desires are not vague.
CO3	Restate that the natural acceptance (intention) is always for living in harmony, only competence
	is lacking
CO4	Differentiate between the characteristics and activities of different orders and study the mutual
	fulfillment among them
CO5	Present sustainable solutions to the problems in society and nature

Refe	erence Books
1.	AICTE SIP UHV-I Teaching Material, https://fdp-si.aicte india.org/ AicteSipUHV _download.php
2.	A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria,
	2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1
3.	Teachers' Manual for A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, R R Gaur, R
	Asthana, G P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-53-2
4.	Human Values and Professional Ethics by R R Gaur, R Sangal, G P Bagaria, Excel Books, New Delhi,
	2010

CIE for 50 marks is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

Total marks: 50+50=100

CO-PO Mapping

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		1				2	2	3	2	1	2	1
CO2		1				2	2	3	2	1	2	1
CO3		1				2	2	3	2	1	2	1
CO4		1				2	2	3	2	1	2	1
CO5		1				2	2	3	2	1	2	1

VI SEMESTER

Course Code	MVJ22CS61	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T S)	:P: 2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objective	S		
CLO 1. Outline softw	are engineering	principles and a	ctivities involved in
building large s	oftware progran	ns. Identify ethic	al and professional
issues and expl	ain why they are	e of concern toSo	oftware Engineers.
CLO 2. Describe the p classification, re validation.	•	ement gathering	•
CLO 3. Infer the fund system models,	-	ect oriented con ms and apply de	-
CLO 4. Explain the ro	le of DevOps in A	Agile Implement	ation.
CLO 5. Discuss variou	s types of softw	are testing pract	ices and
software evolution p	rocesses. CLO 6.	Recognize the i	mportance
Project Management	with its method	ls and methodol	ogies.
CLO 7. Identify softw measurements outline the prac	are quality para and metrics. List ctices involved	meters and quar software quality	ntify software using y standards and
Teaching-Learning Process	s (General Instru	ictions)	
These are sample Strategie	es, which teache	rs can use to acc	elerate the
attainment of the various o	course outcome	S.	
1. Lecturer method	d (L) need not to	be only a traditi	onal lecture
method, but alto	ernativeeffectiv	e teaching meth	ods could be
adopted to attai	in the outcomes		
•	• • • • • • • • • • •	· · · · ·	r
 Use of Video/Ar Encourage colla 		-	•

class, which promotes critical thinking.

- Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it

helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction, Modelling Concepts and Class Modelling: What is Object orientation? What is OO development? OO Themes; Evidence for usefulness of OO development; OO modelling history. Modelling as Design technique: Modelling, abstraction, The Three models. Class Modelling: Object and Class Concept, Link and associations concepts, Generalization and Inheritance, A sample class model, Navigation of class models, Introduction to RUP(Textbook: 5 Sec 2.4) and UML diagrams

Textbook 3: Chapter 1,2,3

Building the Analysis Models: Requirement Analysis, Analysis Model Approaches, Data modeling Concepts, Object Oriented Analysis, Scenario-Based Modeling, Flow-Oriented Modeling, class Based Modeling, Creating a Behavioral Model.

Textbook 1: Chapter 8: 8.1 to 8.8

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
	Module-2

	atages; Development life Cycle; System Conception: Devising a ng a concept; preparing a problem statement. Domain Analysis: nain Class model: Domain state model; Domain interaction model;
Text Book-2:Chapter- 10,	,11,and 12
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
	Module3
Use Cae on Banking System,	Health Care , ATM , LMS,
Textbook 1: Chapter 13: 13.1	. to 13.7
Agile Methodology & DevOp	s: Before Agile – Waterfall, Agile Development,
Self-Learning Section:	
	Importance and Benefits, DevOps Principles and Practices, 7 C's of ess Agility, DevOps and Continuous Testing, How to Choose Right ith DevOps Implementation.
Textbook 4: Chapter 2: 2.1 to	2.9
•	2.9 Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
•	
Textbook 4: Chapter 2: 2.1 to Teaching-Learning Process Introduction to Project Ma	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration Module-4
Teaching-Learning Process Introduction to Project Ma Introduction, Project and Activities Covered by Softv Some ways of categorizing Case, Project Success an	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration Module-4
Teaching-Learning Process Introduction to Project Ma Introduction, Project and Activities Covered by Softv Some ways of categorizing Case, Project Success an	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration Module-4 anagement: Importance of Project Management, Contract Management, ware Project Management, Plans, Methods and Methodologies, g Software Projects, Stakeholders, Setting Objectives, Business and Failure, Management and Management Control, Project aditional versus Modern Project Management Practices.
Teaching-Learning Process Introduction to Project Ma Introduction, Project and Activities Covered by Softv Some ways of categorizing Case, Project Success an Management life cycle, Tra	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration Module-4 anagement: Importance of Project Management, Contract Management, ware Project Management, Plans, Methods and Methodologies, g Software Projects, Stakeholders, Setting Objectives, Business and Failure, Management and Management Control, Project aditional versus Modern Project Management Practices.

Activity Planning:

Objectives of Activity Planning, When to Plan, Project Schedules, Sequencing and Scheduling Activities, Network Planning Models, Forward Pass– Backward Pass, Identifying critical path, Activity Float, Shortening Project Duration, Activity on Arrow Networks.

Apple's iPhone develeopment

NASA's Mars Rover Mission

Textbook 3: Chapter 6: 6.1 to 6.16

Software Quality:

Introduction, The place of software quality in project planning, Importance of software quality, software

quality models, ISO 9126, quality management systems, process capability models, techniques to enhance software quality, quality plans.

Textbook 3: Chapter 13: (13.1 to 13.6 , 13.9, 13.11, 13.14),

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Course Outcomes	
At the end of the course the stu	dent will be able to:
CO 1. Understand the activiti models	ies involved in software engineering and analyze the role of variousprocess
CO 2. Explain the basics of ob techniques	oject-oriented concepts and build a suitable class model using modelling
CO 3. Describe various softw and DevOps	are testing methods and to understand the importance of agilemethodology
•	oject planning and quality management in software developmentCO 5. of activity planning and different planning models

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marksand will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom'staxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common questionpapers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scoredshall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Roger S. Pressman: Software Engineering-A Practitioners approach, 7th Edition, Tata McGrawHill.
- 2. 12 Grady Booch et. al.: Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 3. 13Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.

- 3. Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell, Rajib Mall: Software Project Management, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2018.
- 4. Deepak Gaikwad, Viral Thakkar, DevOps Tools From Practitioner's Viewpoint, Wiley.
- 5. Ian Sommerville: Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.

Reference:

1. Pankaj Jalote: An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, Wiley India.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs68/preview</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WxkP5KR_Emk&list=PLrjkTql3jnm9b5nr-</u> ggx7Pt1G4UAHeFIJ
- 3. <u>http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/CSE.php</u>
- 4. <u>http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/15CS42.html</u>
- 5. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/128/106/128106012/</u> (DevOps)

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Case study, Field visit

						CO-P	O/PSO	Mapp	ing					
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1	1	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	1	-	-	1	1	-	2	3	3	3	3	-	2	-
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	3	3	3	3	2	1

	Semester: V	71
	MACHINE LEARNIN	G AND LAB
Cou	rse Code: MVJ21AI62	CIE Marks:50+50
Cre	dits: L:T:P: 3:0:1	SEE Marks: 50 +50
Hou	rs:40 L+ 26 P	SEE Duration: 03+03 Hours
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students will be abl	e to
1	Define machine learning and problems relevant to	machine learning.
2	Differentiate supervised, unsupervised and reinfor	cement learning.
3	Apply neural networks, Bayes classifier and k near learning.	rest neighbor, for problems appear in machine
4	Perform statistical analysis of machine learning tea	chniques.
5	Define machine learning and problems relevant to	machine learning.

UNIT-I	
Introduction: Well posed learning problems, Designing a Learning system, Perspective and	10 Hrs
Issues in Machine Learning.	
Concept Learning: Concept learning task, Concept learning as search, Find-S algorithm,	
Version space, Candidate Elimination algorithm, Inductive Bias.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
To understand purpose, give real time dataset(problem) and ask to students to solve in class	
room.	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
• <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rQ3oi9g8alY</u>	
• https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h0e2HAPTGF4	
UNIT-II	I
Decision Tree Learning	10 Hrs
Decision tree representation, Appropriate problems for decision tree learning, Basic decision	
tree learning algorithm, hypothesis space search in decision tree learning, Inductive bias in	
decision tree learning, Issues in decision tree learning.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
Ask students to design a Decision Tree using freely available dataset or problem in classroom.	

Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qDcl-FRnwSU
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FuJVLsZYkuE

UNIT-III

Bayesian Learning and Evaluating Hypotheses	10 Hrs
Bayesian Learning: Introduction, Bayes theorem, Bayes theorem and concept learning, MDL	
principle, Naive Bayes classifier, Bayesian belief networks, EM algorithm.	
Evaluating Hypotheses: Estimating hypothesis accuracy, Basics of sampling theorem, General	
approach for deriving confidence intervals, Difference in error of two hypothesis	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
Ask the students to build Bayes Belief Networks for real time problem in class room.	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
• https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=480a_2jRdK0	
• https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=E3l26bTdtxI	
UNIT-IV	1
Artificial Neural Networks and Instance based Learning	10 Hrs
Artificial Neural Networks: Introduction, Neural Network representation, Appropriate	
problems, Perceptrons, Back propagation algorithm. Instanced Based Learning: Introduction, k-	
nearest neighbor learning, locally weighted regression.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
Give real time problem and ask students to design an ANN using perceptrons.	
Video link:	
• https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xbYgKoG4x2g&list=PL53BE265CE4A6C056.	
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BRMS3T11Cdw&list=PL3pGy4HtqwD2a 	
57wl7Cl7tmfxfk7JWJ9Y	
UNIT-V	
Reinforcement Learning and Deep Learning : Reinforcement Learning: Introduction, Learning Task, Q Learning.	10 Hrs
Deep Learning: Introduction to Deep Learning-Reasons to go Deep Learning, Introduction to	
Convolution Networks ,Restricted Boltzmann Machines, Deep Belief Nets, Recurrent Nets.	
Video link:	
 <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TIIDzLZPyhY&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M_FwzHF</u> 	
Ayf4LSkz_IjMyjD9	
 <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iOh7QUZGyiU&list=PLqYmG7hTraZDNJre23</u> 	

LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS

- Implement and demonstrate the FIND-S algorithm for finding the most specific hypothesis based on a given set of training data samples. Read the training data from a .CSV file and show the output for test cases. Develop an interactive program by Compareing the result by implementing LIST THEN ELIMINATE algorithm.
- 2. For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the Candidate-Elimination algorithm. Output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples.
- Demonstrate Pre processing (Data Cleaning, Integration and Transformation) activity on suitable data: For example: Identify and Delete Rows that Contain Duplicate Data by considering an appropriate dataset. Identify and Delete Columns That Contain a Single Value by considering an appropriate dataset
- 4. Demonstrate the working of the decision tree based ID3 algorithm. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge to classify a new sample.
- 5. Demonstrate the working of the Random forest algorithm. Use an appropriate data set for building and apply this knowledge to classify a new sample
- 6. Implement the naïve Bayesian classifier for a sample training data set stored as a .CSV file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets.
- 7. Assuming a set of documents that need to be classified, use the naive Bayesian Classifier model to perform this task. Calculate the accuracy, precision, and recall for your data set.
- 8. Construct aBayesian network considering medical data. Use this model to demonstrate the diagnosis of heart patients using standard Heart Disease Data Set.
- 9. Demonstrate the working of EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file.
- 10. Demonstrate the working of SVM classifier for a suitable data set

Web Link and Video Lectures(Self Learning)

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rurs7cdT5cc
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jQerVWxOGMc
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=X-wAtdGS5No
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Db-tV8JJ3ZQ
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Yb7vcX0inbM

Cour	se Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Identify the issues in machine learning and Algorithms for solving it.
CO2	Explain theory of probability and statistics related to machine learning.
CO3	Investigate concept learning, ANN, Bayes classifier, k nearest neighbor, Q, Learning.
CO4	Identify the difference between Machine Learning and Deep Learning and using scenario

Ref	erence Books
1.	Tom M. Mitchell, Machine Learning, India Edition 2013, McGraw Hill Education.
2.	Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, h The Elements of Statistical Learning, 2nd
	edition, springer series in statistics.

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the self -study are 20 (2 presentations are be held for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and self -studies are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Laboratory- 50 Marks

The laboratory session is held every week as per the time table and the performance of the student is evaluated in every session. The average of the marks over number of weeks is considered for 30 marks. At the end of the semester a test is conducted for 10 marks. The students are encouraged to implement additional innovative experiments in the lab and are awarded 10 marks. Total marks for the laboratory is 50.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks are executed by means of an examination.

The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the complete syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

Laboratory- 50 Marks

Experiment Conduction with proper results is evaluated for 40 marks and Viva is for 10 marks. Total SEE for laboratory is 50 marks.

CO-PO/PSO Mapping														
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	1	-
CO3	2	2	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	1
CO4	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2	-	-
CO5	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2	2	-

	Semester	r: VI
	WEB TECHNOLO	GIES AND LAB
Cou	rse Code: MVJ21AI 63	CIE Marks:50+50
Cre	dits: L:T:P: 3:0:1	SEE Marks: 50 +50
Hou	rs:40 L+ 26 P	SEE Duration: 03+03 Hours
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students will be	able to
1	To understand different Internet Technologies.	
2	To learn java-specific web services architecture	3
3	To understand the SQL and JDBC	
4	To learn the AJAX and JSON	
5	To understand different Internet Technologies.	

UNIT-I	
Website Basics, HTML5, CSS 3, Web 2.0: Web Essentials: Clients, Servers and	10 Hrs
Communication ,The Internet, Basic Internet protocols, World wide web, HTTP Request	
Message, HTTP Response Message, Web Clients, Web Servers, HTML5 : Tables, Lists,	
Image, HTML5 control elements, Semantic elements, Drag and Drop, Audio, Video controls,	
CSS3: Inline, embedded and external style sheets, Rule cascading, Inheritance, Backgrounds,	
Border Images, Colours, Shadows, Text, Transformations	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
1. Design HTML form for keeping student record.	
2. Write a HTML code to generate following output.	
Create an html page with following specifications	
a. Title should be about my college	
b. Put the image in the background	
c. Place your College name at the top of the page in large text followed by address in	
smaller size	
d. Add names of courses offered each in a different color, style and typeface	
e. Add scrolling text with a message of your choice	
Video link / Additional online information:	
• <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QEtWL41W1L4</u>	
• <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JsbxB2l7QGY&list=PLVlQHNRLflP_hIZuBNjr6</u>	
rZzqa2HZFkny	
• <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h_RftxdJTzs</u>	
	1

UNIT-II	
Client side Programming: An Introduction to java Script, JavaScript DOM Model, Date and	10 Hrs
Object, Regular Expression, Exception Handling, Validation, Built-in Objects, Event	
Handling, DHTML with JavaScript, JSON introduction, Syntax, Function Files, Http Request,	
SQL.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
1. Write a JavaScript to design a simple calculator to perform the following operations:	
sum, product, difference and quotient.	
2. Write a JavaScript code that displays text "TEXT-GROWING" with increasing font	
size in the interval of 100ms in RED COLOR, when the font size reaches 50pt it	
displays "TEXT-SHRINKING" in BLUE color. Then the font size decreases to 5pt.	
Video link / Additional online information:	
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uDwSnnhl1Ng&list=PLsyeobzWxl7qtP8Lo9TRe 	
qUMkiOp446cV	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zPTY1hKq3SU&list=PLVlQHNRLflP-	
ByWEVjCZAj79kJdshKQwu	
UNIT-III	
Server Side Programming: Java Servlet Architecture, Servlet Life Cycle, Form GET and	10 Hrs
POST actions, Session handling, Installing and Configuring Apache Tomcat Web Server,	
Database Connectivity: JDBC perspectives, JDBC Program Example, JSP: Understanding Java	
server page, JSP Standard Tag Library (JSTL), Creating HTML form using JSP Code.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
1. Assume four users user1, user2, user3 and user4 having the passwords pwd1, pwd2, pwd3	
and pwd4 respectively. Write a servlet for doing the following.	
a. Create a Cookie and add these four user id's and passwords to this Cookie.	
b. Read the user id and passwords entered in the Login form and authenticate with	
the values available in the cookies.	
2. Write a JSP which insert the details of the 3 or 4users who register with the web site by	
using registration form. Authenticate the user when he submits the login form using the	
user name and password from the database.	
Video link / Additional online information:	
 <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7TOmdDJc14s&list=PLsyeobzWxl7pUPF2xjjJiG</u> 	
<u>4BKC9x_GY46</u>	
• <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xve6QEgIR-</u>	
0&list=PL0zysOflRCel5BSXoslpfDawe8FyyOSZb	

UNIT-IV	
PHP: Introduction to PHP, PHP using PHP, Variables, Program Control, Built-in Functions,	10 Hrs
Form Validation, Basic command with PHP examples, Connection to server, creating	
Database, Selecting Database, Listing Database, listing table names Creating a table, Inserting	
data, deleting data and tables, altering tables.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
1. Write a PHP program to keep track of the number of visitors visiting the web page and	
to display this count of visitors, with proper headings.	
2. Write a PHP program to display a digital clock which displays the current time of the server.	
3. Write a PHP program to sort the student records which are stored in the database using selection sort.	
4. Design an XML document to store information about a student in an engineering college affiliated to VTU. The information must include USN, Name, and Name of the	
College, Branch, Year of Joining, and email id. Make up sample data for 3 students.	
Create a CSS style sheet and use it to display the document.	
Video link / Additional online information :	
• https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=itRkLa2kq6w	
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KJHYdkKtafU 	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G_CFRAdbXfI&list=PL_RGaFnxSHWrjkpK2zD4TWK WMWVfeYK-b	
UNIT-V	
AJAX: Ajax client server architecture, Xml HTTP request object, Call back methods.	10 Hrs
Advanced JavaScript and jQuery, JavaScript Pseudo-Classes, jQuery Foundations, Web	
Services: Introduction, Java web services Basics, Creating, Publishing, Testing and Describing	
a web services, Database driven web service from an application.	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
1. Creating simple application to access data base using JDBC Formatting HTML with CSS.	
2. Write a Program for manipulating Databases and SQL with real time application.	
3. Write a Java applet to display the Application Program screen i.e. calculator and other.	
Video link / Additional online information	
• https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qk9MWbyRlhE	
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0pzR2FGTEhk 	

LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Create a web page with the following.
 - a. Cascading style sheets.
 - b. Embedded style sheets.
 - c. Inline style sheets.

Use our college information(Department of CSE) for the web pages.

- 2. Design HTML form for keeping student record and validate it using Java script.
- 3. Write an HTML program to design an entry form of student details and send it to store at database server like SQL, Oracle or MS Access.
- 4. Write a JavaScript code that displays text "TEXT-GROWING" with increasing font size in the interval of 100ms in RED COLOR, when the font size reaches 50pt it displays "TEXT-SHRINKING" in BLUE color. Then the font size decreases to 5pt.
- 5. Assume four users user1, user2, user3 and user4 having the passwords pwd1, pwd2, pwd3 and pwd4 respectively. Write a servlet for doing the following.
- i. Create a Cookie and add these four user id's and passwords to this Cookie.
- ii. Read the user id and passwords entered in the Login form and authenticate with the values available in the cookies.
- 6. Write a JSP which insert the details of the 3 or 4 users who register with the web site by using registration form. Authenticate the user when he submits the login form using the user name and password from the database.
- 7. Validate the form using PHP regular expression. PHP stores a form data in to database
- 8. Write a PHP program to display a digital clock which displays the current time of the server.
- 9. Creating simple application to access data base using JDBC Formatting HTML with CSS.
- 10. Write a Program for manipulating Databases and SQL with real time application

Cour	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to							
CO1	Construct a basic website using HTML and Cascading Style Sheets.							
CO2	Build dynamic web page with validation using Java Script objects and by applying different event handling mechanism.							
CO3	Develop server side programs using Servlets and JSP.							
CO4	Construct simple web pages in PHP and to represent data in XML format.							
CO5	Use AJAX and web services to develop interactive web applications.							

Refe	erence Books
1.	Deitel and Deitel and Nieto,Internet and World Wide Web, How to Program, Prentice Hall, 5th
	Edition, 2011.
2.	Randy Connolly, Ricardo Hoar, "Fundamentals of Web Development", 1stEdition, Pearson
	Education India. (ISBN:978-9332575271)
3.	Stephen Wynkoop and John Burke — Running a Perfect Websitell, QUE, 2nd Edition, 1999
4.	Chris Bates, Web Programming – Building Intranet Applications, 3rd Edition, Wiley
	Publications, 2009.

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the self -study are 20 (2 presentations are be held for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and self -studies are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Laboratory- 50 Marks

The laboratory session is held every week as per the time table and the performance of the student is evaluated in every session. The average of the marks over number of weeks is considered for 30 marks. At the end of the semester a test is conducted for 10 marks. The students are encouraged to implement additional innovative experiments in the lab and are awarded 10 marks. Total marks for the laboratory is 50.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks are executed by means of an examination.

The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the complete syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a

maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

Laboratory- 50 Marks

Experiment Conduction with proper results is evaluated for 40 marks and Viva is for 10 marks. Total SEE for laboratory is 50 marks.

						CO-P	O/PSO	Mapp	ing					
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
CO2	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3
CO3	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
CO4	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
CO5	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1

	Semester: VI								
	Open Elective I								
	CLOUI	D COMPUTING							
Cou	rse Code:MVJ21AI641	0	CIE Marks:100						
Cre	dits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0	S	EE Marks: 100						
Hou	ırs: 40L+26T	S	EE Duration: 3 Hrs						
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students	will be able to							
1	To understand the fundamental ideas behind Cloud Computing, the evolution of the paradigm, its applicability; benefits, as well as current and future challenges;								
2	To introduce the basic ideas and princip and cloud software deployment conside	_	; cloud management techniques						
3	To discuss the different CPU, memory and I/O virtualization techniques that serve in offering software, computation and storage services on the cloud; Software Defined Networks (SDN) and Software Defined Storage (SDS);								
4	To introduce cloud storage technologies and relevant distributed file systems, NoSQL databases and object storage;								
5	To discuss the variety of programming them.	models and develop worl	king experience in several of						

UNIT-I	
Introduction to Cloud Computing: Cloud Computing in a Nutshell, Roots of Cloud	10
Computing, Layers and Types of Clouds, Desired Features of a Cloud, Cloud Infrastructure	Hrs
Management, Infrastructure as a Service Providers, Platform as a Service Providers,	
Challenges and Risks, Broad Approaches to Migrating into the Cloud, The Seven-Step Model of	
Migration into a Cloud	
Applications:	
Microsoft Azure, Amazon Web Services	
Video link / Additional online information :	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PW-V-72MJNY	
UNIT-II	
Integration as a Service' Paradigm for the Cloud Era:	10
An Introduction, The Onset of Knowledge Era, The Evolution of SaaS, The Challenges of SaaS	Hrs
Paradigm, Approaching the SaaS Integration Enigma, New Integration Scenarios, The	
Integration Methodologies, SaaS Integration Products and Platforms, SaaS Integration Services,	
	1

Businesses-to-Business Integration (B2Bi) Services, A Framework of Sensor- Cloud Integration,

SaaS Integration Appliances, Issues for Enterprise Applications on the Cloud, Transition	
Challenges, Enterprise Cloud Technology and Market Evolution, Business Drivers Toward a	
Marketplace for Enterprise Cloud Computing, The Cloud Supply Chain	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
1. Installation and Configuration of Hadoop.	
Applications: PAAS (Facebook, Google App Engine)	
Video link / Additional online information :	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ifZh5SJAujA	
UNIT-III	
Virtual Machines Provisioning and Migration Services:	10
Introduction and Inspiration- Background and Related Work-Virtual Machines Provisioning and	Hrs
Manageability- Virtual Machine Migration Services- VM Provisioning and Migration in	
Action-Provisioning in the Cloud Context- The Anatomy of Cloud Infrastructures-Distributed	
Management of Virtual Infrastructures - Scheduling Techniques for Advance Reservation of	
Capacity- Capacity Management to meet SLA Commitments- RVWS Design and Cluster as a	
Service: The Logical Design	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
Implementation of Para-Virtualization using VM Ware's Workstation/ Oracle's Virtual Box and	
Guest O.S	
Applications:	
Hardware Virtualization, Operating system Virtualization, Server Virtualization, Storage	
Virtualization	
Video link / Additional online information :	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7m3f-P-WWbg	
UNIT-IV	
Platform and Software as a Service: Technologies and Tools for Cloud Computing- Aneka	10
Cloud Platform- Aneka Resource Provisioning Service- Hybrid Cloud Implementation – Comet	Hrs
Cloud Architecture- Autonomic Behavior of Comet Cloud- Overview of Comet Cloud-based	
Applications- Implementation and Evaluation- Workflow Management Systems and Clouds-	
Architecture of Workflow Management Systems - Utilizing Clouds for Workflow Execution-	
Case Study: Evolutionary Multi objective Optimizations- Visionary thoughts for Practitioners	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
Create an application (Ex: Word Count) using Hadoop Map/Reduce.	
Applications: Schedule book	
Video link / Additional online information :	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3KJjKY8k9Lk	

UNIT-V	
MapReduce Programming Model and Implementations: MapReduce Programming Model-	10
Major MapReduce Implementations for the Cloud- The Basic Principles of Cloud Computing-A	Hrs
Model for Federated Cloud Computing- Traditional Approaches to SLO Management- Types of	
SLA- Life Cycle of SLA- SLA Management in Cloud- Automated Policy-based Management-	
The Current State of Data Security in the Cloud-Data Privacy and Security Issues-	
Producer_Consumer Relationship-Cloud Service Life Cycle	
Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:	
Create your resume in a neat format using google and zoho cloud Programs on PaaS	
Applications: Network Storage, Google Apps and Microsoft office online	
Video link / Additional online information :	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uj2Sb7b_Do0	

Cour	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to						
CO1	Recall the recent history of cloud computing, illustrating its motivation and evolution.						
CO2	List some of the enabling technologies in cloud computing and discuss their significance						
CO3	Articulate the economic benefits as well as issues/risks of the cloud paradigm for businesses as well as cloud providers						
CO4	Define SLAs and SLOs and illustrate their importance in Cloud Computing.						
CO5	List some of the common cloud providers and their associated cloud stacks and recall popular cloud use case scenarios.						

Ref	erence Books
1.	Cloud Computing, Principles and Paradigms, Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg,
	Wiley Publication
2.	Dan C Marinescu: Cloud Computing Theory and Practice. Elsevier(MK) 2013.

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be

more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

						CO-PO	D/PSO	Mapp	oing					
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1	1	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	1	-	-	1	1	-	2	3	3	3	3	-	2	-
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	3	3	3	3	2	1

	Semester: V	/I							
	Open Electiv	ve I							
	FOUNDATION OF DA	TA SCIENCE							
Cou	rse Code: MVJ21AI642	CIE Marks:100							
Cre	Credits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 SEE Marks: 100								
Hou	urs: 40L+26T	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs							
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students will be abl	le to							
	To provide strong foundation for data science	and application area related to information							
1	1 technology and understand the underlying core concepts and emerging technologies in data								
	science								

UNIT-I						
INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE: Definition - Big Data and Data Science	10 Hrs					
Hype - Why data science - Getting Past the Hype - The Current Landscape - Who is						
Data Scientist? - Data Science Process Overview - Defining goals - Retrieving data -						
Data preparation – Data exploration – Data modeling – Presentation.						
Video Links :						
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KMj49syT8JM&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M-						
sBjDcT21Gpnj8grR2fDgc						
UNIT-II						
BIG DATA: Problems when handling large data – General techniques for handling large	10 Hrs					
data - Case study - Steps in big data - Distributing data storage and processing with						
Frameworks – Case study.						
Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101163/						
UNIT-III						
MACHINE LEARNING: Machine learning – Modeling Process – Training model –	10 Hrs					
Validating model - Predicting new observations -Supervised learning algorithms -						
Unsupervised learning algorithms.						
Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101163/						
UNIT-IV						
DEEP LEARNING: Introduction – Deep Feedforward Networks – Regularization –	10 Hrs					
Optimization of Deep Learning - Convolutional Networks - Recurrent and Recursive						
Nets – Applications of Deep Learning.						
Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101163/						
UNIT-V						
DATA VISUALIZATION : Introduction to data visualization – Data visualization	10 Hrs					

options – Filters – MapReduce – Dashboard development tools – Creating an interactive dashboard with dc.js-summary.

Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101163/

Cour	se Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Explore the fundamental concepts of data science.
CO2	Understand data analysis techniques for applications handling large data
CO3	Understand various machine learning algorithms used in data science process
CO4	Visualize and present the inference using various tools
CO5	Learn to think through the ethics surrounding privacy, data sharing and algorithmic decision-
	making

Ref	erence Books
1.	Introducing Data Science, Davy Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman, Mohamed Ali, Manning
	Publications Co., 1st edition, 2016
2.	An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R, Gareth James, Daniela Witten,
	Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Springer, 1st edition, 2013
3.	Deep Learning, Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, MIT Press, 1st edition, 2016
4.	Ethics and Data Science, D J Patil, Hilary Mason, Mike Loukides, O' Reilly, 1st edition, 2018

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE): Total marks: 50+50=100 SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

						CO-P	O/PSO	Mapp	ing					
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-
CO2	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-
CO5	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	1

Semeste	er: VI						
Open Eld	ective I						
INTRODUCTIO	N TO DRONES						
Course Code:MVJ21AI643 CIE Marks:100							
edits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0	SEE Marks: 100						
rs: 40L+26T	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs						
rse Learning Objectives: The students will be	e able to						

UNIT-I	
INTRODUCTION TO UAV: History of UAV -classification - Introduction to Unmanned	<mark>8 Hrs</mark>
Aircraft Systemsmodels and prototypes – System Composition-applications.	
Video Links : https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/101104073/L01.html	
UNIT-II	
THE DESIGN OF UAV SYSTEMS :Introduction to Design and Selection of the System-	<mark>8 Hrs</mark>
Aerodynamics and Airframe Configurations- Characteristics of Aircraft Types- Design	
Standards and Regulatory Aspects-UK, USA and Europe- Design for Stealthcontrol surfaces-	
specifications.	
Video Links: https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/101104083/L01.html	
UNIT-III	
AVIONICS HARDWARE : Autopilot – AGL-pressure sensors-servos-accelerometer –gyros-	<mark>8 Hrs</mark>
actuators- power supply- processor, integration, installation, configuration, and testing.	
Video Links:https://nptel.ac.in/courses/101/104/101104083/	
UNIT-IV	
COMMUNICATION PAYLOADS AND CONTROLS: Payloads-Telemetry-tracking-Aerial	<mark>8 Hrs</mark>
photography-controls-PID feedback-radio control frequency range -modems-memory system-	
simulation-ground test-analysis-trouble shooting.	
Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/101/108/101108047/	
UNIT-V	
THE DEVELOPMENT OF UAV SYSTEMS : Waypoints navigation-ground control software-	<mark>8 Hrs</mark>
System Ground Testing- System In-flight Testing- Future Prospects and Challenges-Case	
Studies – Mini and Micro UAVs.	
Video Links:https://nptel.ac.in/courses/101/104/101104073/	

Cours	se Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Ability to design UAV system
CO2	Prepare preliminary design requirements for an unmanned aerial vehicle.
CO3	Perform system testing for unmanned aerial vehicles
CO4	Integrate various systems of unmanned aerial vehicle.
CO5	Design micro aerial vehicle systems by considering practical limitations.

Ref	erence Books
<mark>1.</mark>	Paul G Fahlstrom, Thomas J Gleason, "Introduction to UAV Systems", UAV Systems, Inc, 1998
2.	Reg Austin "Unmanned Aircraft Systems UAV design, development and deployment", Wiley, 2010.
3.	Dr. Armand J. Chaput, "Design of Unmanned Air Vehicle Systems", Lockheed Martin Aeronautics Company, 2001
<mark>4.</mark>	Kimon P. Valavanis, "Advances in Unmanned Aerial Vehicles: State of the Art and the Road to Autonomy", Springer, 2007

Theory for 50 Marks

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Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part – A and Part – B. Part – A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part – B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

						CO-P	<mark>O/PSO</mark>	Mapp	ing					
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	<mark>3</mark>	2	3	<mark>3</mark>	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	-
CO2	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	2	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
CO3	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	2	<mark>3</mark>	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	<mark>3</mark>	-
CO4	3	<mark>3</mark>	2	<mark>3</mark>	2	-	-	-	-	-	_	2	<mark>3</mark>	2
CO5	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	2	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>

	Sei	mester: VI
	Ope	en Elective I
	JAVA PR	OGRAMMING
Cou	rse Code:MVJ21AI643	CIE Marks:100
Cre	lits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0	SEE Marks: 100
Hou	rs: 40L+26T	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students w	vill be able to
1	Learn fundamental features of object orie	ented language and JAVA
2	Set up Java JDK environment to create, o	debug and run simple Java programs
3	Learn object oriented concepts using pro-	gramming examples
4	Study the concepts of importing of packa	ages and exception handling mechanism.
5	Discuss the String Handling examples with	ith Object Oriented concepts

UNIT-I

An Overview of Java: Object-Oriented Programming, A First Simple Program, A Second Short Program, Two Control Statements, Using Blocks of Code, Lexical Issues, The Java Class Libraries, Data Types, Variables, and Arrays: Java Is a Strongly Typed Language, The Primitive Types, Integers, Floating-Point Types, Characters, Booleans, A Closer Look at Literals, Variables, Type Conversion and Casting, Automatic Type Promotion in Expressions, Arrays, A Few Words About Strings Text book 1: Ch 2, Ch 3

UNIT-II

Operators: Arithmetic Operators, The Bitwise Operators, Relational Operators, Boolean Logical **8 Hrs** Operators, The Assignment Operator, The ? Operator, Operator Precedence, Using Parentheses, Control Statements: Java's Selection Statements, Iteration Statements, Jump Statements. Text book 1: Ch 4, Ch 5

UNIT-III

Introducing Classes: Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference **8 Hrs** Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection, The finalize() Method, A Stack Class, A Closer Look at Methods and Classes: Overloading Methods, Using Objects as Parameters, A Closer Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Arrays Revisited, Inheritance: Inheritance, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, Method Overriding, Dynamic Method Dispatch, Using Abstract Classes, Using final with Inheritance, The Object Class. Text book 1: Ch 6, Ch 7.1-7.9, Ch 8.

UNIT-IV

Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces,
Exception Handling: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught
Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws,
finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained
Exceptions, Using Exceptions. Text book 1: Ch 9, Ch 108 Hrs

UNIT-V

Enumerations, Type Wrappers, I/O, Applets, and Other Topics: I/O Basics, Reading Console **8 Hrs** Input, Writing Console Output, The PrintWriter Class, Reading and Writing Files, Applet Fundamentals, The transient and volatile Modifiers, Using instance of, strict fp, Native Methods, Using assert, Static Import, Invoking Overloaded Constructors Through this(), String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using value Of(), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String , Additional String Methods, String Buffer, String Builder. Text book 1: Ch 12.1,12.2, Ch 13, Ch 15

Cours	se Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Explain the object-oriented concepts and JAVA.
CO2	Develop computer programs to solve real world problems in Java
CO3	Develop simple GUI interfaces for a computer program to interact with users

Reference Books 1. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7, 8, 9,10, 12,13,15) 2. Mahesh Bhave and Sunil Patekar, "Programming with Java", First Edition, Pearson Education,2008, ISBN:9788131720806. 3. Rajkumar Buyya,S Thamarasi selvi, xingchen chu, Object oriented Programming with java, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited. 4. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java A primer, Tata McGraw Hill companies.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be

more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

						CO-P	O/PSO	Mapp	ing					
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	1

	Semes	ter: VI					
	Open E	lective I					
	ETHICAL	HACKING					
Cou	rse Code:MVJ21AI644	CIE Marks:100					
Cre	lits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0	SEE Marks: 100					
Hou	rs: 40L+26T	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs					
Cot	rse Learning Objectives: The students will b	be able to					
l	Understand Ethical Hacking.						
	Identify how intruders escalate privileges and what steps can be taken to secure a system.						
	Introduce and demonstrate hacking tools for	penetration testing purposes only.					

UNIT-I

Ethics Of Ethical Hacking: Why you need to Understand Your Enemy's Tactics?, Recognizing10The Gray Areas in Security – Vulnerability Assessment – Penetration Testing. Ethical HackingHrsand the Legal System: Understanding Individual Cyber laws – 18 USC Section 1029, 1030,2510 – Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA) – Cyber Security Enhancement Act 2002.Proper and Ethical Disclosure: CERT's Current Process – Full Disclosure Policy – Organizationfor Internet Safety

Applications: In-class activity to understand the penetration testing methodologies.

Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a1xQq60EtJc

UNIT-II

Social Engineering Attacks: How A Social Engineering Attack Works? – Conducting A Social10Engineering Attack – Common Attacks used in Penetration Testing – Defending Against SocialHrsEngineering Attacks. Physical Penetration Attacks: Why A Physical Penetration is important –
Conducting a Physical Penetration – Common Ways into A Building. Insider Attacks: Why
Simulating an Insider Attack is Important – Conducting an Insider AttackInsider AttackInsider Attack.Insider AttackInsider Attack

Applications: Understand the network protocols and port scanning techniques using Kali linux

Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):

https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106106178/L34.html

UNIT-III

Understanding and Detecting Content-Type Attacks: How do Content-Type Attacks work? -10Which File Formats are Being Exploited Today? - Tools to Detect Malicious PDF Files – ToolsHrsto test your Protections against Content-Type Attacks – How to protect your Environment fromImage: Content-Type Attacks – How to protect your Environment from

Content-Type Attacks. Web Application Security Vulnerabilities: Overview of Top Web	
Application Security Vulnerabilities – SQL Injection Vulnerabilities – Cross-Site Scripting	
Vulnerabilities. VoIP Attacks	
Applications: Familiarizing with different types of attacks such as sniffing, spoofing etc	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106199/	
UNIT-IV	1
Passive Analysis: Ethical Reverse Engineering - Why Bother with Reverse Engineering? -	10
Source Code Analysis. Advanced Reverse Engineering: Overview of Software Development	Hrs
Process - Instrumentation Tools - Fuzzing - Instrumented Fuzzying Tools and Techniques.	
Finding New Browser Based Vulnerabilities. Mitigation Alternatives	
Applications: Exploiting buffer overflow vulnerabilities	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9dd3M2a4LKI	
UNIT-V	I
Collecting Malware and Initial Analysis: Malware – Latest Trends in Honeynet Technology –	10
Catching Malware - Initial Analysis of Malware. Hacking Malware: Trends in Malware -	Hrs
DeObfuscating Malware – Reverse Engineering Malware.	
Applications: Understand the protection mechanism to prevent against various server attacks.	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
https://nptel.ac.in/noc/courses/noc15/SEM1/noc15-cs03/	

Cours	se Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Understand the Ethics Of Ethical Hacking.
CO2	Identify the Social Engineering Attacks.
CO3	Recognize and Detect Types of Attacks.
CO4	Manage Instrumented Fuzzying Tools and Techniques.
CO5	Collect Malware and Initial Analysis.

Ref	erence B	ooks									
1.	Allen	Harper,	Shon	Harris,	Jonathan	Ness,	Chris	Eagle,	Gideon	Lenkey,	Terron
	Willian	ns, —Gray	y Hat H	acking T	he Ethical I	Hackers	Handbo	okl, 3rd	Edition, 2	011	
2.	Sharma	ı Pankaj, -	—Hack	ingl, APH	l Publishing	g, 2005					
3.	Rajat K	lhare, —N	letwork	Security	and Ethica	l Hackin	gl, Lun	iver Pres	s, 2006.		

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

						CO-P	O/PSO	Mapp	ing					
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	2	-
CO2	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	3	2	-
CO3	3	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	-	3	2	2	2	2	-	3	2	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	-	3	2	2	3	2	-	3	2	-

	Seme	ter: VI
	ANGULAR JS	AND NODE JS
	(Theory	y & Lab)
C	ourse Code:	CIE
M	VJ21AEC66	Marks:100
C	redits: L:T:P:S:	SEE Marks:
2:	0:0:0	100
H	ours: 40L	SEE
		Duration: 3
		Hrs
C	ourse Learning Object	ctives: The students
W.	ill be able to	
1	To learn the basics o	of Angular JS.
2	To understand the A	ngular JS Modules
З	To implement Form	s, inputs and Services
4	To implement Direc	tives and Databases
5	To understand basic	s of Node JS.

UNIT-I	
Introduction To Angular JS:	6Hrs
Introduction – Features – Angular JS	
Model-View-Controller - Expression -	
Directives and Controllers.	
UNIT-II	
Angular JS Modules: Arrays –Working	6Hrs
with ng-model – Working with Forms –	
Form Validation – Error Handling with	
Forms – Nested Forms with ng-form –	
Other Form Controls.	
UNIT-III	•
Directives& Building Databases: Part I-	6Hrs
Filters – Using Filters in Controllers	
and Services – Angular JS Services –	
Internal Angular JS Services – Custom	
Angular JS Services	
UNIT-IV	
Directives& Building Databases: Part-	6Hrs
II- Directives – Alternatives to Custom	
Directives - Understanding the Basic	
options - Interacting with Server -	
HTTP Services - Building Database,	
Front End and BackEnd	
UNIT-Y	1
Introduction to NODE .JS:	6Hrs

Introduction -Using the Terminals -Editors -Building a Webserver with Node - The HTTP Module - Views and Layouts

Cour	se Outcomes: After completing the course,
the st	tudents will be able to
CO1	Describe the features of Angular JS.
CO2	Recognize the form validations and controls.
CO3	Implement Directives and Controllers
CO4	Evaluate and create database for simple application.
CO 5	Plan and build webservers with node using Node .JS.

Re	ference Books
1	Adam Freeman - ProAngular JS, Apress, First Edition, 2014.
2	ShyamSeshadri, Brad Green –"AngularJS: Up and Running: Enhanced Productivity with Structured Web Apps", Apress, O'Reilly Media, Inc.
З.	AgusKurniawan-"AngularJS Programming by Example", First Edition, PE Press, 2014.
4.	Brad Dayley, "Learning Angular JS", Addison-Wesley Professional, First Edition, 2014.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE): Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part -**B.** Part – A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part – B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

				C)-P(D M	app	oing	5			
CO	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
/ P	Ο	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	01	01	01
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2
CO 1	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO 2	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2
CO 3	2	2	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
CO 4	3	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
CO 5	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2

VII SEMESTER

	Se	emester: VII
	FOUNDATIO	N OF DATA SCIENCE
Cou	rse Code: MVJ21AI71	CIE Marks:100
Crea	lits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0	SEE Marks: 100
Hou	rs: 40L+26T	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students	will be able to
	To provide strong foundation for dat	a science and application area related to information
1	technology and understand the underly	ying core concepts and emerging technologies in data
	science	

INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE: Definition – Big Data and Data Science 10 Hrs Hype – Why data science – Getting Past the Hype – The Current Landscape – Who is 10 Hrs Data Scientist? - Data Science Process Overview – Defining goals – Retrieving data – Data preparation – Data exploration – Data modeling – Presentation. Video Links : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KMj49syT8JM&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M-sBjDcT21Gpnj8grR2fDgc 10 Hrs BIG DATA: Problems when handling large data – General techniques for handling large data – Case study – Steps in big data – Distributing data storage and processing with Frameworks – Case study. 10 Hrs Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101163/ 10 Hrs
Data Scientist? - Data Science Process Overview – Defining goals – Retrieving data – Data preparation – Data exploration – Data modeling – Presentation. Video Links : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KMj49syT8JM&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M- sBjDcT21Gpnj8grR2fDgc UNIT-II BIG DATA: Problems when handling large data – General techniques for handling large 10 Hrs data – Case study – Steps in big data – Distributing data storage and processing with Frameworks – Case study. Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101163/ 10
Data preparation – Data exploration – Data modeling – Presentation. Video Links : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KMj49syT8JM&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M- sBjDcT21Gpnj8grR2fDgc UNIT-II BIG DATA: Problems when handling large data – General techniques for handling large data – Case study – Steps in big data – Distributing data storage and processing with Frameworks – Case study. Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101163/
Video Links : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KMj49syT8JM&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M- sBjDcT21Gpnj8grR2fDgc UNIT-II BIG DATA: Problems when handling large data – General techniques for handling large data – Gase study – Steps in big data – Distributing data storage and processing with Frameworks – Case study. Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101163/
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KMj49syT8JM&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M- sBjDcT21Gpnj8grR2fDgc UNIT-II BIG DATA: Problems when handling large data – General techniques for handling large data – Gase study – Steps in big data – Distributing data storage and processing with Frameworks – Case study. Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101163/
sBjDcT21Gpnj8grR2fDgc UNIT-II BIG DATA: Problems when handling large data – General techniques for handling large data – General techniques for handling large data – Case study – Steps in big data – Distributing data storage and processing with Frameworks – Case study. VIII Colspan="2">VIII Colspan="2" VIII Colspan="2" VIIII Colsp
UNIT-II BIG DATA: Problems when handling large data – General techniques for handling large data – General techniques for handling large data – Case study – Steps in big data – Distributing data storage and processing with Frameworks – Case study. Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101163/
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data – Case study – Steps in big data – Distributing data storage and processing with Frameworks – Case study. Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101163/
Frameworks – Case study. Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101163/
Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101163/
UNIT-III
MACHINE LEARNING: Machine learning – Modeling Process – Training model – 10 Hrs
Validating model - Predicting new observations -Supervised learning algorithms -
Unsupervised learning algorithms.
Video Links:https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101163/
UNIT-IV
DEEP LEARNING: Introduction – Deep Feed forward Networks – Regularization – 10 Hrs

Optimization of Deep Learning - Convolutional Networks - Recurrent and Recursive	
Nets – Applications of Deep Learning.	
Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101163/	
UNIT-V	
DATA VISUALIZATION : Introduction to data visualization – Data visualization	10 Hrs
options - Filters - MapReduce - Dashboard development tools - Creating an interactive	
options – Filters – MapReduce – Dashboard development tools – Creating an interactive dashboard with dc.js-summary.	

Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to		
CO1	Explore the fundamental concepts of data science.	
CO2	Understand data analysis techniques for applications handling large data	
CO3	Understand various machine learning algorithms used in data science process	
CO4	Visualize and present the inference using various tools	
CO5	Learn to think through the ethics surrounding privacy, data sharing and algorithmic decision-	
	making	

Reference Books		
1.	Introducing Data Science, Davy Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman, Mohamed Ali, Manning	
	Publications Co., 1st edition, 2016	
2.	An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R, Gareth James, Daniela Witten,	
	Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Springer, 1st edition, 2013	
3.	Deep Learning, Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, MIT Press, 1st edition, 2016	
4.	Ethics and Data Science, D J Patil, Hilary Mason, Mike Loukides, O' Reilly, 1st edition, 2018	

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2

assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE): Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-
CO2	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-
CO5	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	1

Semester: VII									
COMPUTER VISION									
Professional Elective II									
Course Code: MVJ21AI721	CIE Marks:100								
Credits: L:T:P:S:3:0:0:0	SEE Marks: 100								
Hours: 40L	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs								
Course Learning Objectives. The students will	ha ahla ta								

Course Learning Objectives: The students will be able to

This course will enable students to

1

Computer Vision focuses on development of algorithms and techniques to analyze and interpret the visible world around us. This requires understanding of the fundamental concepts related to multi-dimensional signal processing, feature extraction, pattern analysis visual geometric modeling, stochastic optimization etc. Knowledge of these concepts is necessary in this field, to explore and contribute to research and further developments in the field of computer vision. Applications range from Biometrics, Medical diagnosis, document processing, mining of visual content, to surveillance, advanced rendering etc.

UNIT-I

Digital Image Formation and low-level processing	8Hrs
Overview and State-of-the-art, Fundamentals of Image Formation, Transformation:	
Orthogonal, Euclidean, Affine, Projective, etc; Fourier Transform, Convolution and	
Filtering, Image Enhancement, Restoration, Histogram Processing	
UNIT-II	
Depth estimation and Multi-camera views	8Hrs
Perspective, Binocular Stereopsis: Camera and Epipolar Geometry; Homography,	
Rectification, DLT, RANSAC, 3-D reconstruction framework; Auto-calibration.	
UNIT-III	
Feature Extraction	8Hrs
Edges - Canny, LOG, DOG; Line detectors (Hough Transform), Corners - Harris and	
Hessian Affine, Orientation Histogram, SIFT, SURF, HOG, GLOH, Scale-Space	
Analysis- Image Pyramids and Gaussian derivative filters, Gabor Filters and DWT.	
UNIT-IV	1
Image Segmentation	8Hrs

8Hrs

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to								
CO1	Understand the concepts of Digital Image Processing.								
CO2	Analyse Homography and stereopsis.								
CO3	Analyse Edges and Hough Transforms.								
CO4	Demonstrate the ideas of image Segmentation.								
CO5	Implement the concepts of Pattern Analysis.								

Reference Books

1.	Richard Szeliski, Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications, Springer-Verlag London
	Limited 2011.
2.	Computer Vision: A Modern Approach, D. A. Forsyth, J. Ponce, Pearson Education, 2003.
3.	Richard Hartley and Andrew Zisserman, Multiple View Geometry in Computer Vision, Second
	Edition, Cambridge University Press, March 2004.
4.	K. Fukunaga; Introduction to Statistical Pattern Recognition, Second Edition, Academic Press,
	Morgan Kaufmann, 1990.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding

up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	2	1	1	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-		
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO3	1	-	-	1	1	-	2	3	3	3	-	-		
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	3		
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	3	3	3	3		

Semester: Professional El					
rse Code:MVJ21AI722	CIE Marks:100				
Credits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 SEE Marks: 100					
Hours: 40L+26T SEE Duration: 3 Hrs					
rse Learning Objectives: The students will be al	ble to				
To understand the basics of Information Retr	ieval.				
To understand machine learning techniques f	for text classification and clustering.				
To understand various search engine system operations.					
To learn different techniques of recommende	er system				
	Professional El INFORMATION R rse Code:MVJ21AI722 lits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 rs: 40L+26T rse Learning Objectives: The students will be al To understand the basics of Information Retr To understand machine learning techniques f				

UNIT-I							
INTRODUCTION: Information Retrieval - Early Developments - The IR Problem - The	8 Hrs						
Users Task - Information versus Data Retrieval - The IR System - The Software Architecture							
of the IR System - The Retrieval and Ranking Processes - The Web - The e-Publishing Era -							
How the web changed Search - Practical Issues on the Web - How People Search - Search							
Interfaces Today – Visualization in Search Interfaces.							
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):							
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fFxpSmyICwI							
UNIT-II							
MODELING AND RETRIEVAL EVALUATION: Basic IR Models - Boolean Model - TF-	8 Hrs						
IDF (Term Frequency/Inverse Document Frequency) Weighting - Vector Model - Probabilistic							
Model - Latent Semantic Indexing Model - Neural Network Model - Retrieval Evaluation -							
Retrieval Metrics - Precision and Recall - Reference Collection - User-based Evaluation -							
Relevance Feedback and Query Expansion – Explicit Relevance Feedback.							
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):							
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m0oiAOgSQFw							

UNIT-III

TEXT CLASSIFICATION AND CLUSTERING: A Characterization of Text Classification -8 Hrs Unsupervised Algorithms: Clustering - Naïve Text Classification - Supervised Algorithms -Decision Tree - k-NN Classifier - SVM Classifier - Feature Selection or Dimensionality Reduction - Evaluation metrics - Accuracy and Error - Organizing the classes - Indexing and Searching – Inverted Indexes – Sequential Searching – Multi-dimensional Indexing. Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vuc93jbO2Dw **UNIT-IV** WEB RETRIEVAL AND WEB CRAWLING: The Web - Search Engine Architectures -8 Hrs Cluster based Architecture – Distributed Architectures – Search Engine Ranking – Link based Ranking – Simple Ranking Functions – Learning to Rank – Evaluations — Search Engine Ranking - Search Engine User Interaction - Browsing - Applications of a Web Crawler -Taxonomy – Architecture and Implementation – Scheduling Algorithms – Evaluation. Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JjywDlY1OJk **UNIT-V** RECOMMENDER SYSTEM: Recommender Systems Functions - Data and Knowledge 8 Hrs Sources - Recommendation Techniques - Basics of Content-based Recommender Systems -High Level Architecture - Advantages and Drawbacks of Content-based Filtering -Collaborative Filtering – Matrix factorization models – Neighborhood models. Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1JRrCEgiyHM

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to							
CO1	Use an open source search engine framework and explore its capabilities							
CO2	Evaluate Boolean Model							
CO3	Apply appropriate method of classification or clustering.							
CO4	Design and implement innovative features in a search engine.							
CO5	Design and implement a recommender system.							

Refe	erence Books
1.	Ricardo Baeza-Yates and Berthier Ribeiro-Neto, -Modern Information Retrieval: The Concepts
	and Technology behind Search, Second Edition, ACM Press Books, 2011.
2.	Ricci, F, Rokach, L. Shapira, B.Kantor, -Recommender Systems Handbook, First Edition,

2011.

3. C. Manning, P. Raghavan, and H. Schütze, —Introduction to Information Retrieval, Cambridge University Press, 2008.
 4. Stefan Buettcher, Charles L. A. Clarke and Gordon V. Cormack, —Information Retrieval: Implementing and Evaluating Search Engines, The MIT Press, 2010.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	-	2	3
CO2	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	2	2
CO3	2	3	1	3	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	2	2	1
CO4	3	2	2	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2
CO5	2	2	3	3	-	1	2	1	2	-	1	2	2	2

Semeste Professional	
HIGH PERFORMAN	ICE COMPUTING
Course Code:MVJ21AI723	CIE Marks:100
Credits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0	SEE Marks: 100
Hours: 40L+26T	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs
Course Learning Objectives: The students will be	e able to
IImprove the system performance	
2 Learn various distributed and parallel computi	ng architecture
3 Learn different computing technologies	

UNIT-I	
Grid Computing: Data & Computational Grids, Grid Architectures And Its Relations To Various	<mark>8 Hrs</mark>
Distributed Technologies. Autonomic Computing, Examples Of The Grid Computing Efforts	
(Ibm).	
Video link : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GlobK-eWDSo	
UNIT-II	
Cluster Setup & Its Advantages, Performance Models & Simulations; Networking Protocols &	<mark>8 Hrs</mark>
I/O, Messaging Systems. Process Scheduling, Load Sharing And Balancing; Distributed Shared	
Memory, Parallel I/O.	
Video link : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9J4uXnSDias	
UNIT-III	
Example Cluster System - Beowlf; Cluster Operating Systems: Compas And Nanos Pervasive	<mark>8 Hrs</mark>
Computing Concepts & Scenarios; Hardware & Software; Human – Machine Interface.	
Video link : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GlobK-eWDSo</u>	
UNIT-IV	
Device Connectivity; Java for Pervasive Devices; Application Examples	<mark>8 Hrs</mark>
Video link : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bS6XqjBO99Q</u>	
UNIT-V	
Classical Vs Quantum Logic Gates; One, Two & Three Qubit Quantum Gates; Fredkin &	<mark>8 Hrs</mark>
Toffoli Gates; Quantum Circuits; Quantum Algorithms.	
Videolink:https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115/101/115101092/	

Cours	se Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Understanding the concepts in grid computing
CO2	Ability to set up cluster and run parallel applications
CO3	Ability to understand the cluster projects and cluster OS
CO4	Understanding the concepts of pervasive computing
CO5	Understanding the concepts of quantum computing

Reference Books

1.	"Selected Topics In Advanced Computing" Edited By Dr. P. Padmanabham And Dr. M.B.
	Srinivas, 2005 Pearson Education.
<mark>2.</mark>	J. Burkhardt et.al: 'pervasive computing' Pearson Education
<mark>3.</mark>	Marivesar:' Approaching quantum computing', Pearson Education
<mark>4.</mark>	Raj kumar Buyya:'High performance cluster computing', Pearson Education

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part – A and Part – B. Part – A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part – B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

						CO-P	<mark>O/PSO</mark>	Mapp	ing					
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	<mark>3</mark>	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
CO3	3	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
CO4	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
CO5	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-

	Semester	: VII
	Professional E	Elective II
	BIG DATA AN	ALYTICS
Cou	rse Code:MVJ21AI724	CIE Marks:100
Cre	dits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0	SEE Marks: 100
Ног	ırs: 40L+26T	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students will be a	able to
1	The scope and essentiality of Big Data and Bus	iness Analytics.
2	The technologies used to store, manage, and and	alyze big data in a Hadoop ecosystem.
3	The techniques and principles in big data analyt	tics with scalability and streaming capability.
4	The hypothesis on the optimized business decis	ions in solving complex real-world problems

UNIT-I	
INTRODUCTION TO BIG DATA: Characteristics of Data, Evolution of Big Data, Definition	8 Hrs
of Big Data, Challenges with Big Data, Traditional Business Intelligence (BI) versus Big Data.	
Big data analytics: Classification of Analytics, Importance and challenges facing big data,	
Terminologies Used in Big Data Environments, The Big Data Technology Landscape.	
Video link : https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106104189/L01.html	
UNIT-II	
INTRODUCTION TO HADOOP: Introducing Hadoop, RDBMS versus Hadoop, Distributed	8 Hrs
Computing Challenges, History and overview of Hadoop, Use Case of Hadoop, Hadoop	
Distributors, Processing Data with Hadoop, Interacting with Hadoop Ecosystem	
Video link : https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106104189/L04.html	
UNIT-III	
UNIT-III THE HADOOP DISTRIBUTED FILESYSTEM: Hadoop Distributed File System(HDFS):The	8 Hrs
	8 Hrs
THE HADOOP DISTRIBUTED FILESYSTEM: Hadoop Distributed File System(HDFS):The	8 Hrs
THE HADOOP DISTRIBUTED FILESYSTEM: Hadoop Distributed File System(HDFS):The Design of HDFS, HDFS Concepts, Basic Filesystem Operations, Hadoop Filesystems. The Java	8 Hrs
THE HADOOP DISTRIBUTED FILESYSTEM: Hadoop Distributed File System(HDFS):The Design of HDFS, HDFS Concepts, Basic Filesystem Operations, Hadoop Filesystems. The Java Interface- Reading Data from a Hadoop URL, Reading Data Using the Filesystem API, Writing	8 Hrs
THE HADOOP DISTRIBUTED FILESYSTEM: Hadoop Distributed File System(HDFS):The Design of HDFS, HDFS Concepts, Basic Filesystem Operations, Hadoop Filesystems. The Java Interface- Reading Data from a Hadoop URL, Reading Data Using the Filesystem API, Writing Data. Data Flow- Anatomy of a File Read, Anatomy of a File Write, Limitations.	8 Hrs
THE HADOOP DISTRIBUTED FILESYSTEM: Hadoop Distributed File System(HDFS):The Design of HDFS, HDFS Concepts, Basic Filesystem Operations, Hadoop Filesystems. The Java Interface- Reading Data from a Hadoop URL, Reading Data Using the Filesystem API, Writing Data. Data Flow- Anatomy of a File Read, Anatomy of a File Write, Limitations. Video link : https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106104189/L04.html	8 Hrs 8 Hrs

Techniques to optimize Map Reduce jobs, Uses of Map Reduce. Controlling MapReduce	
Execution with Input Format, Reading Data with custom Record Reader,-Reader, Writer,	
Combiner, Partitioners, Map Reduce Phases, Developing simple MapReduce Application.	
Video link :https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106104189/L06.html	
UNIT-V	
INTRODUCTION TO PIG : Introducing Pig: Pig architecture, Benefits, Installing Pig,	8 Hrs

Properties of Pig, Running Pig, Getting started with Pig Latin, Working with operators in Pig, Working with functions in Pig.

Videolink: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qr_awo5vz0g

Cour	se Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Explain the evolution of big data with its characteristics and challenges with traditional business intelligence.
CO2	Explain the big data technologies used to process and querying the bigdata in Hadoop, MapReduce and Pig.
CO3	Make use of appropriate components for processing, scheduling and knowledge extraction from large volumes in distributed Hadoop Ecosystem
CO4	Develop a Map Reduce application for optimizing the jobs.
CO5	Develop applications for handling huge volume of data using Pig Latin

Ref	erence Books
1.	Seema Acharya, Subhashini Chellappan,—BigData and Analytics, Wiley Publications,2nd Edition, 2014 DT Editorial Services,—BigData, DreamTechPress, 2 nd Edition, 2015.
2.	TomWhite, —Hadoop: The Definitive Guide, O'Reilly, 3 rd Edition, 2012.
3.	Big Data Black Book, Dreamtech publications, 1st Edition, 2017.
4.	Michael Minelli, Michele Chambers, Ambiga Dhiraj, —BigData, BigAnalytics: Emerging Business Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's Business, Wiley CIO Series, 1 st Edition, 2013.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2)

assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

						CO-P	O/PSO	Mapp	ing					
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO2	2	2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
CO4	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
CO5	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-

	Semester:	VII		
	Professional Ele	ective II		
	PERVASIVE CO	MPUTING		
ours	e Code:MVJ21AI725	CIE Marks:100		
Credit	ts: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0	SEE Marks: 100		
Hours	: 40L+26T	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs		
ours	e Learning Objectives: The students will be al	ole to		
τ	Understand an insight into future developments i	n the field of pervasive computing.		
I	Provide an in-depth knowledge on pervasive con	puting and wireless networking.		
Ι	Describe the variety of pervasive services and ap	plications.		

UNIT-I Pervasive Computing : Evolution of Pervasive Computing - Decentralization continues - Applied Pervasive computing - Pervasive computing principles - Pervasive Information Technology - Smart Cards - Smart Labels. 8 Hrs Video link : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bS6XqiBO99Q 8 UNIT-II Embedded Controls: Smart sensors and Actuators - Smart Appliances - Appliances and Home Networking -Automotive Computing. Operating Systems: Windows CE -Palm OS - Symbian EPOC - Java Card - Windows for Smart Cards. 8

Video link : <u>http://digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/108108147/L01.html</u>

 UNIT-III

 Middleware Components: Programming Consumer Devices - Smart Card Programming 8 Hrs

 Messaging Components - Database Components. Security: The importance of security 6

 Cryptographic patterns and methods Cryptographic Tools-Secure socket layer
 7

 Video link : https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/117108048/L01.html

UNIT-IV

Gateways, Device Management and Synchronization :Connectivity Gateway - Wireless	8 Hrs
Gateway - Transcoding - Residential Gateway - Architecture and components of Web	
Application Servers - Web Sphere Application Server Web Sphere Everyplace Suite - Oracle	
Portal-to-Go - Tasks of Device Management Systems - Tivoli Device Support Infrastructure -	
User Profiles and Directory Services - Synchronization - The Challenge of Synchronizing Data -	
Industry Data Synchronization Standards -Today's Synchronization Solution	

Video link :https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105183/L40.html

UNIT-V

Portals and Access Services: Internet Portals-Wireless Portal - Broadcasting Portal - Home8 HrsServices - Communication Services - Home Automation - Energy Services - Security Services -
Remote Home Healthcare Services - Travel and Business Services - Consumer Services8Video link: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oxMdDsud5vg8

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to					
CO1	Describe the principles of pervasive technology.					
CO2	Identify the functionalities of operating systems and middleware					
CO3	Analyze the device management and synchronization techniques.					
CO4	Explain the various gateways					
CO5	Choose the appropriate techniques to develop various pervasive applications.					

Ref	erence Books
1.	Asoke K Talukder, Roopa R Yavagal, "Mobile computing: Technology, Applications and Service Creation", Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2017, ISBN 978-0070144576
2.	UweHansmann, LotharMerk, Martin S. Nicklous, Thomas Stober, "Pervasive Computing Handbook", Second edition, Springer, 2003, ISBN 978-3-642-05525-6.
3.	MinyiGuo, Jingyu Zhou, Feilong Tang, Yao Shen, "Pervasive Computing: Concepts, Technologies and Applications", CRC Press,2016, ISBN 9781466596276.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Theory for 50 Marks

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Semester End Examination (SEE): Total marks: 50+50=100 SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO2	2	2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
CO4	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
CO5	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-

	Se	nester: VII					
	Profess	onal Elective III					
	NATURAL LA	GUAGE PROCESSIN	G				
Cou	rse Code:MVJ21AI731	Cl	E Marks:100				
Cre	redits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 SEE Marks: 100						
Hou	Hours: 40L+26T SEE Duration: 3 Hrs						
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students	vill be able to					
1	Learn the fundamentals of natural la	nguage processing					
2	Understand the use of CFG and PC	Understand the use of CFG and PCFG in NLP					
3	Understand the role of semantics of sentences and pragmatics						
4	Gain knowledge in automated Natu	al Language Generation a	and Machine Translation				

UNIT-I

INTRODUCTION: Origins and challenges of NLP – Language Modelling: Grammar-based	8 Hrs
LM, Statistical LM -Regular Expressions, Finite-State Automata - English Morphology,	
Transducers for lexicon and rules, Tokenization, Detecting and Correcting Spelling Errors,	
Minimum Edit Distance values of real symmetric matrices: Jacobi and Givens method.	
Laboratory Session: Word Analysis	
Applications: Text to Speech conversion	
Video link :https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105158/	
UNIT-II	1
WORD LEVEL AND SYNTACTIC ANALYSIS: N grams Models of Syntax - Counting	8 Hrs
Words - Unsmoothed N grams-Smoothing-Back off Deleted Interpolation - Entropy - English	
Word Classes - Tag sets for English-Part of Speech Tagging-Rule Based Part of Speech Tagging	
- Stochastic Part of Speech Tagging - Transformation-Based Tagging -Issues in PoS tagging -	
Hidden Markov and Maximum Entrony models	

Hidden Markov and Maximum Entropy models.

Laboratory Session: Morphological Analyzer for a given word

Applications: Speech to text conversion

Video link :https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105158/

UNIT-III

CONTEXT FREE GRAMMARS: Context-Free Grammars, Grammar rules for English, Tree8 Hrsbanks, Normal Forms for grammar – Dependency Grammar – Syntactic Parsing, Ambiguity,

Dynamic Programming parsing – Shallow parsing Probabilistic CFG, Probabilistic CYK,	
Probabilistic Lexicalized CFGs – Feature structures, Unification of feature structures	
Laboratory Sessions: Chunking for a given sentence	
Applications: Compiler	
Video link : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6b40kKe2SFg</u>	
UNIT-IV	
SEMANTICS AND PRAGMATICS: Representing Meaning - Meaning Structure of	8 Hrs
Language, -	
First Order Predicate Calculus-Representing Linguistically Relevant Concepts -SyntaxDriven	
Semantic Analysis - Semantic Attachments -Syntax Driven Analyzer- Robust Analysis -	
Lexemes and Their Senses - Internal Structure - Word Sense Disambiguation -Information	
Retrieval.	
Laboratory Session: Pragmatic Analysis of a given sentence	
Applications: Sentiment Analysis	
Video link :https://www.coursera.org/lecture/human-language/pragmatics-E8VXH	
UNIT-V	
LANGUAGE GENERATION AND DISCOURSEANALYSIS: Discourse segmentation,	8 Hrs
Coherence - Reference Phenomena, Anaphora Resolution using Hobbs and Centering	
Algorithm - Co reference Resolution - Resources: Porter Stemmer, Lemmatize, Penn Treebank,	
Brill's Tagger, Word Net, Prop Bank, Frame Net, Brown Corpus, and British National Corpus	
(BNC).	
Laboratory Session: Sentiment analysis on movie database	
Laboratory Session: Sentiment analysis on movie database	

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to					
CO1	To tag a given text with basic Language features.					
CO2	To design an innovative application using NLP components					
CO3	To implement a rule-based system to tackle morphology/syntax of a language					
CO4	To design a tag set to be used for statistical processing for real-time applications					
CO5	To compare the use of different statistical approaches for different types of NLP applications					

Reference Books

1. Daniel Jurafsky, James H. Martin—Speech and Language Processing: An Introduction to Natural

	Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and Speech, Pearson Publication, 2014.
2.	C. Manning and H. Schutze, "Foundations of Statistical Natural Language Processing", MITPress.
	Cambridge, MA:1999
3.	Steven Bird, Ewan Klein and Edward Loper, —Natural Language Processing with Python, First
	Edition, OReilly Media, 2009.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Theory for 50 Marks

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Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
CO5	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-

	Semester: Professional El						
	HEALTHCARE A						
<mark>Cour</mark>	se Code:MVJ21AI732	CIE Marks:100					
<mark>Cred</mark>	its: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0	SEE Marks: 100					
Hour	Irs: 40L+26T SEE Duration: 3 Hrs						
<mark>Cour</mark>	se Learning Objectives: The students will be a	ble to					
1	Understand the health data formats, health c	are policy and standards					
2	Learn the significance and need of data anal	ysis and data visualization					
<mark>3</mark>	Understand the health data management frameworks						
<mark>4</mark>	Learn the use of machine learning and deep learning algorithms in healthcare						
<mark>5</mark>	Apply healthcare analytics for critical care a	pplications					

UNIT-I					
INTRODUCTION TO HEALTHCARE ANALYSIS :Overview - History of Healthcare	<mark>8 Hrs</mark>				
Analysis Parameters on medical care systems- Health care policy- Standardized code sets – Data					
Formats – Machine Learning Foundations: Tree Like reasoning, Probabilistic reasoning and					
Bayes Theorem, Weighted sum approach.					
Video link :https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/110104095/L01.html					
UNIT-II					
ANALYTICS ON MACHINE LEARNING : Machine Learning Pipeline – Pre-processing –	<mark>8 Hrs</mark>				
Visualization – Feature Selection – Training model parameter – Evaluation model : Sensitivity,					
Specificity, PPV, NPV, FPR, Accuracy, ROC, Precision Recall Curves, Valued target					
variables –Python: Variables and types, Data Structures and containers , Pandas Data					
Frame :Operations – Scikit –Learn : Pre-processing , Feature Selection.					
Video link :https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105152/L01.html					
UNIT-III					
HEALTH CARE MANAGEMENT: IOT- Smart Sensors – Migration of Healthcare Relational	<mark>8 Hrs</mark>				
database to NoSQL Cloud Database – Decision Support System – Matrix block Cipher System –					
Semantic Framework Analysis – Histogram bin Shifting and Rc6 Encryption – Clinical					
Prediction Models – Visual Analytics for Healthcare.					

Video link : https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/110104095/L41.html

UNIT-IV

HEALTHCARE AND DEEP LEARNING: Introduction on Deep Learning – DFF network8 HrsCNN- RNN for Sequences – Biomedical Image and Signal Analysis – Natural LanguageProcessing and Data Mining for Clinical Data – Mobile Imaging and Analytics – ClinicalDecision Support System.

Video link :<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=W3_yaf3HvHU</u>

UNIT-V

CASE STUDIES: Predicting Mortality for cardiology Practice –Smart Ambulance System8 Hrsusing IOT –Hospital Acquired Conditions (HAC) program- Healthcare and EmergingTechnologies – ECG Data Analysis.

Videolink: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UvQFH5RGOnU

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to						
CO1	Use machine learning and deep learning algorithms for health data analysis						
CO2	Apply the data management techniques for healthcare data						
CO3	Evaluate the need of healthcare data analysis in e-healthcare, telemedicine and other critical care applications						
CO4	Design health data analytics for real time applications						
CO5	Design emergency care system using health data analysis						

Ref	erence Books
<mark>1.</mark>	Chandan K.Reddy, Charu C. Aggarwal, "Health Care data Analysis", First edition, CRC, 2015.
<mark>2.</mark>	Vikas Kumar, "Health Care Analysis Made Simple", Packt Publishing, 2018.
<mark>3.</mark>	Nilanjan Dey, Amira Ashour , Simon James Fong, Chintan Bhatl, "Health Care Data Analysis
	and Management, First Edition, Academic Press, 2018.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be

more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part – A and Part – B. Part – A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part – B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
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CO2	2	2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
CO3	2	<mark>3</mark>	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	<mark>3</mark>
CO4	1	2	<mark>3</mark>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
CO5	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-

internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	Semester: VII							
	Profess	ional Elective III						
	PATTER	N RECOGNITION						
Cour	rse Code:MVJ21AI732	CIE Marks:100						
Cred	Credits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 SEE Marks: 100							
Hours: 40L+26T SEE Duration: 3 Hrs								
Cour	rse Learning Objectives: The students	will be able to						
1	Identify areas where Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning can offer a solution.							
2	Describe the strength and limitation	s of some techniques used in computational Machine						
2	Learning for classification, regression and density estimation problems							
3	Describe genetic algorithms, validation methods and sampling techniques							
4	Describe and model data to solve problems in regression and classification							
5	Implement learning algorithms for supervised tasks.							

UNIT-I	
Introduction:	8 Hrs
Importance of pattern recognition, Features, Feature Vectors, and Classifiers, Supervised,	
Unsupervised, and Semi-supervised learning, Introduction to Bayes Decision Theory,	
Discriminant Functions and Decision Surfaces, Gaussian PDF and Bayesian Classification for	
Normal Distributions. L1, L2	
UNIT-II	1
Data Transformation and Dimensionality Reduction:	8 Hrs
Introduction, Basis Vectors, The Karhunen Loeve (KL) Transformation, Singular Value	
Decomposition, Independent Component Analysis (Introduction only). Nonlinear	
Dimensionality Reduction, Kernel PCA. L1, L2	
UNIT-III	
Estimation of Unknown Probability Density Functions:	8 Hrs
Maximum Likelihood Parameter Estimation, Maximum a Posteriori Probability estimation,	
Bayesian Interference, Maximum Entropy Estimation, Mixture Models, Naive-Bayes Classifier,	
The Nearest Neighbor Rule. L1, L2, L3	
UNIT-IV	
Linear Classifiers:	8 Hrs
Introduction, Linear Discriminant Functions and Decision Hyperplanes, The Perceptron	

Algorithm, Mean Square Error Estimate, Stochastic Approximation of LMS Algorithm, Sum of Error Estimate. L1, L2, L3

UNIT-V

8 Hrs

Nonlinear Classifiers:

The XOR Problem, The two Layer Perceptron, Three Layer Perceptron, Back propagation Algorithm, Basic Concepts of Clustering, Introduction to Clustering, Proximity Measures. L1, L2, L3

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to						
CO1	Identify areas where Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning can offer a solution.						
CO2	Describe the strength and limitations of some techniques used in computational Machine						
	Learning for classification, regression and density estimation problems						
CO3	Describe genetic algorithms, validation methods and sampling techniques						
CO4	Describe and model data to solve problems in regression and classification						
CO5	Implement learning algorithms for supervised tasks.						

Ref	Reference Books						
1.	Pattern Recognition: Sergios Theodoridis, Konstantinos Koutroumbas, Elsevier India Pvt. Ltd (Pap						
	Back), 4th edition						
2.	The Elements of Statistical Learning: Trevor Hastie						
3.	Pattern Classification: Richard O. Duda						
4.	Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis Earl Gose: Richard Johnsonbaugh						

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE): Total marks: 50+50=100 SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and

						CO-P	O/PSO	Mapp	ing					
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO2	2	2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
CO4	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
CO5	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-

Bloom's taxonomy level.

	Semester: VII							
	Professional Elec	ctive III						
	VISION SYSTEMS AN	D ROBOTICS						
Cour	se Code:MVJ21AI734	CIE Marks:100						
Cred	its: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0	SEE Marks: 100						
Hour	Hours: 40L+26T SEE Duration: 3 Hrs							
Cour	se Learning Objectives: The students will be ab	le to						
1	Learn the basics of robotics.							
2	Understand the robot end effectors.							
3	Learn the techniques used in robot mechanics.							
4	Learn the fundamentals of machine vision systems and robot programming.							
5	Learn the basics of robotics.							

UNIT-I	
BASICS OF ROBOTICS: Introduction- Basic components of robot-Laws of robotics-	8 Hrs
classification of robot-work space - accuracy resolution -repeatability of robot. Power	
transmission system: Rotary to rotary motion, Rotary to linear motion, Harmonics drives.	
UNIT-II	
ROBOT END EFFECTORS : Robot End effectors: Introduction- types of End effectors- Tools	8 Hrs
as end effectors - Drive system for grippers - Mechanical gripper- types of gripper mechanism-	
gripper force analysis and gripper design - other types of gripper- special purpose grippers.	
UNIT-III	
ROBOT MECHANICS : Robot kinematics: Introduction- Matrix representation- rigid motion &	8 Hrs
homogeneous transformation- forward & inverse kinematics- trajectory planning. Robot	
Dynamics: Introduction - Manipulator dynamics - Lagrange - Euler formulation- Newton -	
Euler formulation.	
UNIT-IV	
MACHINE VISION FUNDAMENTALS : Machine vision: image acquisition, digital images-	8 Hrs
sampling and quantization-levels of computation Feature extraction-windowing technique-	
segmentation- Thresholding- edge detection- binary morphology - grey morphology - Camera	
calibration – Stereo Reconstruction.	
UNIT-V	L
V ROBOT PROGRAMMING: Robot Languages- Classification of robot language-Computer	8 Hrs

control and robot software-Val system and Languages- VAL language commands- motion control, hand control, program control, pick and place applications - palletizing applications using VAL, Robot welding application using VAL program- Rapid Language - basic commands Virtual robotics - VAL-II and AML – applications of robots

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to						
CO1	Able to know the basics of robotics.						
CO2	Able to understand the concepts of robot end effectors.						
CO3	Obtain forward, reverse kinematics and dynamics model of the industrial robot arm						
CO4	Develop the vision algorithms.						
CO5	Understand the robot programming and applications of robots.						

Ref	erence Books
1.	Carsten Steger, Markus Ulrich, Christian Wiedemann, Machine Vision Algorithms and Applications, Second edition, Weinheim, WILEY-VCH, 2018
2.	John J. Craig, Introduction to Robotics - Mechanics and Control, 3 rd Edition, Pearson Education Inc, 2013.
3.	S.K. Saha, Introduction to Robotics, 4 th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 2011.
4.	Ashitava Ghoshal, Robotics-Fundamental Concepts and Analysis, Oxford University Press, Sixth
	impression, 2010.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Theory for 50 Marks

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Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the

entire syllabus. Part – B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

						CO-P	O/PSO	Mapp	ing					
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
CO3	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
CO4	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
CO5	3	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-

	Semester: V	VII			
	Professional Ele	ctive III			
	DEEP LEARNING T	ECHNIQUES			
Cour	se Code:MVJ21AI734	CIE Marks:100			
Cred	its: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0	SEE Marks: 100			
Hour	s: 40L+26T	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs			
Cour	se Learning Objectives: The students will be ab	le to			
1	Learn feed forward deep networks				
2	Understand convolutional networks and sequence modelling				
3	Study probabilistic models and auto encoders				
4	Expose the students to various deep generativ	ve models			
5	Study the various applications of deep learning	ng			

UNIT-I	
DEEP NETWORKS: Machine Learning Basics: Learning Algorithms - Supervised and	8 Hrs
Unsupervised learning - Feed forward Deep networks - regularization - Optimization for	
training Deep models.	
Video link :http://www.deeplearning.net	
UNIT-II	
CONVOLUTIONAL NETWORKS AND SEQUENCE MODELLING : Convolutional	8 Hrs
Networks - Convolution operation - Motivation Pooling - Basic Convolution function -	
Algorithms - Recurrent and recursive nets : Recurrent neural networks - Bidirectional RNN -	
Recursive Neural networks - Auto regressive networks - Long term dependencies - Temporal	
dependencies – Approximate search	
Video link :www.cs.toronto.edu/~fritz/absps/imagenet.pdf	
UNIT-III	
PROBABILISTIC MODELS AND AUTO ENCODERS : Structured Probabilistic models :	8 Hrs
Challenges of unstructured modelling - using graphs to describe model structure - Learning	
about dependencies - inference - Deep learning approach - Monte carlo models - Linear Factor	
models and Auto encoders	
Video link :https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wPz3MPl5jvY	
UNIT-IV	
DEEP GENERATIVE MODELS : Restricted Boltzmann Machines - Deep Belief networks -	8 Hrs
Deep Boltzmann machine – Convolutional Boltzmann machine	

Video link :https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=W3_yaf3HvHU	
UNIT-V	
APPLICATIONS: Speech, Audio and Music processing - Language modelling and Natural	8 Hrs
language processing - information retrieval - object recognition and computer vision - Multi	
modal and multi task learning	
Videolink: http://www.deeplearning.net	

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to				
CO1	Use feed forward deep networks				
CO2	Apply convolutional networks and sequence modelling for problem solving				
CO3	Use probabilistic models and auto encoders				
CO4	Use deep generative models for problem solving				
CO5	Apply the deep learning techniques				

Ref	Reference Books					
1.	Yoshua Bengio and Ian J.Goodfellow and Aaron Courville, "Deep Learning", MIT Press, 2015					
2.	Li Deng, Dong Yu, "Deep Learning: Methods and Applications", now publishers, 2014					

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

Semester End Examination (SEE):

Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the

entire syllabus. Part – B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

						CO-P	O/PSO	Mapp	ing					
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
CO3	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
CO4	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
CO5	3	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-

	~~~	nester: VII 1 Elective III			
		N & DEVELOPMENT			
<mark>Cou</mark>	rse Code: MVJ21AI741	CIE Marks:100			
<mark>Cre</mark>	dits: L:T:P:S:3:0:0:0	SEE Marks: 100			
Hou	ırs: 40L	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs			
<mark>Cou</mark>	rse Learning Objectives: The students	ill be able to			
1	Understand the concepts of Game desig	and development.			
2	Learn the processes, mechanics and issues in Game Design.				
<mark>3</mark>	Be exposed to the Core architectures of Game Programming.				
<mark>4</mark>	Know about Game programming platforms, frame works and engines. Learn to develop games.				

UNIT-I	
3D Transformations, Quaternions, 3D Modeling and Rendering, Ray Tracing, Shader	<mark>8 Hrs</mark>
Models, Lighting, Color, Texturing, Camera and Projections, Culling and	
Clipping, Character Animation, Physics-based Simulation, Scene Graphs.	
UNIT-II	
Game engine architecture, Engine support systems, Resources and File systems, Game	<mark>8 Hrs</mark>
loop and real-time simulation, Human Interface devices, Collision and rigid body	
dynamics, Game profiling.	
UNIT-III	
Application layer, Game logic, Game views, managing memory, controlling the main	<mark>8Hrs</mark>
loop, loading and caching game data, User Interface management, Game event	
management	
UNIT-IV	I
2D and 3D Game development using Flash, DirectX, Java, Python, Game engines -	<mark>8Hrs</mark>
Unity. DX Studio.	
UNIT-V	1
Developing 2D and 3D interactive games using DirectX or Python – Isometric and Tile	<mark>8Hrs</mark>
Based Games, Puzzle games, Single Player games, Multi Player games.	

<b>Cours</b>	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to						
CO1	Discuss the concepts of Game design and development.						
CO2	Design the processes, and use mechanics for game development.						
CO3	Explain the Core architectures of Game Programming						

CO4	Use Game programming platforms, frame works and engines.
CO5	Create interactive Games

Ref.	erence Books
<mark>1.</mark>	Mike Mc Shaffrfy and David Graham, "Game Coding Complete", Fourth Edition, Cengage
	Learning, PTR, 2012
<mark>2.</mark>	Jason Gregory, "Game Engine Architecture", CRC Press / A K Peters, 2009
<mark>3.</mark>	David H. Eberly, "3D Game Engine Design, Second Edition: A Practical Approach to Real-
	Time Computer Graphics" 2 nd Editions, Morgan Kaufmann, 2006.
<mark>4.</mark>	Ernest Adams and Andrew Rollings, "Fundamentals of Game Design", 2 nd Edition Prentice
	Hall / New Riders, 2009.

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

#### Theory for 50 Marks

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#### Semester End Examination (SEE):

#### **Total marks: 50+50=100**

**SEE** for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part – A and Part – B. Part – A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part – B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>2</mark>	<mark>2</mark>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	<b>3</b>	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C05	2	<mark>2</mark>	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-

	Semester:	VII		
	Open Electiv	ve III		
	COMPUTER GI	RAPHICS		
Cou	rse Code: MVJ21AI741	CIE Marks:100		
Credits: L:T:P:S:3:0:0:0		SEE Marks: 100		
Ho	ırs: 40L	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs		
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students will be a	ble to		
1	Understand the two dimensional graphics and their transformations			
2	Gain knowledge about graphics hardware devices and software used.			
3	Appreciate illumination and color models.			
4	Understand the three dimensional graphics and the	heir transformations.		
5	Be familiar with understand clipping techniques.			

UNIT-I			
Survey of computer graphics, Overview of graphics systems - Video display devices,	8 Hrs		
Raster scan systems, Random scan systems, Graphics monitors and Workstations, Input			
devices, Hard copy Devices, Graphics Software; Output primitives - points and lines, line			
drawing algorithms, loading the frame buffer, line function; circle and ellipse generating			
algorithms; Pixel addressing and object geometry, filled area primitives.			
UNIT-II			
Two dimensional geometric transformations - Matrix representations and homogeneous	8 Hrs		
coordinates, composite transformations; Two dimensional viewing - viewing pipeline,			
viewing coordinate reference frame; widow-to-viewport coordinate transformation, Two			
dimensional viewing functions; clipping operations - point, line, and polygon clipping			
algorithms.			
UNIT-III	<u> </u>		
Three dimensional concepts; Three dimensional object representations - Polygon	8 Hrs		
surfaces- Polygon tables- Plane equations - Polygon meshes; Curved Lines and surfaces,			
Quadratic surfaces; Blobby objects; Spline representations - Bezier curves and surfaces -			
B-Spline curves and surfaces.			
TRANSFORMATION AND VIEWING: Three dimensional geometric and modeling			
transformations - Translation, Rotation, Scaling, composite transformations; Three			
dimensional viewing - viewing pipeline, viewing coordinates, Projections, Clipping;			
Visible surface detection methods			
UNIT-IV	<u> </u>		

UNIT-IV

Light sources - basic illumination models - halftone patterns and dithering techniques;	8Hrs	
Properties of light - Standard primaries and chromaticity diagram; Intuitive colour		
concepts - RGB colour model - YIQ colour model - CMY colour model - HSV colour		
model – HLS colour model; Colour selection.		
UNIT-V		
Design of Animation sequences - animation function - raster animation - key frame	8Hrs	
systems – motion specification –morphing – tweening.		
<b>COMPUTER GRAPHICS REALISM:</b> Tiling the plane – Recursively defined curves –		
Koch curves - C curves - Dragons - space filling curves - fractals - Grammar based		
models – fractals – turtle graphics – ray tracing.		

Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to		
CO1	Design two dimensional graphics	
CO2	Apply two dimensional transformations.	
CO3	Design three dimensional graphics.	
CO4	Apply three dimensional transformations.	
CO5	Design animation sequences.	

Refe	Reference Books				
1.	John F. Hughes, Andries Van Dam, Morgan Mc Guire ,David F. Sklar , James D. Foley, Steven				
	K. Feiner and Kurt Akeley ,"Computer Graphics: Principles and Practice", , 3rd Edition,				
	Addison- Wesley Professional, 2013. (UNIT I, II, III, IV)				
2.	Donald Hearn and Pauline Baker M, "Computer Graphics", Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2007				
	(UNIT V).				
3.	Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker, Warren Carithers,"Computer Graphics With Open GL", 4th				
	Edition, Pearson Education, 2010.				
4.	Hill F S Jr., "Computer Graphics", Maxwell Macmillan", 1990.				

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

# **Theory for 50 Marks**

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each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

#### **Semester End Examination (SEE):**

#### Total marks: 50+50=100

SEE for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO Mapping											
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1											
CO2	1		2	2			1			2	2	
CO3	1							2	2	2	1	
CO4	1	2				2						2

	Semest	er: VII				
	Open Ele	ective III				
	INTRODUCTION TO HUMAN	COMPUTER INTERACTION				
Cour	se Code:MVJ21AI742	CIE Marks:100				
Cred	its: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0	SEE Marks: 100				
Hour	s: 40L+26T	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs				
Cour	se Learning Objectives: The students will b	e able to				
1	Learn the foundations of Human Computer Interaction.					
2	Be familiar with the design technologies for individuals and persons with disabilities.					
3	Be aware of mobile HCI.					
4	Learn the guidelines for user interface.					
5	Learn the foundations of Human Computer Interaction.					

#### UNIT-I

 FOUNDATIONS OF HCI : The Human: I/O channels – Memory – Reasoning and problem
 8 Hrs

 solving; The computer: Devices – Memory – processing and networks; Interaction: Models –
 frameworks – Ergonomics – styles – elements – interactivity- Paradigms.

#### Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WW1g3UT2zww

#### UNIT-II

**DESIGN & SOFTWARE PROCESS** : Interactive Design basics – process – scenarios – **8 Hrs** navigation – screen design – Iteration and prototyping. HCI in software process – software life cycle – usability engineering – Prototyping in practice – design rationale. Design rules – principles, standards, guidelines, rules. Evaluation Techniques – Universal Design.

#### Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dNgK8CXzMSw

#### UNIT-III

**MODELS& THEORIES:** HCI Models: Cognitive models: Socio-Organizational issues and **8 Hrs** stakeholder requirements –Communication and collaboration models-Hypertext, Multimedia and WWW.

Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=axKhU701LxU			
UNIT-IV			
MOBILE HCI: Mobile Ecosystem: Platforms, Application frameworks- Types of Mobile	8 Hrs		
Applications: Widgets, Applications, Games- Mobile Information Architecture, Mobile 2.0,			
Mobile Design: Elements of Mobile Design, Tools Case Studies			
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):			
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o5bPWsfYkQo			
UNIT-V			
WEB INTERFACE DESIGN: Designing Web Interfaces – Drag & Drop, Direct Selection,	8 Hrs		
Contextual Tools, Overlays, Inlays and Virtual Pages, Process Flow – Case Studies.			
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):			
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QJ9ygdD2sIY			

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to							
CO1	Design effective dialog for HCI.							
CO2	Design effective HCI for individuals and persons with disabilities.							
CO3	Assess the importance of user feedback.							
CO4	Explain the HCI implications for designing multimedia/ ecommerce/ e-learning Web sites.							
CO5	Develop meaningful user interface.							

Ref	erence Books
1.	Alan Dix, Janet Finlay, Gregory Abowd, Russell Beale, —Human Computer Interaction, 3rd
	Edition, Pearson Education, 2004 (UNIT I, II & III)
2.	Brian Fling, —Mobile Design and Development, First Edition, O'Reilly Media Inc., 2009 (UNIT
	– IV)
3.	Bill Scott and Theresa Neil, —Designing Web Interfaces, First Edition, O'Reilly, 2009. (UNIT-
	V)

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

#### Theory for 50 Marks

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#### **Semester End Examination (SEE):**

#### Total marks: 50+50=100

**SEE** for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
CO3	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
CO4	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
CO5	3	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-

	Semester: `	VII			
	Open Electiv	ve III			
	MOBILE APPLICATION	DEVELOPMENT			
Cour	se Code:MVJ21AI743	CIE Marks:100			
Cred	its: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0	SEE Marks: 100			
Hour	rs: 40L+26T	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs			
Cour	se Learning Objectives: The students will be al	ole to			
1	Demonstrate their understanding of the fundation	amentals of Android operating systems			
2	Demonstrate their skills of using Android software development tools				
	Demonstrate their ability to develop software	with reasonable complexity on mobile			
3	platform				
4	Demonstrate their understanding of the funda	amentals of Android operating systems			

# UNIT-I Introduction to Android Operating System: Android OS design and Features – Android 8 Hrs development framework, SDK features, Installing and running applications on Eclipse 9 platform, Creating AVDs, Types of Android applications, Best practices in Android 9 programming, Android tools. Android application components – Android Manifest file, 10 Externalizing resources like values, themes, layouts, Menus etc, Android Application 11 Lifecycle – Activities, Activity lifecycle, activity states, monitoring state changes 12 Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any): 13

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=deq8mkt cxQ

#### UNIT-II

Android User Interface: Measurements – Device and pixel density independent measuring<br/>units Layouts – Linear, Relative, Grid and Table Layouts User Interface (UI) Components –<br/>Editable and non editable Text Views, Buttons, Radio and Toggle Buttons, Checkboxes,<br/>Spinners, Dialog and pickers Event Handling – Handling clicks or changes of various UI<br/>components Fragments – Creating fragments, Lifecycle of fragments, Fragment states,<br/>Adding fragments to Activity, adding, removing and replacing fragments with fragment<br/>transactions, interfacing between fragments and Activities, Multi-screen Activities8 HrsApplications: Design a Simple Calculator AppVideo link / Additional online information (related to module if any):1

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PJ3RdfJ4Np8

UNIT-III

Intents and Broadcasts: Intent – Using intents to launch Activities, Explicitly starting new	8 Hrs
Activity, Implicit Intents, Passing data to Intents, Getting results from Activities, Native	
Actions, using Intent to dial a number or to send SMS Broadcast Receivers - Using Intent	
filters to service implicit Intents, Resolving Intent filters, finding and using Intents received	
within an Activity Notifications – Creating and Displaying notifications, Displaying Toast.	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106147/	
UNIT-IV	1
Persistent Storage: Files – Using application specific folders and files, creating files, reading	8 Hrs
data from files, listing contents of a directory Shared Preferences - Creating shared	
preferences, saving and retrieving data using Shared Preference Database - Introduction to	
SQLite database, creating and opening a database, creating tables, inserting retrieving and	
deleting data, Registering Content Providers, Using content Providers (insert, delete, retrieve	
and update)	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
http://developer.android.com/develop/index.htm	
UNIT-V	1
Advanced Topics: Alarms – Creating and using alarms Using Internet Resources –	8 Hrs
Connecting to internet resource, using download manager Location Based Services - Finding	
Current Location and showing location on the Map, updating location	
Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):	
https://www.codeschool.com/learn/ios	

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to						
CO1 Understand the fundamentals of Android operating systems							
CO2	Understand various layouts and designing UI.						
CO3	Understand major Android components intents, broadcasting and notifications.						
CO4	Understand basic concepts of SQLite database.						
CO5	Understand how to utilize Location based services.						

Ref	erence Books
1.	Charlie Collins, Michael Galpin and Matthias Kappler, "Android in Practice", DreamTech, 2012
2.	David Mark, Jack Nutting, Jeff LaMarche and Frederic Olsson, "Beginning iOS 6 Development:
	Exploring the iOS SDK", Apress, 2013.
3.	Google Developer Training, "Android Developer Fundamentals Course - Concept Reference",
	Google Developer Training Team, 2017.

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

#### **Theory for 50 Marks**

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

#### Semester End Examination (SEE):

#### Total marks: 50+50=100

**SEE** for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

	CO-PO/PSO Mapping													
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	-
CO2	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-
CO3	3	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	1	-
CO4	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	2	2	2	-	3	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	2	3	2	-	3	1	-

	Semester	: VII		
	Open Elect	ive III		
	QUANTUM CO	OMPUTING		
Course Code:MVJ21AI744 CIE Marks:100				
Credits: L:T:P:S:3:1:0:0 SEE Marks: 100				
Hours: 40L+26T SEE Duration: 3 Hrs				
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students will be	able to		
1	To understand the building blocks of a quantum	ı computer.		
To understand the principles, quantum information and limitation of quantum operatio				
2	formalizing			
3 To understand the quantum error and its correction.				

UNIT-I	

0111-1	
FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS: Global Perspectives, Quantum Bits, Quantum Computation,	8 Hrs
Quantum Algorithms, Quantum Information, Postulates of Quantum Mechanisms.	ĺ
Video Links : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3yoyVCAQH4M	ĺ
UNIT-II	1
QUANTUM COMPUTATION : Quantum Circuits – Quantum algorithms, Single Orbit	8 Hrs
operations, Control Operations, Measurement, Universal Quantum Gates, Simulation of	ĺ
Quantum Systems, Quantum Fourier transform, Phase estimation, Applications, Quantum search	ĺ
algorithms - Quantum counting - Speeding up the solution of NP - complete problems -	ĺ
Quantum Search for an unstructured database.	ĺ
Video Links: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OlatlIaqPj8	Í
UNIT-III	1
QUANTUM COMPUTERS : Guiding Principles, Conditions for Quantum Computation,	8 Hrs
Harmonic Oscillator Quantum Computer, Optical Photon Quantum Computer - Optical cavity	Í
Quantum electrodynamics, Ion traps, Nuclear Magnetic resonance.	Í
Video Links: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Nq4YZtINNAQ	ĺ
UNIT-IV	
QUANTUM INFORMATIONS: Quantum noise and Quantum Operations - Classical Noise	8 Hrs
and Markov Processes, Quantum Operations, Examples of Quantum noise and Quantum	Í
Operations - Applications of Quantum operations, Limitations of the Quantum operations	ĺ
formalism, Distance Measures for Quantum information.	Í
Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115/101/115101092/	ĺ
UNIT-V	
QUANTUM ERROR CORRECTION : Introduction, Shor code, Theory of Quantum Error -	8 Hrs
Correction, Constructing Quantum Codes, Stabilizer codes, Fault - Tolerant Quantum	
Computation, Entropy and information - Shannon Entropy, Basic properties of Entropy, Von	
Neumann, Strong Sub Additivity, Data Compression, Entanglement as a physical resource.	
Video Linka https://www.digimatin/notal/acurace/video/115101002/L22 html	1

Video Links:https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/115101092/L23.html

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to					
CO1	Define and explain basic concepts in Quantum computing.					
CO2	Demonstrate applications of Quantum computing.					
CO3	Explain principles in the design of Quantum Computers					

CO4	Discuss applications and limitations of Quantum operations
CO5	Explain theory and concepts in Quantum error correction.

#### **Reference Books**

1.	Micheal A. Nielsen and Issac L. Chiang, "Quantum Computation and Quantum Information",
	Cambridge University Press, Fint South Asian Edition, 2002
2.	Bennett C.H., Bernstein E., Brassard G., Vazirani U., The strengths and weaknesses of quantum
	computation. SIAM Journal on Computing.
3.	Mika Hiravensalo, "Quantum computing" II edition, ACM computing classification, Springer-
	2004

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

#### Theory for 50 Marks

CIE is executed by way of quizzes (Q), tests (T) and assignments. A minimum of three quizzes are conducted along with tests. Test portion is evaluated for 50 marks and quiz is evaluated for 10 marks. Faculty may adopt innovative methods for conducting quizzes effectively. The number of quizzes may be more than three (conduct additional quizzes and take best three). The three tests are conducted for 50 marks each and the average of all the tests are calculated for 50. The marks for the assignments are 20 (2 assignments for 10 marks each). The marks obtained in test, quiz and assignment are added to get marks out of 100 and report CIE for 50 marks.

#### Semester End Examination (SEE):

#### Total marks: 50+50=100

**SEE** for 50 marks is executed by means of an examination. The Question paper for each course contains two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Part - A consists of objective type questions for 20 marks covering the entire syllabus. Part - B Students have to answer five questions, one from each unit for 16 marks adding up to 80 marks. Each main question may have a maximum of three sub divisions. Each unit will have internal choice in which both questions cover entire unit having same complexity in terms of COs and Bloom's taxonomy level.

						CO-P	O/PSO	Mapp	ing					
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	1

	Semester: VII							
	<b>PROJECT PHASE – 1</b>							
	(Theory)							
Cou	rse Code: MVJ21AIPR75	CIE Marks:100						
Crea	dits: L:T:P:S:3:0:0:0	SEE Marks: 100						
Hou	rs: 40L	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs						
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students will be able	to						
1	To support independent learning.							
2	2 To develop interactive, communication, organization, time management, and presentation skills.							
3	3 To impart flexibility and adaptability							
4	To expand intellectual capacity, credibility, judgment, intuition.							
5	To train students to present the topic of project work in a seminar without any fear, face audience confidently, enhance communication skill, involve in group discussion to present and exchange ideas							

Project Work Phase - I Each student of the project batch shall involve in carrying out the project work jointly in constant consultation with internal guide, co-guide, and external guide and prepare the project report as per the norms avoiding plagiarism.

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to							
CO1	Describe the project and be able to defend it.							
CO2	Learn to use modern tools and techniques							
CO3	Develop skills to work in a team to achieve common goal. Develop skills of project management and finance.							
CO4	Develop skills of self-learning, evaluate their learning and take appropriate actions to improve it.							
CO5	Prepare them for life-long learning to face the challenges and support the technological changes to meet the societal needs.							

#### **Scheme of Evaluation**

Internal Marks: The Internal marks (50 marks) evaluation shall be based on Phase wise completion of the project work, Project report, Presentation and Demonstration of the actual/model/prototype of the project.

#### CIE Marks Breakup for Major Project during VII Semester :

Relevance of the Topic	10 Marks
Report	20 Marks
Evaluation by Guide	25 Marks
Presentation	30 Marks
Viva- Voce	15 Marks
Total	100 Marks

	CO-PO Mapping											
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2

### **VIII SEMESTER**

	Sem	nester: VIII							
	PROJECT PHASE – 2								
~	1	Theory)							
	rse Code: MVJ21AIP81	CIE Marks:100							
	dits: L:T:P:S:3:0:0:0	SEE Marks: 100							
	rs: 40L	SEE Duration: 3 Hrs							
Cou	rse Learning Objectives: The students w	rill be able to							
1	To support independent learning								
2		nization, time management, and presentation skills							
3	To impart flexibility and adaptability.								
4	To inspire independent and team working.								
5	To expand intellectual capacity, credibility, judgment, intuition.								
6	To adhere to punctuality, setting and meeting deadlines.								
7	To instill responsibilities to oneself and o	others							
	To train students to present the topic of	of project work in a seminar without any fear, face							
8	audience confidently, enhance communio	cation skill, involve in group discussion to present and							
	exchange ideas.								

#### **Project Work Phase - II:**

Each student of the project batch shall involve in carrying out the project work jointly in constant consultation with internal guide, co-guide, and external guide and prepare the project report as per the norms avoiding plagiarism.

Cours	se Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Describe the project and be able to defend it. Develop critical thinking and problem solving
	skills
CO2	Learn to use modern tools and techniques. Communicate effectively and to present ideas
	clearly and coherently both in written and oral forms.
CO3	Develop skills to work in a team to achieve common goal. Develop skills of project
	management and finance.
CO4	Develop skills of self-learning, evaluate their learning and take appropriate actions to improve
	it.
CO5	Prepare them for life-long learning to face the challenges and support the technological
	changes to meet the societal needs.

#### Scheme of Evaluation :

Internal Marks: The Internal marks (50 marks) evaluation shall be based on Phase wise completion of the project work, Project report, Presentation and Demonstration of the actual/model/prototype of the project.

Semester End Examination: SEE marks for the project (50 marks) shall be based on Project report, Presentation and Demonstration of the actual/model/prototype of the project, as per the norms by the examiners appointed

#### CIE Marks Breakup for Major Project during VIII Semester :

Seminar on Project and Demonstration	20 Marks
Report	10 Marks
Evaluation by Guide	15 Marks
Co-curricular Activities	05 Marks
Total	50 Marks

#### Breakup for SEE Marks for Major Project

Project Report , Presentation, Demonstration and Quality of Work	30 Marks
Viva- Voce	25 Marks
Total	50 Marks

	CO-PO Mapping											
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2

	Semeste INTER	NSHIP					
C	(The						
	e Code: MVJ21AIINT82	CIE Marks:100					
Credit	Credits: L:T:P:S:3:0:0:0 SEE Marks						
Hours	ours: 40L SEE Duration: 3 Hrs						
Course	e Learning Objectives: The students will b	e able to					
1	To get the field exposure and experience						
2	To apply the theoretical concept in field application						
3	To prepare the comparison statement of differ	rence activities					

#### Internship:

This shall be carried out by students in industry set-up related to the laboratories/research organizations/project management consulting firms/QS and QA organizations/ planning and design offices/Professional organizations and other avenues related to the computer science and engineering domain in consultation and approval of internship guide/HOD /internship committees of the institutions

Cour	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to									
CO1	Develop skills to work in a team to achieve common goal. Develop skills of project									
	management and finance.									
CO2	Develop skills of self-learning, evaluate their learning and take appropriate actions to improve									
	it.									
CO3	Prepare them for life-long learning to face the challenges and support the technological changes									
	to meet the societal needs.									

#### Scheme of Evaluation :

Marks: The marks (100 marks) evaluation shall be based on final presentation of the activities undertaken during the internship, to a panel comprising internship guide, a senior faculty from the department and head of the department. Each student should submit the internship report at the end of semester with internship certificate.

Semester End Examination: Viva-Voce examination shall be conducted by a panel of examiners consisting of internship supervisor, a senior faculty from the department and head of the department.

#### Marks Breakup for Industry Training Evaluation:

Evaluation	Evaluation by the supervisor under whom the training was carried out								
Evaluation	Evaluation by								
i)	Relevance of the Industrial Internship								
ii)	Report	25 Marks							
iii)	iii) Evaluation 40 Marks								
	Total								

	CO-PO Mapping											
CO/PO	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2

## Semester: VIII TECHNICAL SEMINAR Course Code: MVJ21AIS83 CIE Marks:100 Credits: L:T:P:S:3:0:0:0 SEE Marks: 100 Hours: 40L SEE Marks: 100 Hours: 40L SEE Duration: 3 Hrs Course Learning Objectives: The students will be able to To inculcate self-learning, face audience confidently, enhance communication skill, involve in 1 time in the student still time in the still

group discussion and present and exchange ideas.

#### Seminar:

Each student, under the guidance of a Faculty, is required to choose, preferably, a recent topic of his/her interest relevant to the course of specialization. Carryout literature survey; organize the Course topics in a systematic order.

- Conduct literature survey in the domain area to find appropriate topic.
- Prepare the synopsis report with own sentences in a standard format.
- Learn to use MS word, MS power point, MS equation and Drawing tools or any such facilities in the preparation of report and presentation.
- Present the seminar topic orally and/or through power point slides.
- Communicate effectively to answer the queries and involve in debate/discussion.

The participants shall take part in discussion to foster friendly and stimulating environment in which the students are motivated to reach high standards and become self-confident

Cours	Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to									
CO1	Develop knowledge in the field of Computer Science and Engineering and other disciplines									
	through independent learning and collaborative study.									
CO2	Identify and discuss the current, real-time issues and challenges in engineering & technology.									
	Develop written and oral communication skills									
CO3	Explore concepts in larger diverse social and academic contexts.									
CO4	Apply principles of ethics and respect in interaction with others.									
CO5	Develop the skills to enable life-long learning									

#### Scheme of Evaluation :

Marks: The marks (100 marks) evaluation shall be based on final presentation, to a panel comprising seminar guide, a senior faculty from the department and head of the department. Each student should submit the Seminar report at the end of semester.

Semester End Examination: Viva-Voce examination shall be conducted by a panel of examiners consisting of seminar supervisor, a senior faculty from the department and head of the department.

#### Marks Breakup for Seminar :

Relevance of the Topic	10 Marks
Report	20 Marks
Presentation	50 Marks
Viva- Voce	20 Marks
Total	100 Marks

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2